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WATCHING AND WAITING.

WRITTEN FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER.
BY "ORSEE."

Silently, longingly watching and waiting
For the ship that is out on the sea;
In fancy I see her, with wings spread, sailing,
Freighted with treasure for me.

Yearningly, wearily watching and waiting,
'Tis time that the ship hove in sight;
It's very slow time she is making this trip,
And soons, very soon, 'twill be night.

'Tis now nearly over, this watching and waiting,
Her sails I shall soon surely see;
The time she has lost was, no doubt, in freighting,
For she has a rich store for me.

When I am no longer watching and waiting
For the ship that is out on the sea;
When the vessel's in port and quietly lying,
O, God! make me thankful to Thee.

THE TEMPTED SISTERS.

BY THE AUTHOR OF "NORA," "SHE WOULD BE AN ACTRESS," &c., &c.

CHAPTER XII.—CONTINUED.

"Oh, no harm will come to me; I will go with you. Never fear; my footsteps will be as light as yours," and he drew from his pocket a pair of list slippers, which he hastily put on.

The two slipped from their hiding place and stood hesitating for a moment which way to go.

"They are gone to Reardon," quietly said Gilbert.

William looked at him in astonishment. The assertion was made as if the speaker was perfectly sure of what he said.

"How do you know that, sir?" he asked.

Gilbert felt at a loss what to say. He was certain in his own mind that Lannay's appearance was connected in some way with Blanche de Cressey, and that it boded evil to her; but it would not do to tell William that, so he merely said that he fancied he heard them speak of it.

The man made no comment, and they proceeded in silence. They took a circuitous route towards Reardon, without seeing or hearing anything suspicious, and, after about ten minutes walking, emerged from the wood a second time on the verge of Miss de Cressey's estate, but this time at the back of the mansion and about half a mile distant from it.

It was a bit of park ground, which had been left in its natural state, and was very romantic, being rocky and picturesque. A small stream, the boundary of this part of the estate, ran between two walls of rock, which seemed to have been split by some earthquake, and fell over a low ledge into a natural basin of great beauty. Gilbert and the keeper climbed to the top of the rock which overhung the stream. Nothing was to be seen as far as their eyes could penetrate, and they were about to retrace their steps when a long, shrill whistle was heard at a distance.

"That's for me, sir," said William. "There's work for me yonder."

"I will remain here," Gilbert answered, "and watch a little while."

"Don't you go running into danger now," returned the man. "You'd better come along with me."

"I'll follow you very soon," said Gilbert, who felt strangely reluctant to quit his place of observation.

"Very well, then, if you will stay," replied William; and, bidding him a hearty good night, he walked rapidly away.

Gilbert stood for a minute or two when the keeper had left him, looking round him at the singular beauty of the scene. The little streamlet at his feet leaped and glistened like a thing of life, and the dark rocks, with their fringe-like flowers and weeds, contrasted well with the flood of light which poured upon the whole. He had descended a step or two towards the water when he fancied he heard a slight sound. He listened. Yes, there were footsteps—two steps, and he raised his head and looked over the edge of the miniature precipice. The steps came rapidly nearer, and as the light fell upon the advancing figures Gilbert recognized Lannay and his companion. He resolved to follow them, come what might, and he crouched down till they should be gone by. To his surprise, however, they came within a few paces of him, and then stopped. He waited a moment or two, and then, distinctly hearing the sound of their voices, he raised his head and looked over the edge. The two were seated just below him, and he found that by getting a little nearer he should be able to hear their conversation. The hat of the smaller and slighter of the two was pushed back from his face, and he recognized the man who was introduced to him by Lannay, at Hugh de Cressey's, as Mons. Auguste Delapierre.

"A pretty pair of scoundrels," said he to himself; and, cautiously drawing himself into the shadow of the rock, he listened intently.

"It's no use," he heard Lannay say; "we must wait."

"No," the other replied, "it is no use. This cursed moonlight is as bright as day."

"Never mind," returned Lannay. "We shall be abroad soon enough; the moon is going down. If I were only sure those fellows did not see us."

"Oh, they didn't see us," retorted Gustave, for it was he.

"They were in full chase after some imaginary poachers; besides, if they did, what then? They will never recognize the two foreign sailors they once passed in a wood, in the middle of the night, as the elegant gentlemen who will shortly appear to produce the new heiress of Reardon."

Gilbert started at the words. What new scheme of villainy could be afoot now? and he almost held his breath in his anxiety not to lose a word.

"You have managed the job very well," Lannay said, "if you only act your part half as well."

"Oh, never fear me!" said Gustave. "It won't be the first time I have played the lawyer. I shall be an old one this time, so that no one will be able to say they have seen me before. *Sacra bleu!* I will look as solemn as the ghost of Noah's great-grand-father, if that venerable personage ever had such a relative. I don't see how your scheme is to work though."

"Bah!" exclaimed Lannay with a contemptuous accent. "You are very useful, Gustave, but you are just a leetle thick headed. Haven't you (with the greatest skill, allow me to remark) drawn up a will bequeathing to this very eligible property to Blanche de Cressey and her heirs (you see I knew the terms) on one condition, namely, that she never, in any way, assists her father. Now, I consider that quite a right-eous clause, for I know that worthy to be one of the greatest scoundrels that ever went unhung."

"Yes, yes, I know all that," Gustave replied; "but then—"

"Don't interrupt," said Lannay, "and you will be enlightened. In the event of this injunction having no effect—and it I know Blanche de Cressey it will not—the property will go to the next nearest relation—a distant cousin, who is young, pretty and unmarried."

"How did you find all this out?" said Gustave; "and what is it to you?"

"One question at a time, my dear fellow," replied his companion. "I found it out from the fair Blanche herself, some time ago, and as all information may be useful some time, I made a mental note of the fact. As to your last question, my most estimable friend, it will be of the greatest use to me, for I mean to marry the young lady."

Gustave laughed.

"You will go a step too far some of these days," he said. "The laws relating to bigamy are very strict in England, and you might by chance fall into the hands of the Philistines. I know I should not like to try it on with such a devil as your wife."

Lannay looked at him with a peculiar expression on his face.

"I don't intend to be a bigamist," he said, coolly.

"What do you mean?" exclaimed Gustave. "Your wife——"

"There is no such person," returned Lannay, with his old look of sneering mockery. "I am at this moment a disconsolate widower."

"What do you mean?" again asked his companion. "What has happened to Pauline?" He looked at Lannay as he spoke, and, hardened as he was, he shuddered at the fiendish expression on his face.

Gilbert, too, saw the look, and never on any human countenance had he witnessed aught like it. What was he about to hear? The moon had waned considerably, and the shadows were deeper, so that he could approach nearer without being seen. He drew as close as possible, and Gustave continued:—

"You never have——"

"Stop, my dear fellow, you are very imprudent," Lannay interposed. "Think what you like; but don't use ugly words. Madame Lannay was an obstacle to my advancement, and it was necessary she should be got rid of."

"Oh, monster!" ejaculated Gustave, "she never harmed you."

"My dear friend," Lannay returned, "you will never get on in the world. Did I not tell you not to use ugly words? I see you are all curiosity, and I will tell you how it was. The moon is not down enough yet to cross the park."

"Go on," Gustave said; for Lannay spoke truly; he was all curiosity to hear the story.

He was physically a coward, and looked up to and admired Lannay, as men of weak minds always do those stronger than themselves, whether in good or evil. He drew closer to him and Lannay continued:—

"You know I traced my precious father-in-law and his daughter to Antwerp. I followed them after a few months, when I could get away with safety. I thought something might be done in the old way of business, you know, but I found the old man was getting foolish, and had taken to low courses altogether; tossing for shillings in low cabarets and all that sort of game. *Parbleu!* fancy me at that. I got hold of him once and made him crying drunk, and then I got out of him where and how he lived. It seemed my model wife was earning her living again and did'nt allow him more than she could help, and when I wanted him to come out he sniveled and said Pauline wouldn't let him. I should have gone to their lodgings and established myself, but I made a discovery that was rather unpleasant."

"What was that?" said Gustave. "Surely your wife——"

"No—no, nothing of that sort," Lannay replied. "If there had been I would have wrung her neck with as little compunction as I would drown a blind puppy. Oh dear, no! Madame Lannay was spoken of as a very dragon of virtue. No, I found out that——"

"What?" asked Gustave.

"Something I'll tell you another time, my boy," was the reply.

Gustave felt that he was foiled; of Lannay's private history he knew nothing, and he hoped he was about to find something out. He said nothing, however, and Lannay went on:—

"I thought I might as well be a sharer in my wife's earnings, for she looked as if she earned enough. She was always well dressed, for I took care to see her often, though she never saw me; and I was getting seedy, so I waited my opportunity. I found she had taken a pious whim into her head and attended the church of St. Jacques with most exemplary regularity. I watched her in one evening, and when she came out I followed her; she did not go straight home, but made direct for the river. When I came up to her she was standing under the trees which edge the promenade (you know the place), talking to a woman who I knew was her landlady, and who, for a cerain reason of my own, I did not want to meet. I got near enough to hear their conversation, and gathered that they were out watching for the old man, who was in an *estaminet* at the corner of the quay. My wife dismissed the woman with a whispered something I could not hear, and paced slowly along under the trees alone. Now was my time—I confronted her. I knew her fiery nature and expected a scene. Nothing of the kind; she received me as coolly as if we had only parted the day before. She neither screamed nor fainted, but looked me full in the face and said:—'So you are come at last! I have been expecting you a long time.' I was so taken aback that I did not look in her face, and I was just going to try the tender *role*. 'My dearest Pauline,' I said, and I was just going to embrace her when she reared herself up like an empress and put out her hands. 'Stand back, felon!—murderer!' she said. By heaven! I have never seen her look so handsome. I hardly know what I said to her, but I soon found she knew all. I said I would seize the child and everything she possessed, and she declared that if I did, regardless of her name, she would denounce her husband. I threatened to kill her. She said I might, but she would have her revenge first. She had raised the devil in me, and I don't know how it happened, but I knocked her down. She got up with her face all bleeding, and with those devilish eyes of hers she dazed me. She could not speak, and——"

"Go on," said Gustave.

"And for the rest go and ask the waters of the Scheldt," Lannay replied. "They tell no tales."

CHAPTER XIII.

THE STORY CONCLUDED—THE SECOND LISTENER—THE GIPSY CAMP—THE OATH—THE RETURN—THE SURPRISE—THE STRUGGLE—THE MURDER.

Gilbert felt his heart sicken and his brain reel as he listened to the horrible story, told with such cold hearted callousness by Hubert Lannay.

"Poor Pauline!" he murmured, at rest at last! Hers was so life of pleasure, and with all her faults she was a faithful daughter; too faithful, if such can be, to a father like hers. Does Blanche know of all this, I wonder?"

The sound of Lannay's voice, again addressing his companion, interrupted his musings, and he leaned forward as near to him as possible, to lose no word of a narrative so terribly interesting to him.

"Of course there was a hue and cry raised," Lannay went on, "and all Antwerp was ringing with the mysterious disappearance of the popular teacher of English, but nobody knew me, or had ever seen us together, so no one suspected me, and I left the city the next night."

"Why, the old man was a fool," returned Gustave, "not to think of you in connection with her loss."

"You're right, he was a fool," Lannay said with a laugh; "but, luckily for me, he never went home all night, and when he did get there he was so crying drunk that he never troubled himself to ask for her."

"And have you never heard, never asked any more about her?" inquired Gustave.

"My dear fellow," Lannay replied, "when any unpleasant piece of business is over it is the best and easiest way to banish it entirely from the mind. Memory is all very well in its way, but many things occur in one's lifetime that are best forgotten."

"You have a long head, Lannay," Gustave said, with a half sigh, as if he regretted he had not the wisdom of his companion; "but how you set about your work with such coolness puzzles me. Now, I can manage any sort of business you please, from genteelly extracting a gentleman's pocket handkerchief to signing a check for a thousand pounds; but murder—bah! I never killed a mouse without feeling uncomfortable."

"Keep to your own line of business, then, and leave the more abstruse arts to more capable hands," was Lannay's reply. "I knew you were a coward, Gustave, but I did not think you were quite such a fool. As I observed before, you will never get on in the world."

"Oh, that's all very well, but you would not get on much without me just now," Gustave answered, rather sulkily, "but keep a civil tongue in your head, can't you?"

"Oh, nonsense; I did not mean to offend you. Drop it and let us get away."

They rose as he spoke, but, seeing that the moon still shone upon the Reardon Park, Lannay said:—

"It's no use yet; we never could cross that grass without being seen; we must wait a bit."

"Confound it," said Gustave, "I am getting hungry."

"My good fellow, there should be no such things as hunger and thirst in business. Be a little more of a philosopher."

"Oh, hang it!" grumbled the other; "philosophy is all very well in its way, but when a fellow——"

He stopped suddenly, for a sound near them, like the breaking of a branch, interrupted him, and they both started to their feet. Gilbert, too, heard the noise and raised his head. From his elevated position he could distinctly see the figure of a man not many paces from where Lannay and his companion had been sitting. He could see that he was tall, and in appearance like a gipsy, but it was too dark to distinguish his features.

He evidently was watching for something, and did not wish to be seen. He did not see Gilbert, but appeared to be listening to the other two, who, from their position among the rocks, could not see him. Gilbert wondered who it could be, and how he came there, for he judged from his attitude and manner that he had been there some time.

In his eagerness to get nearer to the speakers he had pushed against the rotten branch of a tree, which had given way with a loud snap, and attracted their attention. The man, whoever he was, was evidently used to night expeditions, for when the branch fell, instead of retreating and making more noise, he stood as motionless as a statue, and thus avoided observation.

The silence was profound for a minute or two, neither of the anxious listeners knowing of the presence of the other. It lasted but a few minutes, however, for the two re-seated themselves, Lannay remarking:—

"If I had heard that noise in a French forest I should have said it was a wolf, but there are no wolves in these enlightened parts except two legged ones, and there are plenty of them."

He little thought he was speaking within hearing of one who was practised in imitating every animal of the forest. The man smiled to himself.

"I'll be a wolf in your path yet," he said.

"I wish we were back in France again," Gustave said. "We picked up a better living there, somehow."

"Yes, we did, but at greater risk," Lannay replied; "we were never sure of the *gendarmes* there—they were so terribly inquisitive. Now your English policeman is a man of the world, and never asks a gentleman any impertinent questions. You may render him deaf, dumb and blind by the touch of a sovereign."

"That's very true," Gustave answered. "We ought to know, for we've tried it often enough; but if we get into a mess this time no policeman can help us out of it."

"We shan't get into any mess, croaker," Lannay returned. "The thing is as clear as daylight. Miss Blanche de Cressey forfeits her property through not complying with the injunctions of her uncle's will; we have nothing to do with that. It is as the suitor of the next heiress I mean to shine; the only point I am undecided about is whether I shall marry her before or after the production of the will."

"Oh, before, by all means," Gustave said, "and then you will be sure of her."

"Yes," Lannay replied, "I have thought of all that. But suppose, as you observed before, we should come to grief in this business; it would be very inconvenient for me to be tied to a wife without a farthing; so I think, on deliberation, I will do the courting first and have the wedding afterwards."

"A capital plan," exclaimed Gustave. "But where is the future Madame Lannay to be found?"

"Oh, she is at present occupying an obscure lodging in one of the suburbs of London, and she follows the noble profession of a dressmaker. It is rather a descent for me; but no one will ask any questions as to the antecedents of the recognized heiress of Reardon."

"What is her name?" asked Gustave.

"Emily Hatherton," was the answer. "She is the daughter of a cousin of old Hilton's, and, except her father, the nearest relation that Blanche de Cressey has in the world. Oh, it will be a glorious revenge! I will make her feel she had better have made a friend than an enemy of Hubert Lannay."

The concealed listener among the trees marked these words, and, bending a look of intense hatred upon the speaker, muttered to himself:—

"No harm shall come to Blanche de Cressey while Pharos and his tribe are to the fore. By the tent of my forefathers, I will spoil your night's work for you!"

He turned noiselessly away as he spoke and carefully made his way to the park. He glanced at the open space still lit by the moon, and saying:—

"I have a good half hour. They won't stir while there's a ray of light," he ran rapidly across the grass, and, springing lightly over a sunk fence at the other side, he soon gained some fields, which he crossed with the speed and lightness of a hare.

He was a tall, powerful fellow, and his dark skin and eastern looking face plainly spoke his gipsy origin. He was well known in the country round for a daring, unscrupulous man, and feared accordingly; and many acts of theft and violence were laid to Pharos the gipsy, of which he was as innocent as the youngest born of his tribe; and the knowledge of this injustice made him feel like Ishmael:—"His hand was against every man and every man's hand against him."

There was one soft spot in his rugged heart, however, and that was an almost idolatrous admiration for Blanche. Only a few months before, and since his tribe had settled down on her estate, he had lost his only children, two fine boys, by the upsetting of a raft, which they had constructed for fishing.

True, they were poaching:—"Serve them right," said the world; "they were only gipsies." They were none the less his children; he was none the less a father; and his proud heart was wrung with bitter anguish as he gazed upon his lifeless boys. His wife was a drooping, delicate woman, of Spanish extraction, whose sensitive frame could ill brook the exposure to the damp and cold of English winters.

The loss of her sons, whom she loved with all the ardor of her southern nature, proved her death blow; and it was beside her dying bed that Pharos first saw the young heiress. He was at first inclined to think her visit an intrusion, for gipsies are very exclusive, and do not welcome any intruders into their domains; but when he saw how the young girl's visits cheered his poor wife he changed his mind, and soon came to look upon her as an angel of goodness and beauty.

Indeed the tribe were all of the same opinion, and there was not a man among them but would have done anything to serve the mistress of Reardon.

Pharos thought of all this as he sped on towards the camp; he remembered her as she sat beside his grief-stricken wife. Her hands had closed his Zilla's eyes; and from her came the snowy white robes in which she was borne to her last resting place, and which were the pride and boast of the whole tribe.

They had all sworn over the grave of the wife of their departed chief to serve Blanche de Cressey in any way and every way; and now there was an opportunity for their services. His plan was hastily formed; his principal aim was to obtain possession of the will, which he felt sure was about the person of one of them; but he had seen pistols in Lanny's belt, and he felt sure they would both be well armed.

"If I throw my life away," he reasoned, "I cannot serve her, and fire-arms are ugly things to deal with. We must surprise them."

By this time he was within sight of the camp; all was still; with the exception of one solitary figure stretched on the ground beside the watch fire, not a creature was to be seen. With hasty steps Pharos bounded towards the tents, and, lightly touching the recumbent figure, said:—

"Up, Berthold! there's work for us."

The sleeper sprang up and stood beside him; he was a slight, handsome lad, of about nineteen or twenty years of age, lithe and active as a cat.

"Mischief is threatened at Reardon," Pharos went on, "we must stop it."

"Mischief at Reardon!" exclaimed the young man; "has any harm happened to her?"

"None as yet, but we may prevent much," replied Pharos. "We must be at the rocks at the edge of the park by the time the moon sets, and that won't be long first I take it. There's no time to be lost. Rouse them!"

Berthold went rapidly from tent to tent, and in a very few moments four men stood beside Pharos and himself. A powerful dog of the retriever species came as quietly as the rest, and laid his nose lovingly on the hand of his master.

"Not to-night, Nep. Go to bed again," said Pharos, and the obedient animal returned to his lair.

In hasty whispers the men were made acquainted with the object of the expedition, which was to surprise Lannay and his companion, disarm them, and get the will. In anything further they were to be guided by circumstances. They all heard, and silently acquiesced, and were preparing to set forth, when the curtains of the tent of Pharos were thrown open, and an old woman appeared in the doorway.

That she was the mother of the chief would have been apparent to even a stranger's eye, so strong was the likeness between them. She was evidently of a great age, for her hair was snowy white, and contrasted strangely with the tawny skin and coal black eyes which gleamed from under her crimson head covering.

"Where go ye, my children?" she asked.

"To save the white dove from the hawk, mother," was the figurative reply of her son. "Evil is abroad in the woods to-night, and the peace of the house of Reardon is threatened."

"Danger to Reardon!" exclaimed the old woman; "from whence?"

"From one you wot well of," was the answer; "from the Gascon wolf whose hands bring mischief where'er he steps—from the man who calls himself Hubert Lannay."

"From him!" shrieked the old woman; "then evil threatens indeed. Pharos, my son, I call upon you, in the name of her who sleeps 'neath yonder mound, to save from harm the gentle soother of her dying hours. Not for her race, which I hate—the Zingara of the forest has nought in common with the pale-faced dwellers in cities—but for herself. There was no scorn of the gipsy in her—we were to her human, like herself; and my curses on ye!" she continued, throwing up her arms—"my curses on you if one touch of harm that you can prevent fall on her fair young head!"

The men bent their heads in silence, and the old woman went on:—

"Swear before you go, on yonder mound, to be faithful and true to your purpose; and if by any chance you fail to-night, swear, with uplifted hands and firm hearts, never to rest till your work be done—till the evil which threatens Blanche de Cressey be averted, and Reardon be again at peace."

The men moved quietly towards the little mound, and there, with uplifted hands, took the required oath. It was a singular scene; the waning moon lit up the stalwart forms of the men and gave to their dark faces a peculiar look, while the red light of the fire shone full upon the old woman, who, with the noble dog by her side, stood a few paces from the group.

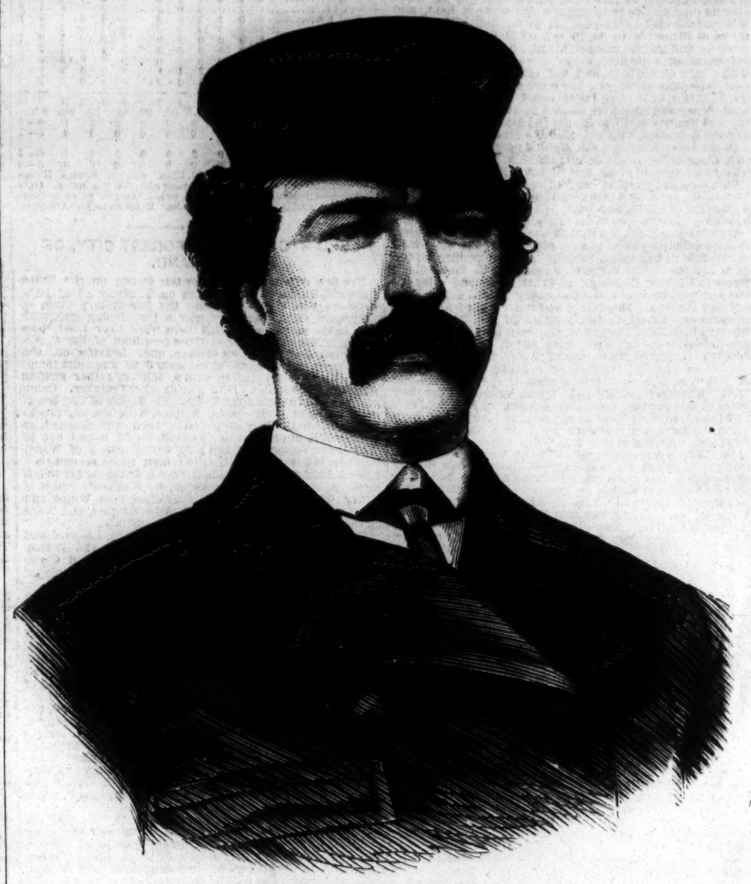
The deep voices of the men, as they solemnly uttered the words, "We swear it," sounded strange and hollow in the deep silence.

"Are you satisfied, mother?" asked Pharos.

"Quite, my son," was the answer, "and now go and take with you a mother's blessing."

TO BE CONTINUED.

A THOUGHT AT A DOG SHOW.—To award the prizes in the terrier classes must be anything but a sinecure. Have not the judges to take "the rough" with "the smooth?"



THOMAS ALLEN,

JAMES MACE,

PRINCIPALS IN THE CONTEST FOR THE CHAMPIONSHIP OF AMERICA.

BELT PRESENTED TO JAMES MACE BY HIS NEW YORK FRIENDS.

For Description see Ring Department.

THE GREAT BATTLE

BETWEEN

Jim Mace,

EX-CHAMPION OF ENGLAND,

AND

Tom Allen,

CHAMPION OF AMERICA,

FOR THE

AMERICAN CHAMPIONSHIP

AND $2,500 A SIDE.

Fought near New Orleans, May 10th.

MACE AN EASY WINNER.

The sensation match between those famed knights of the fistic circle, Jim Mace, formerly Champion of England, and Tom Allen, the recognized Champion of America, which for months past has constituted the main event on the pugilistic calendar and been looked forward to with universal interest, was consummated at a point near Kennerville, St. Charles Parish, La., on Tuesday, May 10th, and, after a model mill, terminated in the victory of the "accomplished Jim." Full particulars, from our special correspondent on the ground, will be found below, commencing with a

HISTORY OF THE MEN.

JAMES MACE was born at Beeston, near Swaffham, in Norfolk, Eng., in April, 1831, and, therefore, attained his 39th birthday last month. His height is as near as possible 5 feet 8½ inches without his shoes. Long before he thought seriously of becoming a candidate for honors within the orthodox enclosure he was an attendant at race courses, fairs, etc., where he gave the provincials an insight into the mysteries of "stop, job and get away," he having, by constant attendance at boxing exhibitions, and instruction from able professors, aided by a natural aptitude for the art, become very proficient in the use of his hands. The first regular encounter in which Jim figured was with one Slack, of Norwich, where Mace was also raised. It took place at Middenhall, Oct. 2, 1855, and proved a very slack affair indeed, Jim winning in 9 rounds, occupying 19 minutes. The stakes were a "fiver" a side, and Mace scaled but 140 lbs. An interval of two years was now allowed to elapse before our hero again shied his castor in the ring, his antagonist being Bill Thorpe, of London. They fought at a spot down the Medway, Feb. 17th, 1857, for £25 a side, Jim performing to a lively tune on his opponent's anatomy for the space of 27 minutes, during which 18 rounds were contested. The peculiar feature of this meeting was, that it was looked upon as a "sure thing" for the Londoner, and the manner in which Mace peppered him, especially in the last round, when he administered a settler which sent Thorpe nearly across the ring, produced consternation among the latter's friends, who had invested heavily at good odds. The fine execution of Mace in this battle made him any number of admirers in the metropolis, and pleased "Ould Nat" Langham so much that he took him in hand and introduced him to his Corinthian patrons. Anxious to see him perform again, under his own management, Nat made a match for him against Mike Madden, then regarded as somewhat stale. Everything went on all under the "the day of battle when Mace refused to fight holder, alleging that he was "standing" money in the stakeden, and so the latter received the stakes. Although Jim greatly disappointed his friends by this piece of conduct, he found supporters among his fellow townsmen of Norwich, who backed him in £15 to fight Madden, but Mace again forfeited, on May 10th, 1858, giving as a reason therefor that the money was not worth fighting for. Although no man could have done more than Jim to bring himself into disgrace, still his good fortune did not entirely abandon him, but in time he managed to persuade his provincial friends that his failure to meet Mike was attributable to a far different cause than to lack of courage, and they consented to allow him one more opportunity of redeeming himself. He was matched with the then "great gun" of Brummagem, Bob Brettle, for £100 a side, at 142 lbs., and they met on September 21st, 1858, on the banks of the Medway, when Mace was "put to sleep" after fighting two rounds, which lasted only three minutes. The quick defeat of Mace, although he was knocked out of time, caused his reputation to sink in the estimation both of his townsmen at Norwich and his newly-made friends in metropolitan circles, and there was every likelihood of his being on the shelf for some time. Bob Brettle, however, having invited his defeated antagonist to Birmingham, got him up a rattling benefit, and found him friends, who matched him against the undefeated Posh Price, of Birmingham, (then the "hero" of about a dozen fights), for £50 a side.

The contest took place at Aldershot, in the London circuit, Jan. 25th, 1859, and the game bit of "Brummagem ware" had not the remotest chance, for so quickly did Mace get all over him that he was compelled to strike his flag after battling seventeen minutes, during which time eleven rounds were fought, Price having the misfortune to break his arm. This contest, in which he displayed such fine milling qualities, may be considered the turning point in Jim's career, though no one imagined that he was yet destined to reach the highest niche in the temple of fistic fame. He was next matched against the redoubtable Bob Travers, the Black, for £100 a side, and they "slugged" each other, "down the river," Feb. 21st and 22d, 1860, Bob, who was out-fought at all points, not having the slightest chance, the tactics and generalship displayed by the Norwich man being greatly admired. On the first day the men fought six rounds in twenty-one minutes, when the police put a stop to the sport. On the following day 57 rounds were contested in 91 minutes, Bob finally going down without a blow, in order to bring matters to a close, and Mace being awarded the victory. The total number of rounds fought was 63, and the aggregate time 1 hour and 52 minutes. Mace was now reinstated in the good opinion he had forfeited by his previous mistakes, and, having a host of friends, looked round for a fresh customer in the magic arena, but could not meet any one sufficiently "hardy" to contend against his skill, &c., until his old opponent, Bob Brettle, made a match with him, at 146lbs., for £200 a side. They met Sept. 19th, 1860, at Wallingford road, when, after fighting six rounds, in 12 min., the police arrived in strong numbers and stopped the mill. The authorities, determined upon "intervention," dispersed their emissaries all over the country, with the view of stopping all further fun. The referee ordered the men to meet the next day, when, after a trip by rail and a jaunt by steamer to Vanlet Creek, Mace proved victorious in five rounds, which lasted only 7 min., making a total of 11 rounds and 19 minutes. This victory over his former opponent placed Mace in the position of champion of middleweights, and such skill had he unquestionably manifested in the use of his mawleys that he was admitted to be one of the best two-handed fighters that ever entered the ring. The east end division had backed him for this encounter, and three successive victories had done much to dissipate the bad opinion previously entertained of Jim.

He was regarded as the coming man, and after Sam Hurst's easy triumph over Tom Paddock for the championship, Mace threw down the gauntlet to the gigantic champion. After some sparring in print, a match was at length made on Dec. 14th, and articles entered into to fight in six months for £300 a side and the Champion's belt. The actual date was not fixed upon, so, in consequence of Sam Hurst having broken his leg, the stakeholder was called upon to fulfil his office and name the day, which was accordingly done, and the latest day possible, June 18th, 1861, was fixed. Jim Mace was a trifle under 154 pounds when he entered the ring, which was pitched on the Isle of Grain, in the Medway. Hurst was over 210 pounds. Mace won in 8 rounds, and 40 minutes. The gallant Sam looked a perfect giant compared with his opponent, yet so infinitely superior was Mace in science that "the infant" stood not the merest shadow of a chance to win, being, in fact, nothing more than a chopping block, and receiving terrible punishment. Mace had now attained to the topmost round in the ladder and realized, what had been considered a mere piece of braggadocia, his intention of becoming Champion of England. He now his intention of becoming Champion of England. He now became mine host of the "Old King John," Shoreditch, and as he increased in popularity so did his circumstances become better.

The easy victory of Jim Mace over the burly Sam Hurst was not, after a short time, considered anything extraordinary, beyond the fact of a clever middle-weight beating a big one, and bulky antagonist, whose great size an over grown and bulky antagonist, whose great size alone would militate against his chance with an agile competitor. This, coupled with the accident to his leg, in the eyes of the detractors of Mace and some of the upper ten, was the cause of their looking out for and finding another competitor in the person of the youthful and stalwart Tom King, whose defeat of Tommy Truckle, of Portsmouth, had raised hopes that he was "good enough"—as he was big enough—to be the veritable champion of England. That he was considered good enough to make a match for the championship and £300 a side was evident from Old Nat staking £50 for an engagement with Mace. On July 16th Mr. Richardson, for Mace, and Tom King met at the office of the Ring stakeholder, and signed articles to fight for £300 a side and the belt, according to the new rules of the P. R., in the last week in January, 1861, and

Continued on Page 63.

NEW YORK CLIPPER.

SATURDAY, MAY 21, 1870.

To Correspondents.

LIBERTY, Baltimore, Md.—1. The name you mention does not appear in Flatbush.—2. We are probably thinking of E. Tinsley (the author), who is a resident of Brooklyn, E. D. Davis and Chas. Davis was beaten by Hughes and Bell, each of the draws with Henry Caton and Davis. 3. Geo. Seago beat Jas. Brasser, Young Langan, Bill Lecky, Deaf Burke, Tom Paddock, Bill Peaslee, Ned Smith, C. Martin, Lin. Jackson, Tom Cox, C. Skelton, Tom Borton, Bill Mason, Bill Winterflood and the Bingham Champion, and was beaten by Count Goul, Sendigo going down without a throw.

DRAW POKER, New York.—1. Only the party holding the age can pass and come in again. 2. A blind must be seen before drawing cards. 3. A straight counts, beating two fours. 4. A straight flush, unless specially agreed upon, only counts as a simple straight. 5. Yes. 6. A card exposed in dealing cannot be taken by the player to whom it was dealt, but must be placed at the bottom of the pack; if exposed in drawing, the player cannot return it, but must retain it. 7. It is a double-header, in case of a misdeal. 8. You can bet after having seen your cards and before drawing. 9. The American Hoyle.

SUBSCRIBER, Millbury, Mass.—1. Tom Hyer was born in New York, Jan. 1st, 1819, and fought at 185lbs. 2. He defeated John McClester, otherCountry McCluskey, and Yankee Sullivan, those being his only fights in the ring. Tom Sayers and Dan Collins fought on Oct. 23d, 1850, but darkness coming on compelled an adjournment. They were to have fought on Dec. 10th, same year, in the same ring with Sheafe and Cross, but were prevented by the same thing. They met again, April 29th, 1851, when Sayers won in 44 rounds, 1 hour 24 minutes. 3. No.

J. W. H., Washington, D. C.—Davis was wrong for taking the money from the stakeholder, but the stakeholder still remains responsible, as he had no business to let Davis do so. If the evidence was clear to the stakeholder that the game was "sold," he should have returned each man his money; but if the evidence was the other way, or insufficient to prove a "sell," he should have handed all the money to the winners. By this ruling the stakeholder is still bound; Davis' conduct to the contrary notwithstanding.

D. K., Allstown.—Hoyle knew nothing about euchre, and it was not until an American edition of his book was published that any rules on the game appeared in "Hoyle." You cannot play a lone hand when another player has made or taken the responsibility of the trump, the privilege belonging to the latter. We have frequently expressed the opinion that no player can go alone when a partner assists, unless it is mutually agreed to do so before commencing the game.

CHILLICOTHE.—1. At the close of the last round a free fight occurred between the seconds, in which Sullivan took part. While it continued "time" was called, to which Morrissey responded, but Sullivan paid no attention, and considerable more than the usual eight seconds grace having been allowed, the referee gave the fight to Morrissey. 2. Heenan damaged two of his knuckles by striking a stake in the first round.

SANS SOUCH Baldon, Spa.—1. Goldie is still in the Union Club, but whether he will play or not we cannot say. 2. Cummings is rapidly taking rank as the successor of Creighton. He is now equal to any. 3. For "no superior," read "few equals" in the report of the Mutual and Oriental match last week. 4. Galvin is on the Excelsior list. 5. McBride is at the head of the list of professional pitchers of the swift delivery class.

MUSEUM.—You lose, the fact of the result being known in this city at the time the bet was made not affecting it in any way. You were unwise in making a wager at such a time and must take the consequences. You are in error in supposing that a different ruling takes place in England under such circumstances.

TWO UP.—The reason why three points cannot be taken for thirty-one and last card, at cribbage, the same as for fifteen and last card, is simply because the rules do not admit of it, and you know that rules established cannot be set aside. We see no other reason why it shouldn't be, however, as they appear to us to be parallel cases.

PRINCE, Rondesdale.—1. It depends altogether on "whose concern it is, as some charge three times as much as others. Three thousand dollars is about the average for the season. 2. A small minstrel or variety show is what it consists of. 3. You could organize such a party for about $100 a week salary.

LITTLE PERCY, Memphis, Tenn.—Base ball clubs not belonging to the National Association have no rights that those who do are bound to respect, and any club not being in the Association or in any way connected with the National Association, cannot claim the protection of its rules.

R. F., West Philadelphia, Pa.—1. As the injury to Sayers' arm happened in the 5th round, the bet should be drawn. 2. As the bet was made on the day succeeding that upon which the fight took place, it holds good. 3. P. should have made allowance for A. D. being "treated" at that late date.

J. B., Cincinnati.—A person betting on four aces wins, although it is a certainty. The California rule is pure humbug. Betting on four kings is equally a certainty in the absence of the aces, but it would be foolishness on a bet. A man betting on a certainty wins, provided no fraud is employed.

S. W. McA., San Antonia, Texas.—No. 3 and No. 196, who each threw 46, must throw their tie off to decide which of the two is entitled to the clock, and the lowest takes the second prize. The expression, "First highest throw to take the clock," means simply the highest or best throw.

H. H. Fort Union, West Va.—Nos. 12 and 23, having tied with throws of 44 each, in the throw off No. 23, who threw 39, takes the gold watch and No. 12, who threw 34, the silver watch; No. 18, who threw 40 on the raffle, has no claim to the second prize.

J. B. J., New York.—The fact of ownership of slaves, before the rebellion, only entitled each owner to one vote; but the basis of state representation was founded on the number of slaves owned in the state.

LANGLEY, Boston.—1. The troupe will not visit your city this summer. 2. We are not advised as to that lady's future movements. 3. One hundred and fifty dollars a week. 4. He will not visit your city again this summer.

R. V., Lowell, Mass.—By shooting at one bird Sugden waives all objections which he may have previously had to any of the conditions, and by his refusal to continue the match he forfeits the stakes.

K. P. S., Chicago.—We decline replying to any more of the class of queries you send us. It is a matter of no benefit to the fraternity as to what our opinion or that of "any other man" is in regard to the status or playing strength of this or that player.

J. E. E., Phila.—In only seven two points are for the euchre. According to the strict game, only the party taking up, ordering up, or making the trump can play alone, and neither of his opponents can play alone against him.

W. M. R., Newport, Ky.—1. Sayers and Mace were never opponents in the ring. 2. Tom Ryan and Johnny Handley were to have fought at Ludlow, Ky., for $100, May 30th, 1859, but Ryan failed to appear and H. got the stakes.

ANDY, Baltimore.—1. She will undoubtedly appear at some future time in your city, but we cannot say how soon. 2. Her mother was connected with the stage in San Francisco. 3. She resides in Mott Haven, near this city, when she is not acting.

L. J., Boston.—Not having seen the lady perform we cannot speak of her abilities. 2. We dot know his right name. 3. The salary you mention is very small for a performer of merit.

CHAS., Rockdale.—We prefer the Rockwoods most decidedly. 2. From 6lbs 4oz to 5lbs 8oz. 3. They are not. 4. John Mulholland, 122 Mott street, New York.

POOR MAN.—It is incumbent upon him to make his bind good, but after doing so he is entitled to a show for what money he has, if he is out-betted.

F. H., Washington, D. C.—1. Ethan Allen's best time, single, is 2:23. 2. Dexter's time is the fastest on record, viz., one mile, in harness, in 2:17½. 3. No horse has trotted a mile in 2:10 in public.

D. V., Knightstown, Ind.—No census having been taken in 1868 or since, we are unable to answer precisely. The present population, however, is about 1,000,000.

SPANISH BOY, Clarksville.—1. The Hague street fire took place the 4th of February, 1859. 2. Hyer and Sullivan fought on the 7th of February, 1849. 3. The Astor Place riot occurred May 15th, 1849.

H. R. S., Portsmouth, N. H.—Communications should reach us not later than Monday at noon to be inserted in this week's issue; earlier, if possible.

W. G. M., Moline, Ill.—1. He was arrested upon that charge. 2. He made a similar statement, but it was at the "Opera" saloon, Fourteenth street, and not Lafayette Hall.

AN ADMIRER OF THE MANLY ART.—1. Mace is the most finished and effective. 2. Sayers could not compare with him in science. 3. We think so.

BOY HARRY, Cuba, Ill.—1. He should have shown the charge upon demand of his opponent's umpire, and by refusing to do so he forfeits the match. 2. It was so stated in the bond.

STRANGER, St. Louis.—I gave out with his toe before. He hit a foul game. It must make a shadow still to win.

C. O. HATSELL, P. O. Box 105, Newport, Ohio.—The *National Chronicle* is published by C. R. Byram, No. 67 Temple place, Boston; terms, $3 a year.

P. C., Salem, N. Y.—The strain referred to generally runs dark and light in dis. The originals were sent from England to Judge Grant, of Davenport, Ia., by a gentleman whose *nom de plume* was "Connor."

C. D. D., Philadelphia, Pa.—Joe Coburn has not fought in the ring since his battle with McCoole, May 5, 1863. We cannot answer correspondents by mail.

R. N. F.—Mr. James Merry, the owner of Thormanby, Macgregor, etc., was also the owner of Dundee when he ran second to Kettledrum for the Derby of 1861.

J. A. C., Philadelphia.—C must show his hand to the board, so as to disprove any appearance or charge of collusion with any of the players.

W. H. S., Sterling, Ill.—Mace never fought Sayers, though we believe money was staked twice for a match between them, Mace receiving forfeit once and consenting to a draw the other time.

CHEEK AYRE, East Boston Mass.—Canal street, N. Y., commences at East Broadway, crosses the Bowery, and ends in West street.

W. A. T.—1. Johnny is at present in Memphis, Tenn. 2. J. Mortimer Murdoch is in England. 3. Sam Collyer. 4. Anna is traveling through the West.

G. H., West Troy.—There being only two cards in the box, you must pay the call of ace deuce, one for one. It is the dealer's business to look out that the pack is complete. You lose the $50 bet.

E. H., Louisville.—The drama was first produced in this country at the Walnut Street Theatre, Philadelphia, and has never been played in any other city in this country.

J. R., Allegheny City, Pa.—Always glad to keep posted, but please remember that "brevity is the soul of wit."

ANTHONY INQUIRER, Boston, Mass.—Heenan and Sayers fought on the 17th of April, 1860.

SPARTACUS, Washington, D. C.—Neither of them. Heenan struck a stake in the first round of his fight with Morrissey, injuring two of his knuckles.

WESTERLY.—Major General.

PAT MALLOY, Harrisburg, Pa.—To be "out of time" a man must be unable to go to the scratch at the call of "time."

WHITEHORSE, Piqua, Ohio.—If loser the bet and wager. He must take the rinse on fairly and without cutting them.

OLD ROCKS, New York.—1. The player next to and on the left of the dealer leads. 2. Two points. 3. Two points only for the march.

CONSTANT READER, Philadelphia.—Lady Thorn's best time in a public race was 2:18½, at Narragansett Park, last fall.

W., Peoria.—B is entitled to a show for the $4, all the money he has got, and A cannot take back his $8.

DRAW POKER.—The non-player leaving the age compels the dealer to chip before he can claim the pool.

JAS. A. CALLAHAN.—Yes, frequently. We cannot call to mind just now how many, but certainly three times.

G. W. B., Boston.—We cannot give you a definite answer, but our opinion is that the *Tribune* is ahead.

CAMBRIA CITY.—Mace did defeat Bob Brettle, and was beaten by him.

ROVER.—O'Baldwin defeated Marsden in 11 rounds, 18 minutes, and Geo. Isle in 3 rounds and 50 minutes.

W. H. H., Ludlow, Vt.—Heenan fought twice in England—once with Tom Sayers and once with Tom King.

THOS. M., Cincinnati, O.—We cannot insert your challenge unless you send a deposit to show its genuineness.

RADDY, Washington, D. C.—As you do not send your name, we cannot insert the communication.

8TH WARD PUGILIST, New Haven, Ct.—1. Heenan never whipped Morrissey. 2. Morrissey defeated Sullivan.

E. A. C., Woonsocket, R. I.—Mace defeated Hurst. They fought once only.

D. J. D.—He would be a citizen; it is not necessary for him to take out naturalization papers.

R. & S.—You must procure a United States license for each State you intend performing in, as well as the city licence.

SPORR, Brandon, Vermont.—We shall publish their programme as soon as it is issued. They will get here about June 20th.

F. L. W., Chatham, N. Y.—Your communication came too late for us to make the addition. Thanks for your attention.

AMATEUR, Cincinnati, O.—Thank you, but we already have a correspondent in your city.

H. B., Germantown, Pa.—A scores the Jack as soon as it is turned, and retains the deal also.

SCROGGINS, South Boston, Mass.—Joe Goss was born at Northampton and raised in Wolverhampton.

S. S. N., Dunkirk N. Y.—Morrissey and Sullivan fought at Boston Four Corners, Oct. 12, 1853.

TIPTON, Washington, D. C.—Felix Larkin was murdered during an affray which occurred in a saloon in this city—Nov. 25, 1858.

J. M. S., Little Falls.—Thomas Warhurst is Blind Tom's agent, and a letter sent to this office will reach him.

PAT, Middletown.—He is traveling through the west. A letter sent to our care will reach him.

HARRY, Chicago.—We can send you a copy of a Hall Guide for $2.

VIRGINIA, Norfolk.—M. Hartz, 748 Broadway, this city, can supply you.

SHAKESPEARE, Boston.—You can purchase them of W. C. Wemyss, No. 3 Astor place, this city.

MICKY, Haverhill.—Watch our circus summary for the route ahead of the concern.

J. S. N., Chicago.—The player on the left of the dealer invariably has the lead, and not the party making the trump.

NEWS DEALER, Trenton, N. J.—1. Yes, providing no fraud has been used to induce a bet. 2. Mace is the most scientific. 3. Yes.

SPARTUS, Philadelphia, Pa.—1. Heenan and King fought, as opponents, once only. 2. Read our report in this issue.

W. H. E., Philadelphia, Pa.—We cannot refer you to any one in your city.

FRANK L., Cincinnati, O.—Coburn and McCoole's last match was for $5,000 a side and the championship.

GRACCA.—You must call at the office and leave a deposit if you wish your letter forwarded.

J. Y. L., Boston.—1. It is not necessary to apply anything to the face to keep a bleeding up. 2. It is a business secret.

READER, Watsontown.—Address a letter to L. W. Searey, 684 Broadway, this city.

J. H.—Charles Fowler was born in Hanway Yard, Oxford street, London, England.

W. H. E., Grand Rapids, Mich.—1. He used to fight at 154 lbs. 2. See our report of the fight. 3. Mace is.

CONSTANT READER, Cincinnati.—Mace and Allen never fought as opponents prior to May 18th.

J. S., St. Louis, Mo.—No, it was a different man altogether.

KING, of South Hoosick.—Mrs. Kelly is alive.

BUCKSHOT, Buffalo, N. Y.—Bob Smith, of Liverpool, who beat Tom and Harry Allen, never fought Patsy Reardon in the ring.

CONSTANT READER, Nashville.—We thank you, but already have a correspondent in your city, and do not need a traveling writer.

W. A. D., Baltimore.—Received, all regular, and one, if not all, will be used.

HUDDLETOWN.—The report of the Heenan and Sayers fight will be published next week's CLIPPER.

J. W. S., Akron.—Send it to the Boston Theatre, Boston, where she is to be up to May 28th.

CHARLESTON, Boston, Ill.—We do not need one at present.

J. H., Cincinnati.—Yes.

THE CHICAGO BOY.—Larkin's fastest time was 2:45¾.

J. A. S., Norwich.—1. Your time came too late for us to make the addition. Thanks for your attention.

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J. A. S., Norwich.—1. Your time came too late for us to make the addition. Thanks for your attention.

P. J. A., Rochester.—Will look it over.

T. R., Newville, Pa.—It is an old story and one not entitled to credit.

ALLEGHENY.—Kane has fought thirteen battles and Allen twelve.

C. D., North Easton.—He was born in 1826.

READER.—Mr. B. is entitled to the money, and the bank must pay.

J. S., Springfield, Mass.—Do not know—ask him.

H. F., Boston, Mass.—Cannot send a copy of that number.

WARLAND, Mo.—Price of the Royal Mews, Windsor—Weasel, Burke England, April 27 aged 76.

WELL, Chicago.—connected with Wallack's Theatre, New York.

YOUNG, Jr.—Elder brother of President Brigham Young, Governor of the State at Kirtland, Portage county, Ohio, and Salt Lake City, Utah, April 27th, aged 79.

Squibs and Things.

— Not long since one of our papers said:—"The bride was dressed in tulle, trimmed with large bushes of orange blossoms, and a tulle veil fastened by a wreath of oranges on her head." Rather a hefty wreath.

— It does seem as if manufacturing poetry could sometimes be made to pay; Finstans:—Bryant is worth $500,000; Longfellow, $200,000; Holmes, $100,000; Saxe, $70,000; Lowell, $40,000, and Whittier, $30,000.

— "Family clubs, where gentlemen go with their wives and daughters, are getting popular in Paris." "Club" ting parties among "gentlemen" and their "wives" have long been common in New York.

— Scientific men have recently discovered that the poison taken into the system from continual smoking of tobacco will cause death in one hundred and sixty-seven years. So look out, smokers.

— It is a strange circumstance that two of the principal London papers, in referring to Cambridge's victory in the late University boat race, should use the same language—"at last the spell is broken."

— The latest case of absent mindedness is that of a French lecturer who "remembered" he had "forgotten" his watch and pulled out the identical "ticker" to see if he had time to go back for it.

— One of our dailies advises Bro. Smythe to attach himself to the press, because then "he can take as much medicine as he pleases," and he would not be "kicked out for making 'sensations.'"

— A Hackensack Judge called an editor of the same town a puppy; the man of letters retaliated by calling the man of law a thief. How compliments are passed when "gentlemen" meet.

— A gentleman of Hartford, Conn., has lately patented "elongated pad plates and adjustible elastic bands, for securing the features of deceased persons in their natural positions."

— Any one may shuffle off this mortal coil for twenty cents in Pittsburgh, where whiskey is retailed at ten cents a glass, and two glasses have seldom been known to fail.

— The remains of a mastodon are said to have been found near Tecumseh, Mich. Quite a number of remains have been exhumed since the Cardiff Giant was dug up.

— Newport people are hard to please. A family residing there lately rejected the tea biscuit because it was flavored with spirits of turpentine instead of essence of lemon.

— A New York physician offers $1,000 for authentic records of a case of death from a broken heart. Won't there be some hearts broken to get that thousand?

— A man in England lately was single, married and widowed within an hour, his wife falling dead shortly after the marriage ceremony was performed.

— A lady at Gloucester, Mass., who had company, sweetened the tea with Epsom salts instead of sugar, and in about an hour the party broke up in a hurry.

— It is stated that D'Israeli was offered $50,000 for "Lothario," his new novel, and that $20,000 was offered for the privilege of publishing it in a periodical.

— A father and his son lately married a mother and her daughter in this city—and, stranger still, the son married the mother and the father the daughter.

— "The die is cast—we must part"—was the poetical language lately used by an incensed female, as she threw a bottle of hair renewer at her husband.

— Victor Hugo, it is said, is about to marry a very beautiful young lady of Brussels, who is worth 100,000 guilders. Gilders generally improve the gloss.

— More than a million and a half of Frenchmen voted against the Empire, and nearly seven and a quarter millions in favor of it.

— A horse in Holden, Mo., is so poor that his owner has to tie a rail to his tail to keep his body from slipping through the collar.

— "Glasspudin" men have had a painful harvest in Philadelphia during the past week, all owing to the great hail storm of the 5th.

— The Prince of Orange is said to be engaged to Princess Louisa of England. He is almost as fast and as gay as the Prince of Wales.

— About 6,000 pounds of strawberries are daily sold in the San Francisco markets, at from ten to fifteen cents a pound.

— The trotting horse Prince, owned by Mr. Glading, died in Philadelphia on the 10th inst. of congestion of the brain.

— Pottsville, Pa., enjoys the credit of being the abiding place of a woman who has been on a drunk for thirty-five years.

— James Curran, jr., has been elected Chief and James A. Geayer Assistant Engineer of the Hoboken Fire Department.

— The sixteenth anniversary of the Five Points House of Industry was celebrated at Steinway Hall on the 9th of May.

— The Delaware and Hudson Canal has been "dammed." About eighty tons of loose rock slid into it on the 8th of May.

— The United States Commissioner of Mining Statistics estimates the value of our gold crop for 1869 at $63,500,000.

— Philadelphia has contributed more than ten thousand dollars to the sufferers by the late Richmond disaster.

— Millo, a Russian surgeon, has invented an electric lantern for examining the interior of the human body.

— The sale of opium is said to be largely increased in New England, where the Maine law is enforced.

— Two deaf mutes, who have never heard a sermon, are among the recent converts at Stockton, N. J.

— The first "shilling edition" of Shakespeare's works, it is said, put $20,000 in the publishers' pocket.

— A statue of Franklin, to be presented to the press and printers of New York, is proposed to increase the pay of members of the Brooklyn Fire Department.

— Charlestown, Mass., is about erecting a $20,000 monument to her dead soldiers.

— Violets fried in butter and sugar is a favorite dish with Parisian *gourmets*.

— Secretary Boutwell expects to fund $12,000,000 of the public debt this month.

— Work has been commenced at Pier 29 for the East river bridge abutments.

— The last one of Commodore Perry's men died in Erie, Pa., on the 9th of May.

— The Hon. Nell Bryant is spoken of as the Tammany nominee for Coroner.

— During April there were fifty-four fires in this city; loss, $210,000.

— There were 2,523 deaths in Boston last year, 961 from consumption.

— There are eight Indian students in Kansas College.

PEDESTRIANISM.

CLEAR THE TRACK.

BIG CHALLENGE FROM THE "CLEVELAND BOY" TO DAVIS, FORBES OR ANYBODY ELSE.

We have given publicity to several defiant blasts from the backers of the "Cleveland Boy," Young Harris, to none of which has there been any response save by John Forbes, of Canada, who stated that, as soon as the challengers would leave a deposit at this office to attest the genuiness of their *dep't*, he would take steps to ensure them a match. A fifty dollar treasury note was promptly forwarded by the challenging party, due notice of which fact was made in our succeeding issue, but, though several weeks have elapsed, nothing further has been heard from across the the border, which leads us to infer that Forbes has reconsidered his intention. Tired of waiting for word from this or some other quarter, John Walker, who represents Harris, sends us the following bold challenge, the terms in which it is couched, as likewise the money now on deposit, giving evidence that he is earnest in what he says. It will be noted that he leaves it open to acceptance by anybody breathing, and prefers that E. D. Davis or George Forbes, the respective 100 and 150 yards champions, should pick up the gauntlet. This should certainly have the effect of bringing about a match, and if all our runners allow it to pass unheeded it will be greatly to their discredit. Who will made good his pretensions by coming forward and testing the ability of this prodigy? Surely there is at least one among the number sufficiently spirited to risk his reputation in such an encounter. Will Davis allow such an opportunity to get on for big money to slip? Read the challenge:—

MIDDLETOWN, N. J., May 11, 1870.

FRANK QUEEN.—SIR.—You will please publish the following in your next issue and oblige me:—I wish to show you and the sporting fraternity that I mean business and can find money—that I don't want any put up jobs, and won't have them. I mean to make all three weeks from to-day—one to water, which I will do with the young boy James Norris. Now, I would say to Mr. Forbes, of Woodstock, Ontario, that he ought to come to a show with his "sugar," and as Paterson is, perhaps, a little too far from his home, and as Cleveland is too far off, I will make it to run in Buffalo, which will be more convenient for Forbes, I will make it to run there, seventy-five yards, for $500, or $1,000 a side, moving scratch start, for the championship of Canada—the title which they all like to run for. Perry, Fisher, Adsetts or Young can have the same race, and I will match "the Boy" to run E. D. Davis, the so-called champion 100 yards pedestrian of the country, Wharton, Kendrick, Richardson or Johnson, to run 100 yards, same start and same amount, to run at Buffalo. Now, let us hear from Davis. He can have it for $2,000, and sufficient time to train. The $50 now in your hands to be retained as a forfeit for either of them, Forbes or Davis preferred. I want to go against the champions. Let them put up or never say run again. I will make good the $250 the day of signing articles, the balance to be put up the week before the race. I remain, respectfully, JOHN WALKER, of Paterson, N. J.

SPORT AT LAWRENCE, MASS.—A considerable number of persons gathered at the Riding Park, Lawrence, Mass., on the 7th inst., the attraction being the concluding heats of J. Carrie's Novice, handicap, foot race, distance 125 yards, first prize $15, second $5, third $2. The last heat was the most exciting race of the day. Five ran, and it was won in fine style by H. Daw, first, 24 yards start; A. Bradbury, second, 20 yards start; and W. Davies, third, 25 yards start, the other two coming up to very close quarters. The runners and spectators seemed to enjoy the sport hugely. On the 9th inst. one of the most exciting races that ever took place there was witnessed by a goodly number of spectators. It was for a purse of $50, between James Simpson and A. Bradbury (J. Currie's Novice, 17 years old), distance 120 yards. They got off with an even start and ran shoulder to shoulder the whole of the distance Simpson being of larger build than Bradbury, he touched the tape first. Had they been of equal size it would have been impossible to tell who won. However, Bradbury received from his admirers ample proof that they were satisfied he had done well.

SEVENTY YARDS RACE.—A large number of persons gathered at the Abby track, about two miles from Kansas City, on May 4th, to witness a race between J. Ruff, of Peoila, and Henry Norris, from Ohio, for a purse of $80 a side, distance 70 yards. The latter won by three feet. On the 6th they ran again, Ruff receiving fifteen feet start in seventy yards, for $50 a side, his said. It was won by Norris, who afterward offered to run any man in Missouri or Kansas, 100 yards, for $500 a side.

ANOTHER SAM PATCH.—A young man named Frank Thorne, residing at Buffalo, proposes to jump from the Suspension Bridge into the Niagara river at Niagara Falls, on August 13th. The distance from the bridge to the river is 190 feet. Seats capable of accommodating several thousand people will be erected along the shores, providing the project is carried out.

BASE BALL.

A SPLENDIDLY PLAYED GAME AT TREMONT.

UNION OF MORRISANIA VS. ATHLETIC OF PHILADELPHIA—EXCITEMENT—SCORE AND BOX SCORE.

On Saturday, May 14th, the Athletic Club of Philadelphia arrived in New York in the early train and proceeded to the Union Base Ball Park, at Tremont, about fourteen miles from the city, there to play the first of a home-and-home series of games with the Union Club of Morrisania, but as the day was one of such a deciding character the attendance was very scarce. The Union nine were not all notified, consequently when the Athletics appeared, the Unions could only present seven of their nine. Bass not being able to play on account of a lame hand—though it turned out that the true cause was his having joined the Mutuals, or, in other words, "revolved"—while Reynolds and Brown were absentees, neither knowing anyting of the match. The Unions, however, being determined to keep their engagement, procured the assistance of two of their reserved amateur corps, who step bellowe for the Fordham College nine, and taking the field with their accustomed pluck, proposed to "fight it out on that line," even if defeat stared them in the face. The Athletics presented their new nine, with the exception of Berry, but he had a good substitute. They had one weak point, however, and that was at third base; Pratt not being a base player for one thing, and certainly not competent for third base, his inability to throw swiftly and accurately being a great drawback. The Athletic nine still want an out-fielder.

It was nearly four o'clock before the two nines got to work, it being difficult to get any one to act as umpire. Finally, Mr. Hartley, of the Oriental Club, was induced to serve, and at 3.50 P. M. the Athletics sent the Unions to the bat, and the game began. Higham led off, and sending an easy one to Pratt, retired at 1st base, and as Austin rolled one to McBride, he, too, was easily disposed of, and as Pabor popped up a high foul, which Malone attended to, a duck egg was laid, and the Athletics took their opponents' places at the bat. Reech opened play by striking out, Pabor's horizontal curves bothering him some. McBride, however, got one where he wanted it, and sent it along the ground to left field, easily securing his base. Malone then hit one to Higham, which was not held, and Malone took his base and the life given him. By a wild throw of Birdsall's to 3d, to cut off McBride, the latter came in, and Malone reached his 3d, and as Fisler sent a safe bounder to the field, Fergy came home; two runs, with a man on the base, and but one hand out. Things now looked favorable for a few more of the same sort for the Athletics, but before Fisler could get beyond his 1st base, Sensy and McMullen popped up sky balls which Pabor and Keaney easily took, and the Athletics were obliged to remain content with the two runs scored.

In the second innings, the Unions again retired in one, two, three order, Radcliffe marking his play at short field with two beautiful stops, and Reach his at second base with a splendid jumping catch of a ball Malone threw too high to him, and by which he put out Birdsall in the finest style of the art at second base. Roused to extra exertion by such a fine example of fielding which the Philadelphians were affording them, the Unions went in and did likewise, Pabor's effective pitching, well supported as it was by all in the field in this game, leading to the retirement of the Athletics for a blank score, Pabor's swift and sudden throw to Higham disposing of Pratt at second after the two previous strikers had been easily fielded out by Keney and Birdsall. This result had the effect of giving an encouraging aspect to the position of the Unions, and when in their third innings it was seen that they also began to handle the ash with more effect, the stock of the village company began to rise in favor, and their friendly became sanguine of their favorite being able to "coast" only present seven of their nine. Bass not being able to play on account of a lame hand—though it turned out that the true cause was his having joined the Mutuals, or, in other words, "revolved"—while Reynolds and Brown were absentees, neither knowing anyting of the match. The Unions, however, being determined to keep their engagement, procured the assistance of two of their reserved amateur corps, who step bellowe for the Fordham College nine, and taking the field with their accustomed pluck, proposed to "fight it out on that line," even if defeat stared them in the face. The Athletics presented their new nine, with the exception of Berry, but he had a good substitute. They had one weak point, however, and that was at third base; Pratt not being a base player for one thing, and certainly not competent for third base, his inability to throw swiftly and accurately being a great drawback. The Athletic nine still want an out-fielder.

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If the contest had been interesting before, it now became trebly so. The thunder storm which had been prevailing city wards, resulted in a sprinkling shower of fine rain sufficient to have legalized a suspension of play, but not heavy enough to induce the umpire to stop the game, and shortly after rain ceased entirely. The eighth innings was now commenced amidst almost painful suspense among the friends of the two clubs, the betting portion being on very anxious seats, especially those who had invested on the Athletics at heavy odds. Austin led off, but he sent the ball too near Fisler to make a base, and so he retired, Pabor, however, hit an old-fashioned ball to the out-field, and easily secured his 3d, and though the next two were put out he managed to score his run, thereby giving the Unions a temporary lead in the game. On the Athletic side, Radcliffe opened by taking his base on called balls, but the next two were splendidly taken fly tips sharp from the bat by Birdsall, and two hands were out and no run in this inning. A fifty dollar treasury note was thrown on the ground, giving evidence that he is earnest in what he says. It will be noted that he leaves it open to acceptance by anybody breathing, and prefers that E. D. Davis or George Forbes, the respective 100 and 150 yards champions, should pick up the gauntlet. This should certainly have the effect of bringing about a match, and if all our runners allow it to pass unheeded it will be greatly to their discredit. Who will made good his pretensions by coming forward and testing the ability of this prodigy? Surely there is at least one among the number sufficiently spirited to risk his reputation in such an encounter. Will Davis allow such an opportunity to get on for big money to slip? Read the challenge:—

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THE RING.

MACE AND ALLEN FIGHT.

Continued from First Page.

on the 28th of that month in a room in the Home Circuit, and Mace won in 61 rounds and 40 minutes, knocking Tom out of time. The result was extremely mortifying to the poor fellow, and he left for England the night before, with the hope of retrieving his fortune he issued a fresh challenge to Mace, which was promptly accepted, and they met for the second time in the London district, Nov. 20th, 1863, when King warned the ladies upon his antagonist, securing the victory after fighting 31 rounds in 28 minutes. The winner fought much better than in their previous encounter, but Jim had all the best of it up to the 10th round, when odds of £20 to £6 were offered upon him without takers, his triumph being looked upon as a certainty. Unfortunately for him, however, thinking that Tom needed but the *coup de grace*, and fearing that delay might bring the police at the moment of victory, he went weaving in to get well to distance, and as he took up his position he got into a slight hollow of the ring. He had repeatedly tried to hand a one-counter with the right, and had put in his left to spend himself for the purpose of again trying it on, when Tom, with one of the most tremendous blows ever seen, caught him a cross-counter on the left side of the cheek with the right—a blow that seemed to go all over Mace's face with its crushing effect. The blood gushed from Jim's nose, mouth and ears, and he fell all of a heap in the centre of the ring, to the consternation of his friends, and when he came up for the next round the left side of his face was swollen even twice his ordinary size, and he staggered like a drunken man. No one who saw the mill will doubt but that he lost it by a fluke, resulting partly from his own carelessness. He fought with the utmost gameness, the manner in which he struggled against nature after the terrific hit in the nineteenth round being the theme of universal admiration. The loss of the battle was not so much a blow, not only found a good deal of his own battle money, but he had got over £30 to back Tom. On the same day Mace forwarded £20 to cover bets of Coburn. On the same day Mace forwarded £20 to Henry Pay'ne to make a fresh match with King, and afterwards called in person, stating that if Tom would not make a fresh match for a stake his (Mace's) backers would make King a present of £20 if he would fight in a fortnight, off-hand. King refused to enter into another match, and the belt was, consequently, restored to Mace.

Joe Goss, of Wolverhampton, who had beaten Jack Rooke, Tom Price, Bodger Crutchley, Bill Ryall (also fighting a draw with him) and Posh Price, and had long been anxious for a "go" with Mace, now challenged the latter to fight for £200 a side at 147lbs. The champion, however, desired to mill at a heavier weight, and finally offered to make stake £300 to £400 if Goss would fight at 160lbs., which offer was accepted. They fought at a well known spot "down the Thames," Sept. 1st, 1863, Jim winning in 19 rounds, 1 hour 55 minutes and 20 seconds. Though the battle lasted so long, really few blows were exchanged, Goss acting on the defensive, and compelling Mace to run all over the ring after him, in hopes of tiring out the champion, in which, however, he was disappointed, Mace's condition being too good. Goss was badly punished. Sometime subsequent to this, Joe Coburn, who had become champion of America by defeating Mike McCoole, challenged Mace, who accepted the *defi*, March, 1864. A match was made for £1,000, Coburn to receive £100 for expenses, and they agreed to fight at Pierstown, county Tipperary, Ireland, October 4, 1864, but the fight did not take place. Coburn appeared in the ring, but Mace left for England the night before, owing to the non-agreement upon a referee. The match was finally ended by Coburn receiving £100 to draw the money. Mace's next customer was Joe Wormaid, who had fought a draw with Wolfe and beat Ike and Marsden. Jim received forfeit of £120, however, September 16, 1864, Wormaid having injured himself while in training. During the succeeding winter a fresh match was made between Mace and Goss for £200 a side and the belt, and they met near Meopham, May 24, 1866, when, after they had sparred together for over an hour, scarcely a blow being struck, they, at the suggestion of their seconds, and to the extreme disgust of everybody at the ringside, shook hands and the referee decided it a draw. Upon inquiry, Mace stated that the reason for his timidity and strange tactics was, that some three weeks previous he sprained his foot badly, and had injured it again early in the fight, and was, therefore, justified in saving his backers' money. Goss said he would not endanger his chance by leading off, but would have met Mace at any time had the latter forced the fighting. He had sufficient experience in their first battle as to Jim's abilities with any one leading off, and did not choose to try it again. They both received a severe jacketing from all quarters for this miserable subterfuge for a fight, and this had the effect of making them heartily ashamed of themselves, and gave rise to a desire to wipe out the stain thus cast upon their reputations. *Bell's Life* shortly afterward published a challenge from Goss to fight anybody for from £100 to £500 a side, from 154 lbs. to 168 lbs., and the same week an acceptance appeared from Mace, who, in order to make a speedy decision, offered to fight in a smaller ring. A deposit left by Jim was covered promptly, and they agreed to fight in a 16-foot ring, for £200 a side. The "meet" took place in the London district, August 6th, 1866, Mace achieving a signal victory after a rattling fight, lasting through 21 rounds and consuming 31 minutes. This settled, once for all, the question of which was the better man with his fists, clearly demonstrating the infinite superiority of the man of Norwich. Both fully relieved themselves from any odium which their previous bouts had cast upon them. Ned O'Baldwin, the "Irish Giant," who had been beaten by Marsden and beaten him and lies, besides being robbed out of the stakes in his match with Wormald, a short time previous, now "went for" Mace, and they were matched for £200 a side and the Champion belt. They were to have fought on Oct. 15th, 1867, but Mace having been arrested and bound over the day previous, the stakes were drawn. This was the last battle in which Jim took part up to the present time, he appearing throughout the provinces in his Grecian statues, until he concluded to take a trip to this country, last summer, arriving here, in company with his cousin Pooley and his business manager, Fred. Abrahams, Sept. 14th, 1869.

Thomas Allen is likewise an Englishman, having been born at Birmingham twenty-nine years ago, reaches an altitude of 5 feet 9½ inches with his shoes on, and his regular weight beyond the deep blue sea was 150lbs., the same as Mace's. When young in years he evinced a fondness for athletic exercises, especially sparring, but the sport-loving Brums did not take to him kindly and seemed rather disposed to sneer at his aspirations. He made his first appearance within the charmed circle with White, whom he defeated in 20 rounds, for a five spot a side, April 2d, 1860. His next opponent was Nobby Hall, the stake being a similar sum, but the Charlies put the "kibosh" on the affair after they had been peppering away for the space of 40 minutes, September 17th, 1860. His next engagement was with Clarke, for £10, whom he beat in 29 rounds, occupying 46 minutes, April 1st, 1861. He met Waggoner, 1st Brummagem, for £5 a side, in the autumn of '62, and thrashed him, and about six months later polished off Young Gould for a "tenner" a side. Allen was then matched with Dan Crutchley, who, however, was apprehended on the morning of the intended mill, and the affair fell through, when, owing to Allen's assertion that he could make short work of either Dan or his seconds, Posh Price took up the cudgels and administered a thrashing to both from 15 minutes, July, 1863. It must be taken into account, however, that Allen, though in good fix, was fully 42lbs. less in weight than Price. Tom next encountered Bingey Rose, for £50, and won in 29 minutes, ten rounds, January, 1864. About six months afterwards he fought the late Bob Smith, the Liverpool Black, when totally unfit for milling. Tom, however, stood the brunt for two hours and a quarter, when nature gave way and he was obliged to cry a "cry." His next customer was Jack Parkinson, a former antagonist of Price, whom he "cut into ribbons" in some twenty minutes, for £50, when the police showed up and a stampede was in order. Parkinson failing to keep an appointment made by the referee for a resumption of hostilities, the stakes were awarded to Tom. A desire to "get hunk" on the veteran, Posh Price, brought about a second meeting between them, for £25 a side, on which occasion Allen had decidedly the best of the fight, and Price causing his own apprehension after interference, the money was given to Allen; they fought 41 rounds in 2 hours and 5 minutes, Nov., 1865. He afterwards met George Iles, the giant, for £50, June 13th, 1866, and beat him in 17 rounds, lasting 63 minutes. His last engagement in England was with Joe Goss, for £200 catch-weight, March 8th, 1867, when after a desperate battle of 17 minutes, in which 35 rounds were contested, a draw was declared, as neither was able to go on. In addition to a ten pun note from Dan Crutchley, he received forfeits of £50 from Bill Thorpe, £10 from Peter Maillard and £10 from Mike Concklin. Shortly after this, Allen, finding matters becoming excessively dull in his line, owing to the vigilance of the authorities, concluded to take a trip to this country, which resolve he carried out during the summer of 1867, arriving in New York on the 21st day of July. A few weeks afterwards he made his first bow to an American audience at the Stadt Theatre, this city, at a joint reception testimonial tendered the late Bill Ryall, Peter Morris and himself. He afterwards made a tour of the principal cities, in company with Ryall, Morris and Barney Aaron, doing well everywhere. A worthy dispute afterward took place between him and Ryall, and at one time it looked though a match might result from it, but it all died away again, and Allen was not matched until the winter of '68-69, when old Bill Davis tackled him. They fought for $2,000, at Chateau Island, near St. Louis, Jan. 12th, 1869, Allen winning in 43 rounds.

Charley Gallagher challenged the winner upon the ground, and the *deft* was immediately accepted by Allen, the protocol being duly drawn up and signed a few days subsequently. They fought at Garrard Island, some fourteen miles below the Mound City, Feb. 23d of last year, the battle terminating in Gallagher's favor through a tremendous blow on the jugular, which laid Allen senseless, after they had been at it but three minutes, and had contested two rounds, marked by hard, rapid fighting. Being unable to effect another match with Gallagher, Allen flew at higher game still, challenging Mike McCoole to meet him with the naked fists. To this the latter for some time demurred, but finally consented to accommodate Tom, and they signed articles to fight within fifty miles of St. Louis, for $1,000 a side and the excursion money. The fight took place at Foster's Island, in the Mississippi, on July 15th last, and the particulars thereof are so fresh in the minds of our readers that they do not require repetition here; suffice it to say that, after Allen had pounded away upon his gigantic antagonist's face until the latter's eyes were nearly closed, and his face was cut and slashed in a terrible manner, while he himself was unscathed, the ropes were cut and McCoole's gang, in order to save their money, made a claim of foul, alleging that Allen had gouged his opponent, upon which appeal the referee gave his decision in McCoole's favor, "like was beaten almost to a stand-still, and the injustice of the decision rendered by Val. McKinney caused the utmost indignation among all fair minded men and brought down upon him wholesale condemnation, while it had the effect, through sympathy and admiration for courage, of greatly augmenting the number of Allen's friends. They fought 9 rounds in 20 minutes. A suit has been instituted for the recovery of the stake money paid over to McCoole.

On July 16th, following, a fresh match was made between Allen and McCoole, resulting from a challenge issued by the former, and on the 18th of the same month a match was entered into by Tom and Charley Gallagher. That with the latter took place first, and was for $1,000. They met on Foster's Island, August 17th, and fought 11 rounds in 38 minutes. The sponge was thrown up from Gallagher's corner when time was called for the 12th round, which Allen observing, he crossed to his opponent's corner and offered to shake hands with Charley; but the latter, not knowing, it appears, that the sponge had been elevated, struck Allen, who, anticipating a general attack, and believing the battle would certainly be given to him, left the ring. It is asserted that Tom Kelly, one of G's seconds, threw up the sponge, but, as he denied doing so, the referee, in view of the fact that he had not seen it, and that Allen had left the ring before any decision had been given, decided the fight a draw on the way home. Each man subsequently received back his portion of the stake-money. Gallagher was beaten to a stand-still, while Allen was but slightly punished. The second match between McCoole and Tom was for $5,000 and the championship, and was to have been decided according to the rules, within fifty miles of Cincinnati, on November 10th, but they failed to agree upon a final stakeholder, and the money was drawn. The McCoole party were to blame for the *fiasco*, as they persistently refused to accept any person for that position save certain St. Louis men, being evidently resolved to prevent their money being lost, no matter what might happen. Allen having now fought twice without receiving his just dues, and the McCoolites having squirmed out of his match when defeat stared their man in the face, Tom became, through default, the veritable champion, and his numerous friends in St. Louis, who considered him invincible, set about getting up a splendid belt for presentation to him. This was his final engagement up to

THE PRESENT MATCH.

We now come to the match under consideration, which was brought about in the following manner. The denouement of the second affair between McCoole and Allen was particularly mortifying to the latter, and on the evening of the 30th of November last the latter made a brief speech in his club-room at St. Louis, in which he used the following words:—"Gentlemen, I don't want to brag, blow, or bluff anybody, but if New Orleans will suit Mr. McCoole any better, I will beat him there for any amount he thinks proper to name; or if any other gentleman wishes to contest my claim to the championship, I will meet him half way, no matter where he comes from. I don't care whether he comes from England, Ireland, Scotland or Wales." This first appeared in our columns, being embodied in a letter from one of our correspondents, who was present on the occasion. It will be observed that he did not mention any name save that of McCoole, though it really included everybody, and the allusion to England left it to be inferred that he meant Mace alone, the expression being that he did not refer personally to any man. Latter because of Jim's previously announced determination never again to enter the ring. The article was extensively copied, and in one instance the names of Heenan, Mace and others inserted. Though having resolved to fight no more, Mace was so greatly nettled at what he considered a direct challenge from a man who, to say the least, he did not estimate very highly as a boxer, that he concluded to forego his resolve "for this once," and cabled to Allen a response for his temerity as well as breach of friendship, for so Jim regarded it, having personally told Tom that he did not come here to fight, and had no intention of disputing the latter's claim to the title of champion. While Mace was debating the matter in his mind, a telegram from California announced the publication by Joe Coburn of a challenge to fight Allen there for from $2,500 to $10,000 a side, to which Tom was reported to have replied that he would fight Coburn or any other man for as much as $10,000, but would not go to the Golden State. This was making things very warm, and decided Mace to resume his old profession, in which he had gained such renown. Accordingly, on December 4th, he came on to this city from Boston, and left a card of acceptance for publication in our issue of the succeeding week, in which he said he was convinced that Allen had intended the challenge especially for him, and offered to do battle for $5,000 a side and the championship. On December 16th Billy Carroll, Allen's principal backer and spokesman, wrote to us, saying that he would match Tom to fight Mace for $2,500 a side, six months from the date of signing articles, within fifty miles of Cincinnati or Detroit, and proposing to put up the belt then being made in St. Louis for presentation to Allen against Mace's "champion belt of England," in addition to the stakes. On Dec. 27th Mace called upon us and deposited $500 as an earnest of his sincerity of purpose, at the same time inserting a card, in which he said he would put up a belt, shortly to be manufactured for him in the metropolis, against that to be given to Allen, and fight for both—more than this he could not do, as he was not the possessor of the champion belt of England, which Tom knew very well would not be permitted to leave that country. The amount necessary to cover Jim's deposit was received from Allen on Jan. 3d, accompanied by articles of agreement; likewise a letter, wherein the champion flatly defied having issued any challenge whatever since his match with McCoole, and stated that he would make the match only for such sum as he could raise. The essential points of the protocol were as follows:—That the fight be for $2,500 a side and the Championship of America, to take place within fifty miles of Cincinnati, on the 5th of July, Mace's "champion belt of England" to be put up against Allen's "champion belt of America," and the man falling to be in the ring at the time appointed, whether arrested and bound over or not, to forfeit all money deposited. To all of these provisions, save the last, Mace objected, as it was but reasonable to suppose he would, but after consultation with his backers he concluded to give way to Allen in one or two things, providing the latter would consent to put matters more on an equal footing. He accordingly drew up and attached his autograph to fresh articles, agreeing to fight for $2,500 a side if Allen would make the match for between three and four months from signing, instead of between six and seven; also mentioning several other places as the battle ground (Virginia, within 50 miles of Montreal, C. E., or 50 miles from New Orleans), not caring to go to Allen's own "dung-hill," and repeating his proposition to put up the belt then being gotten up for him in this city against that presented to Tom by his St. Louis friends, rightly holding that the latter could not be termed a champion belt, but simply a presentation one. He also offered to fight for from $1,000 up to $10,000 a side. On Jan. 17th we received from the western hero a fresh agreement, worded somewhat differently from that drawn up by Jim, which Mace pronounced satisfactory, save in so far as nothing was said about two belts being put up also, for which he was exceedingly anxious. However, this made no material difference, and so he signed them, thus making everything "all O. K." We herewith re-produce them:—

ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT entered into between Thomas Allen and James Mace, by which the said Thomas Allen and the said James Mace mutually agree to stand up and fight according to the new rules of the London prize ring. And they each do mutually agree to be bound that the fight shall take place on the tenth day of May, A. D. 1870, and within fifty (50) miles of New Orleans, state of Louisiana; the men to be in the ring between the hours of seven (7) o'clock, A. M. and twelve (12) o'clock, M., the man failing to be in the ring to forfeit all claim to the battle money up. The fight shall be for the sum of $2,500 a side and the Championship of America. The sum of $200 a side is now placed in the hands of FRANK QUEEN, who shall appoint the final stakeholder, if he will not act himself. The second deposit, of $1,000 a side, shall be made at the CLIPPER office on Tuesday, March 22d, 1870; and the third and final deposit, of $1,000 a side, shall be made at the CLIPPER office, April 26th, 1870. And it is further agreed that all monies made by the excursion shall be equally divided, Allen naming one man on his part and Mace one man on his behalf to superintend all affairs pertaining to said excursion, the man not being in the ring to lose the money, no matter whether he is bound by magisterial interference to keep the peace or not—or in what state; if he is not in the ring, he shall lose the money. And it is further agreed that each man shall send a copy to New Orleans seven (7) days previous to the day named for the fight, to make arrangements for getting the conveyances to the fight, and that the reporter of the CLIPPER shall be present to see that there shall be no back out on either side; and that the referee shall be chosen on the ground. In pursuance of the foregoing articles, we hereunto place our names. Either party failing to make good the deposits at the time and place above mentioned to forfeit the monies deposited. THOMAS ALLEN,
Witness—WM. CARROLL. JAMES MACE.
FRED'K ABRAHAMS.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17, 1870.

Mace likewise appeared in another card the same week, the object of which was to induce Allen to conform to his ideas on the belt question; or, failing in this, he offered to deposit $1,000 against a like amount to be put up by Tom in our hands, the winner to use the amount for the purpose of having such trophy manufactured, to become the permanent property of the winner, as he had made up his mind to retire after this battle. This did not suit Allen other party, however, and so the matter ended. Frank Burns, of the House of Commons, was present at our office when Mace signed the articles, having been requested by Allen to represent him. The announcement that the match had at last been effected created a feeling of profound gratification among all classes of the sporting fraternity, who for weeks previous had been kept upon the anxious seat by the propositions and counter-propositions passing between the principals. Speculation, which had been rife ever since the match was broached, was indulged in more enthusiastically than ever, the friends of the respective champions warmly canvassing their prospects and eulogizing their prowess. Some there were who confidently asserted that the man from Norwich would achieve the victory without receiving a black eye, or achieve the victory without receiving a black eye, or being otherwise marked, as similar extravagant declarations, while others carried away by their confidence in Tom, gave vent to similar ebullitions. Both had proven themselves, on many a well-fought field, thoroughly game, determined and scientific pugilists, and though Mace's adherents, drawing their deductions from his more brilliant record and great reputation as a ring general, argued that there was not the shadow of a doubt of victory perching upon his standard, Allen's patrons built their hopes upon the advantage he possessed over Jim in years, his unquestionable gameness, and his greater ability to endure the avalanche of blows which each might expect to receive when they stood before each other, coupled with what they considered equal powers of hitting and but little less science. The general public, not prejudiced in favor of either gladiator, looking back at their past career, were impressed with the belief that the assertions of both parties were greatly exaggerated, and looked forward to a stubbornly contested, scientific fight, no matter what might be the issue.

THE MEN IN TRAINING.

Shortly subsequent to the consummation of the match arrangements were made between Mace and John C. Heenan to make a tour of the leading cities of the country in company, previous to Jim's entering upon a course of training, and on the evening of February 11th they gave a joint exhibition at the Old Bowery Theatre, this city, which establishment was packed to overflowing on the occasion, about $3,000 in all accruing from the entertainment. Mace was presented during the evening with a magnificent silver belt, the gift of some of his New York admirers. The following evening they appeared at Paterson, N. J., intending afterward to proceed eastward, but their agent, Fred Abrahams, being unsuccessful in securing suitable halls, they gave up the idea. With head-quarters at the Metropolitan Hotel, this city, on Feb. 17th, 18th and 19th they appeared at the Tammany, and also in Williamsburgh on the latter evening, when Mace likewise set-to with Bill Clark at Ned James' benefit, Central Hall. They started on a tour, under the management of James Nixon, on March 2d, taking in all the principal cities of the west and settling up accounts at Cincinnati on March 29th, Heenan returning to this city, and Mace, accompanied by Jim Cusick, Pooley Mace and Abrahams, proceeding to Mobile, Ala., where Jim took up his quarters at the Magnolia Race Course on April 7th, remaining there up to a few days before the fixture for the battle, under the experienced mentorship of Cusick and Pooley. Shortly after the match was made Mace gave up numerous little luxuries to which he was accustomed, avoiding everything which could possibly operate against his welfare, physically, while he took such exercise during his tour as was in his power, thereby gradually reducing his weight, which was 186 lbs. when he left the metropolis. On the 1st inst., he was the recipient of a benefit at the St. Charles Theatre, New Orleans, Heenan, who left New York on the 16th ult., sparring with him. It was originally intended that Mace should have passed the time intervening between the date of his exhibition and the battle at Amite, a station on the Jackson railroad, about 80 miles from the Crescent City, and Johnny Franklin had secured quarters for him there, but Mace preferred his old location, fearing that any dietetic change might operate disadvantageously, and so he returned to his former quarters on the 20 inst. Allen established himself at the "Wash Home," a few miles removed from the Mound City, immediately after the posting of the second deposit, March 22d, having secured the valuable services of Jack Goulding, the pedestrian and trainer, who has had charge of some of the best men in the old country, both pugilists and pedestrians. On the 17th of said month we received a letter from Tom, in which he informed us that his weight at that time was 214 lbs., and that he intended entering the ring at 168 lbs., stripped—a reduction of 45 lbs. He fully appreciated the herculean character of the task before him, knowing from ocular demonstration the ability of Mace, and stuck to his work like a Trojan, leaving naught undone that was requisite to render him as fit as man could possibly be to engage in a struggle in which his powers of endurance were destined to be put to so severe a test. On the other hand, Mace, though feeling the utmost confidence as to the successful issue of the conflict, did not in the least underrate his antagonist's abilities, and was careful not to throw any chance away, but labored zealously to get in the finest possible fix. Such being the case, they, aided by the advice and experience of their able mentors, succeeded in unburdening themselves of all useless avoirdupois, and when the hour came for them to cease preparatory work and engage in the trial which was to exercise so great an effect upon their reputation, each had attained the very perfection of physical condition, and were, to use an old phrase, "fit to fight for a man's life." Allen set-to with Joe Coburn (who had arrived from California some days prior and been retained to act as second for Tom) at the latter's exhibition in St. Louis, on April 25th, and on May 4th he left for the Crescent City. Previous to leaving St. Louis, he was presented with the belt heretofore alluded to, a description of which is given elsewhere in this issue.

JUST BEFORE THE BATTLE.

In accordance with a stipulation contained in the articles, a meeting was held in the Gresham City seven days prior to the fixture at which the arrangements for conveyances, &c., were made, and the question of who should be final stakeholder (we having declined the office) was satisfactorily adjusted, Mr. Chas. Rush, a prominent resident of New Orleans, being selected for the position. Sporting men and others deserting of witnessing the mill, including a number of the fourth estate, now began to arrive in good-sized squads from different parts of the country, though the East had but few representatives, in consequence of the distance and the loss of time entailed by the trip. The city was in a perfect turmoil of excitement for two days anterior to the battle, and the gathering of the class embraced nearly all the prominent boxers of the day on this side Neptune's domains. The preparations had been conducted with great skill and no less harmony. Both men were taken to the city on the 5th inst., and carefully looked after, Mace being the guest of Mr. Carroll so-lected the battle ground, within about thirteen miles of the city and made arrangements for a special train upon the Jackson Railroad. Acting upon the suggestion of the "native" the price of tickets had been fixed at a high figure ($10) in order to exclude the rougher class, which they effectually succeeded in doing. The day before the fight Hawkins' saloon, where Mace had been quartered, was crammed throughout, and upwards of two hundred were nightly disposed of. Most of the purchasers subsequently providing themselves with inner ring badges, at an additional price of $2, which were sold at the depot before the starting of the train. Early to bed and early to rise was the rule on the eventful May 10th, but many of the manly art concluded to "make a night of it," and were on hand at the depot long before the hour fixed for the start, which was 4.30 o'clock, A. M.

THE BATTLE HOOMING AND THE START.

Though the clouds hung heavy and grey and stars twinkled sleepily over their long watches, the morning of May 10th exhibited an activity which, compared to the usual matutinal indifference, would have astonished the most unimpressive observer. The dull rumble of the market carts, plodding wearily under the bread and meat and cognizants of a drowsy city, and the sharp clatter of home-ward bound cabs freighted with their squads of shouting roysterers, far from monopolising the noise and confusion, found other vehicles dashing hither and thither, as though life depended on their speed, and hours before the time appointed for the start the thoroughfares resounded with the click of quick paced pedestrians. Far from presenting the usual knots of yawning loungers, all the public hack carts, plodding wearily under the bread and meat and cognizants of a drowsy city, and the sharp clatter of home-ward bound cabs freighted with their squads of shouting roysterers, far from monopolising the noise and confusion, found other vehicles dashing hither and thither, as though life depended on their speed, and hours before the time appointed for the start the thoroughfares resounded with the click of quick paced pedestrians. Far from presenting the usual knots of yawning loungers, all the public hack stands were deserted, and the saloons thronged with excited multitudes. Newspaper reporters in duck caps and brown linen dusters, sporting men, dashing warily for bets with the green ones, prominent merchants, who, deserting suburban residences, had descended to lodging houses for a few hours' sleep, men of nearly every degree and quality crowded the marble counters, each anxious for his say concerning the great event and his cup of fragrant Java. A redness about the eyes, bedragglement in the hair, and a universal stretchiness faintly suggested an all night watch; while the loud and incoherent expressions of an unfortunate fewwather hinted that the vigil had not passed without its entertainment, spiritual and otherwise. By 6 o'clock, from appearances one would suppose supper-ten-dom had suddenly made up its mind to be as rough and uncouth as possible; and as sometimes happens on these occasions, the masquerade was not altogether a success. Notwithstanding the early hour (it was then about 4 A. M), on reaching the Jackson depot we found the thoroughfares in the vicinity crowded with vehicles, and both reception rooms and platform thronged with representatives from nearly every profession in life. Prominent merchants jostled eminent physicians, wily capitalists pushed clerks, theatrical managers, men about town, cotton brokers, circus men and a very few "roughs," mingled in indiscriminate disorder. Far from the least amusing features were the ideas of comfort manifested by the excursionists in their various packages. One decided himself fixed with a huge linen duster, a good-sized squads from different parts of the country, an umbrella and a bottle of whiskey; others brought portable chairs and camp stools, nearly all carried baskets or hatchels, and some struggled under packages of wine and provisions sufficient for a three weeks' siege. The train was reached without incident, about seventy policemen standing at the doors to preserve order; and after a brief delay for the examination of tickets, the pilgrimage was commenced, about 800 being on board, the train stopping at Carrollton Crossing, five miles from the city, and preparations were commenced for pitching the ring; but a private conversation with a messenger from the Superintendent of Police changed the programme, and the cars moved eight miles further up.

The scene of the halt opened on broad, level fields, marked with the deep furrows of the sugar cane and seamed through their centres with broad draining ditches filled with early undergrowth. On one side of the track was a dense swamp, choked with bushes, water flags, and doubtless alive with countless serpents; on the other, perhaps a mile through the fields, the river, hidden from view by a long line of green levee. A yellow road at right angles from the rails ran through fields past a small village of whitewashed negro cabins and finally up a gentle slope to an immense brick sugar house, the green lawn of which was fixed upon as the scene of the encounter.

THE RING.

The ropes and stakes were taken from St. Louis by the Allen party, the ring being the same in which Tom had fought Coburn, Goss and Gallagher. About one hour and a half was occupied in pitching it, during which the excursionists divided themselves between discussing the merits of the men and discussing their lunches. About half past eight o'clock, Heenan announced every thing in readiness, and proposed Rufus Hunt, for referee, who was accepted at once. (Mr. H. it will be recollected served in the same capacity in the McCoole-Jones fight at Cincinnati.) Heenan was selected as umpire for Mace, and Dad Egan filled the same office for Allen. Al. Smith was appointed to the duties of "captain of the watch." Constables were then selected and armed with sticks, whose office proved a mere sinecure, and they soon melted away into the crowd of spectators. Mr. Hunt now made a short speech to the crowd, stating that New Orleans had been selected for the scene of this contest as the only place where a fair showing for both sides could be had. It was to be a fair stand-up fight, and no favor, and such a fight he was determined to have, he having sufficient force to back up this determination if attempted to be interfered with. He hoped the crowd present would show the champions that their confidence had not been misplaced, and join him in wishing "may the best man win."

Referee Hunt's speech being loudly applauded, the men were sent for, and at half past 9 o'clock Allen's bronzed face loomed above the crowd, as he flung his defiance into the lists. Mace's cap followed a few minutes later and both men stepped in and were conducted to the two shady corners. Joe Coburn and Sherman Thurston acted as esquires to Allen, Cusick and Jerry Donovan doing the same for Jim. Heenan was minding the ring, Ryan's man to the sunny corner, and the champions commenced stripping for battle. An objection to Allen's spikes was quickly filed away, and without any further trouble or dispute the men sat ready for the contest, surrounded by an audience of quiet, orderly, gentlemanly spectators. Mace now went over to Allen with a $500 note which he offered to wager on the result. The offer was declined, however, as they had not come there merely to bet keenly, from their corners, eyed each other fiercely, yet keenly, from their corners, and it was plainly evident that Allen was somewhat disconcerted, Mace's face showed that he did not expect counter, any time of it as the result proved. As the principals and seconds stepped to the scratch for the hand shaking overture, the sun glared down wrathfully, and started the perspiration from the bared forms of the fistic knights, who were speedily summoned to the scratch by the call of "time."

THE FIGHT.

Round 1. As they stood there on guard, erect and defiant, their dresses unsoiled, their flesh glowing in the warm sunlight like polished bronze, as yet unpolluted and undefiled, an almost unconscious murmur of admiration ran through the anxious waiting crowd. At the first glance it was evident that Mace had the advantage in condition, his flesh appearing hard and healthy, while that of his antagonist seemed a little too loose. Both were 400 lbs. Only odd around the ring of a hundred to seventy on Mace, but no reply was elicited. Nevertheless Allen looked smiling and confident, and gave assurance of a determination to do all in his power to carry off the honors, while Mace's set features and well-humored frontispieces of Jim revealed nothing touching a sense of fear for the result. Jim and Tom both smiled beamingly on each other and then put themselves in position at the scratch. Mace's "guard" was perfect, his every movement a scientific move-ment, while his two formidable looking mawleys were most carefully disposed. He fondled his chin, stroked his pits, patted his "bellows" and conducted himself generally in such a mercurial sort of manner as to show that he was determined to make use of the almost miraculous powers of the man. But his cunning was soon developed. Allen, as he stood like another Anak before his adversary, wary and watchful, looked the splendid athlete that he is. His every muscle bespoke of five hundred fights and fifty fights. They smiled and joked in an undertone as they walked around one another, with eyes firmly set on eyes and every movement sharply watched. The sparring, dodging and feinting lasted several minutes, each looking out for an opening, but no one was made, Mace now and then dropping his guard and drawing Tom around after him. Then came a few sharp passes, neatly stopped. Jim landed a pile-driver over Tom's left eye and danced back, avoiding the return. Again the Scotch left was sent home, another spell of cautious sparring, during which Allen shot a heavy one into the ribs, which sounded all over the ring. Both men warmed to more rapid and serious work, exhibiting pretty science during a bout which wound up with Allen receiving a heavy one on the nose and retiring lightly on Mace's forehead. At it they rushed again, Jim making an ugly threat with his right, which Tom avoided, planting another ugly thud on his opponent's blood pumps, at which Mace clinched—a quick inside and both fell, Allen undermost. Time, 5:30.

2. Several minutes passed in sparring for an opening, Mace rubbing his hands, folding his arms and otherwise endeavoring to get Tom to lead off, followed by a few rapid feints, when, as quick as thought, Mace rushed in and delivered a peculiar under the jaws 'uns right orb, raising an egg, and springing back in time to catch only lightly a rib pulverizer from his opponent's right. Jim grinned at his work, and now fully understanding that Tom is the boy for him, put everything in chancery and stood around him, inviting an offer, but prepared to take advantage of any easy. Allen grew serious; he seemed, for the first time, to properly appreciate the task and compressed his lips firmly together, as though he was determined to throw all his energies into the struggle and "die game," if necessary; he planted another crasher on the body, in return for a nasty one on the bad lamp, which now flickered, preparatory to being quenched. Another rally, and they clinched, sparring energetically during which both men blowed off steam, and contented themselves with watching for an opening; grinning at and joking with each other in undertones. Mace resumed hostilities with a shot at Allen's nose, but it glanced off, and he napped a return rather too close to the meat cellar to be pleasant. Claims of foul were made from the outside of the ring, but Mace gracefully disclaimed them and went in for the finish, giving Allen a smash on the proboscis, which drew *first blood for Mace*. Tom returned it by a couple of rib benders and a clip on the jaw, but in return received a terrible scowldolager on the right eye, which sent him down, making a wild attempt to counter as he fell. Allen was now toted home by his carriers, Mace walking to his corner looking much pleased.

3. Bets were offered, without takers, of $100 to $80 on Mace. Allen came up dejectedly, with his right eye nearly closed; his left kind showing an ugly cut. This Mace took advantage of by keeping the damaged observation well in the sun during the cautious, lazy sparring which opened the round. Allen now found that something had to be done to utilize the time fast slipping away, and essayed at the head, but the latter proved too quick, dodged and it passed over his shoulders. In the rally Mace slipped and screwed himself on terra firma. Allen again rode homeward; Mace footing it in the best of humor.

4. Allen looked worried and his face exhibited marks of severe punishment, bleeding profusely from a cut below the left optic, while his right look-out was rapidly being shut in by purple clouds. During the preliminary sparring Tom accidentally trod upon and spiked Jim's foot, but apologized, a courtesy which was loudly applauded. After rather an elaborate overture of feinting, guarding and dodging, Mace suddenly darted out his right and gave Allen a counter on the damaged eye, distilling the ruby afresh and going down, partly from the recoil, just in time to escape a well intended receipt in full.

5. After the usual introductory, fiddling about, Mace let out with his left at the young un's neck, which the latter avoided, Mace going down from the force of his own blow (cries of "foul," not allowed). He quickly recovered, however, and faced Tom, who sent his left on a voyage of discovery, landing on Jim's ribs, and trapping a heavy counter on the dial from Mace's left, who followed it up with a rush, clinched and threw Allen very heavily, adding his weight to the fall. The seconds now rushed up and carried their men home amid indiscriminate applause and confusion.

6. The fight was now evidently all one way. Allen was game enough and glutton enough, but his inferiority to Mace in sparring and wrestling was plainly, not to say painfully, apparent. Allen's left was terribly punished, his right eye closed, and bleeding freely, while Mace was as smiling as a basket of chips. A few friendly passes preceded a clinch by the latter getting the young un in chancery, and fibbing sharply with his right. Allen broke away, and with a desperate, superhuman effort, considering his great disadvantage, Allen turned the tide and went down heavily on top of Mace, amid great applause, in which even Mace's friends joined.

7. Time now told badly upon Allen's telescopes, the right being entirely darkened and the other gradually following suit. Mace's face, on the other hand, was unmarked. Neither appeared to have suffered either in temper or condition. After a clinch and a spell of sparring Mace feinted and then let out, reaching the exchange on the ribs, and countered on the mouth with severity. Tom dashed in but Mace evaded his sway, clinched, and both went down in a close and loving embrace.

8. Allen was evidently tired and not at all hopeful, but desperate. Mace, lively as a cricket, danced about his man, who waited for an opportunity to drive a spike into Jim's bellows. He succeeded at last, and got in two crashers, but Mace scored seconds by hitting him heavily on the forehead. They then rushed to the clinch and they went down with a fight fall, Jim underneath.

9. Mace smileless and unfeeling, Allen with a head on him like a wrecked capstan, but exhibiting a dogged and praiseworthy determination to see it on to the bitter end. That the game was well up was apparent to all, and the only chance Tom now had was to plant a blow sufficiently forcible to knock Mr. James out of time. The prospects of this, however, were as nowise encouraging. Mace, by a trace, so, were made, and the question of who should be final stakeholder (we having declined the office) was satisfactorily adjusted, Mr. Chas. Rush, a prominent resident of New Orleans, being selected for the position. Sporting men and others deserting of witnessing the mill, including a number of the fourth estate, now began to arrive in good-sized squads from different parts of the country, though the East had but few representatives, in consequence of the distance and the loss of time entailed by the trip. The city was in a perfect turmoil of excitement for two days anterior to the battle, and the gathering of the class embraced nearly all the prominent boxers of the day on this side Neptune's domains. The preparations had been conducted with great skill and no less harmony. Both men were taken to the city on the 5th inst., and carefully looked after, Mace being the guest of Mr. Carroll so-lected the battle ground, within about thirteen miles of the city and made arrangements for a special train upon the Jackson Railroad. Acting upon the suggestion of the "native" the price of tickets had been fixed at a high figure ($10) in order to exclude the rougher class, which they effectually succeeded in doing. The day before the fight Hawkins' saloon, where Mace had been quartered, was crammed throughout, and upwards of two hundred were nightly disposed of. Most of the purchasers subsequently providing themselves with inner ring badges, at an additional price of $2, which were sold at the depot before the starting of the train. Early to bed and early to rise was the rule on the eventful May 10th, but many of the manly art concluded to "make a night of it," and were on hand at the depot long before the hour fixed for the start, which was 4.30 o'clock, A. M.

THE BATTLE HOOMING AND THE START.

Though the clouds hung heavy and grey and stars twinkled sleepily over their long watches, the morning of May 10th exhibited an activity which, compared to the usual matutinal indifference, would have astonished the most unimpressive observer. The dull rumble of the market carts, plodding wearily under the bread and meat and cognizants of a drowsy city, and the sharp clatter of home-ward bound cabs freighted with

OOFTY TO SCHNEIDER.

WRITTEN FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER.

[Note.—Dis shmall biece of boultry vas writted a long dime sinecly, but on cound of it's not bein saw id vas looked ofer. See?]

I read your fenny leedle biece,
Well, Schneider, I mosd say
I really dink you vas doo goot
To write of me dot vay.

Of dem bieces dot I use to wrote
You liked so awful much,
I'm sure dot must hafe been on cound
Dot day vas wrid in Dodch,

Und nod from any fauld of mine.
Shtill, I dank you all der same,
So of dot Fritz kicks up his legs,
I didn'd vas to plame.

Der nerdest dime dot you vent oud
To get dot "gward of hier,"
Just gid a "boney" cider, doo,
Und drink don't I vas dere.

Und, ven dot Fritzey hollers oul,
Just cadch him by der hoof,
Und schtick him on his shmall side down
For your friend Oofty Goof.

Und, of he voodn'd keep shdill den,
Shtuck him mit dot cider,
Und dell him so he's by goot luck,
Cause Oofty Goof ain'd Schneider.

OOFTY GOOFY.

DANGEROUS GROUND;

OR,

THE THREE SISTERS OF WOOD HOUSE FARM.

CHAPTER XXXV.

I hold the world but as the world, Gratiano;
A stage, where every man must play a part,
And mine a sad one.

What! wouldst thou have a serpent sting thee twice?

Merchant of Venice.

Mr. Dines, the solicitor trusted and employed by both the Earl of Montargis and Amanda, was, as our readers know, of such a pliant disposition that he felt no scruple whatever in betraying one client to the other.

Owing to the confidence he received from Amanda, he knew that she was about to be married to Maxwell, and that she was collecting a weight of evidence to prove his claim, which she would produce as soon as her alliance was completed, and overwhelm Montargis and his family. He was aware, also, that Fanny Garraway and Sir Gervase Fanshawe were to be united in the bonds of holy wedlock at the same time, and that they aided Amanda in establishing Maxwell in what they all thought religiously was his proper position.

As for Maxwell himself, he was rapidly recovering his health and strength under the almost paternal care of Dr. Layton. He was watched night and day by two stalwart fellows, especially employed for that purpose, and some conversation with these men, during a visit Mr. Dines paid to the doctor's establishment at Richmond, convinced him that they were incorruptible and could not be tampered with.

The third of August was the day fixed for the double marriage, and, as July was rapidly drawing to a close, there was but little time left for the Earl of Montargis to take action in—if, indeed, such were his intention.

Mr. Dines had already written to the earl at Montargis Park, informing him of the ill success of his plan and announcing Maxwell's return to the doctor's establishment at Richmond, whereupon the earl wrote to the solicitor, requesting him to come down to the park at once.

Traveling by the afternoon express, Mr. Dines arrived at Nunnington and drove to the park in time for dinner, making the acquaintance of the ladies Gwendoline and Selina Mayland, and their naughty mother. He considered it quite a privilege to be on friendly terms with those charming creatures, whom he grieved to think would be dispossessed of their hereditary home by such a schemer as Amanda, and so unworthy a representative of a grand old title as Maxwell.

The earl was ill at ease during dinner, and it was easy to perceive that he was pleased when the repast was brought to a close, for he longed to have a private discussion with so shrewd a man as Mr. Dines; and, indeed, such was his state of mind that it was absolutely necessary he should have a confidant to whom he could unburden his mind and speak freely. Mr. Dines paid unremitting attention to the fine old crusted port, which had been laid down fully thirty years before, and which belonged to some celebrated vintage, for of which is enough to make the mouth of an epicure water, and he chatted in a desultory manner between each glass.

"These Garraway girls seem to have got on very well indeed," he began. "There is Fanny, who is going to marry a baronet with a grand old name and plenty of money. There is Amanda, your aversion and dread, who, if all goes well, will go to church with our young friend Maxwell."

"What good will that do her?" asked the earl, testily.

"She is very sanguine as to the result of her efforts on his behalf, and she expects to occupy this very house, and perhaps drink this very wine, for a dozen of which to take back to town I should be thankful," said the attorney, smacking his lips as he refilled his glass.

"You shall have it; but for goodness sake don't talk of such trifles when you see how agitated I am, and know what weighty matters we have in hand," replied the Earl of Montargis, with increased impatience.

"She must have done something disreputable at some period of her life. There are few people who have not," said Mr. Dines, musingly. "I will defy the best man to stand half a day's examination in a witness box and come out unscathed if I had the getting up of the case. If we could only find out something against her and attack him through her, it would be a great move."

"So it would," answered the earl, musingly.

There was a pause, during which the attorney again applied himself to the wine, and presently the earl said:—

"I always had great and grave doubts about the validity of my father's will. It was so unlike him to leave money away from us and give it to a comparative stranger. I wish I had gone to law about it at the time. Then there was the strange death of the old woman who used to live with this Amanda at the Tower. The verdict at the inquest was found drowned, but how she came in the water there was no evidence to show."

"Had Amanda any interest in getting rid of this old woman?" inquired Mr. Dines, who, in spite of the wine he had imbibed, had at his command all the acumen which distinguished him as an attorney.

"It is difficult to say," replied the earl. "That thought never occurred to me before. It is an idea which ought to be followed up. The old woman was my father's nurse during his illness."

"You say this woman—what was her name?"

"Berrid."

"Lived with Amanda after she left your house. It is curious that an alliance should be formed between them. It is not improbable that Biarrid had some hold over her; but the woman is dead, and dead people tell no tales. Were any of you aware of."

"Where did she live with Amanda?"

"At a place called the Tower, which is not far from here, and still belongs to Miss Garraway," returned the earl.

"Do you think we could go over it?"

"Certainly. The servants, I hear, have all been discharged, and an old man and his wife receive a small sum of money for taking care of the place. Indeed, if there were any refusal to admit us, I could introduce you by a subterranean passage which I found out in my boyish days, and which I caused my mother to make use of when she appeared as a ghost to the inhabitants of the Tower, trying to frighten the old nurse into a confession, if she had anything to confess, and Amanda had confided in her. But the whole question is so confused and such a mystery to me, I know not what to do. If my father sinned, his offences are being heavily visited upon me."

"We will go over the Tower to-morrow, my lord," said Mr. Dines. "I have an idea that we may discover something which will be of use to us."

"If you do, Dines," exclaimed the earl, with energy, "and get me out of the mess in which I am, you shall not be a poor man any longer. Rely upon my gratitude."

"I know I can do that, my lord," answered Dines, "and I think I have shown a disposition to serve you."

The evening passed in conversation of a similar kind. But his lordship scarcely dared to hope that anything of a favorable nature would result to him.

On the following day they started at an early hour, walking across the fields to the Tower, the only inmates of which were an elderly man named Bates and his wife. These old people lived a most primitive life. They saw few friends, and always kept the drawbridge up. Once a week the dame went to Nunninton and laid in a stock of provisions. Their life was simple and happy, and neither the fear of men nor of spirits disturbed them.

As in the old feudal days, a horn hung suspended by a chain to a stone buttress, on which the drawbridge fell by the side of the moat. The earl seized the horn and blew a blast upon it which was audible for some distance off, and he could not help smiling as he did so.

"This is, indeed, going back to the olden days," he exclaimed, while he waited for a reply to his summons. "Do you know, Dines," he added, "that I would give anything almost to live peaceably with some lady and live in a place like this, undisturbed by care or state. I am fighting with this woman, who pursues me like a fiend, with terrible ingenuity, more for the sake of my honor and that of my mother and sisters than for myself. Depend upon it, happiness does not come with riches. I am an all-sufficient proof of that."

"I don't know, my lord," replied Dines. "Never had an opportunity of trying, so, can't speak with certainty, though I should like to have the chance of doing so."

An old man, with long grey hair, appeared on the other side of the moat, and, putting his hands to his mouth, to make his words more audible, inquired the nature of the business on which the strangers came.

The earl replied that they were desirous of going over the Tower, and would make its keeper a handsome present if he would permit and assist them to do so.

Bates, the keeper, having no instructions to the contrary, and seeing a few shillings in prospect, which might increase his stock of tobacco and spirits, was glad to consent. The windlass went round, the heavy chains rattled and clanked, while the creaking old drawbridge gradually descended.

It frequently happened that Bates was called upon to do the office of showman to parties who were desirous of going over the Tower, and he had all the legends connected with it at the tip of his tongue, and he pointed out the spot where Hugh, fourth Earl of Montargis, slew his cousin with his own hand, for publicly insulting him, and after a variety of similar incidents, which seem inseparable from an old time, he mentioned the death of old Biarrid.

"She was companion to my mistress, gentlemen," said the garrulous old man, "and had gone out for a walk one day. I was at the drawbridge, as usual, to let her out, and she remarked to me—I mind it as if it was yesterday—'Bates, I am going to Montargis Park, and perhaps things will be very different here when I come back.' Soon after Miss Garraway—that's my mistress—came out, looking worried and harassed like. She said nothing to me; indeed, she rarely spoke to servants, except to order them about it."

The earl and Mr. Dines looked at one another.

"Did you notice which way Miss Garraway went, and do you remember when she returned?" asked the attorney.

"She took the path which Biarrid had taken, but I did not stop long enough on the look out to see if she came up her. As to her return, there is something very remarkable about that. I never left her in, though I saw with my own eyes in the court yard when the dead body was brought up."

"Here is this unfortunate woman buried?" asked Mr. Dines.

"Nunninton cemetery. My mistress gave her a fine funeral, saying she had been a good and faithful friend and companion to her, and she was grieved to lose her."

"Were you called at the inquest?" continued Mr. Dines.

"No, sir," replied Bates; "and on the principle of never having to do with what does not concern me, I made no statement, indeed, I do not see that I had anything of importance to communicate. The thing was plain enough. The old creature had leaned against the railing of the bridge to rest herself. That railing has been rotten any time these ten years past, as every man, woman and child in the parish knows; down she fell into the water and was drowned. She was never much of a favorite of mine, but rest her soul, I say."

"Had she any friends?"

"Not that I know of, sir. None came to the funeral—no relations, I mean; and the few clothes she left have never been claimed; they're all up stairs in a room—even the things she wore when she was drowned—my wife hain't touched a thing."

"Can we see this room you speak of?" inquired Mr. Dines, whose busy brain was at work.

Bates saw no reason why such an innocent request as this should not be complied with, and he took them upstairs, showing them the apartments, and at last conducting them to the room in which the property of old Biarrid had been placed.

The attorney looked over the clothes, paying especial attention to a heap which lay in one corner, mud begrimed and discolored. He even went on his knees before these unassuming and disreputable articles of wearing apparel, and turned them over and over until he found the pocket of the dress, into which he put his hand.

The Earl of Montargis watched him with eager curiosity, scarcely understanding the real drift of his researches, but hoping that good might come out of them.

At length Dines withdrew his hand, in which he grasped a sheet of foolscap paper, partly written upon, though the water and mud had stained the paper and made the ink run, so that the writing was not so legible as when first executed. Going to the window, the lawyer, unable to restrain curiosity, hastily opened the paper and glanced over its contents. A smile crossed his face as he finished the perusal. Then he placed it in his pocket.

Bates watched this proceeding with some curiosity, but Mr. Dines slipped a sovereign into his hand, saying:—

"I am the brother of the poor creature we have been speaking of, and this paper is a letter I wrote to her a few days before her death. It is of no interest to any one but myself. As for the things that are here, you and your wife are very welcome to them. You need say nothing of my visit to your mistress."

Bates was well satisfied with this arrangement, and, with his habitual want of suspicion, saw nothing extraordinary in the arrangement.

The earl and his companion did not wish to see anything more in the Tower at present, and Bates led them to the courtyard, and, lowering the bridge, allowed them to depart, with many protestations of gratitude. "Now, Dines," said his lordship, as soon as they got outside, "what have you found? I am burning with curiosity."

"Something of great importance to you. I think I can save you from the troubles that environ you," answered the attorney, with a hopeful air. "But we can do nothing in a hurry. The matter must be one of arrangement between us. I have a bargain to make, for such a chance as this only occurs once in a man's lifetime, and if I let this slip heaven only knows if fortune will smile upon me again."

"Make your own terms," answered the Earl of Montargis.

"I intend to do so. Let us talk as we walk along," and the attorney ventured upon the extraordinary liberty of linking his arm in that of the peer, his employer, with the utmost familiarity.

TO BE CONTINUED.

OARSMEN, BOATS AND BOAT HOUSES.

WRITTEN FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER,

BY HAMILTON.

The spring time is here, and with the spring time comes thoughts of out-door sports—of the thud of the bat against the ball, and the splash of the oar in the limpid river. In northern climes, where ice cuts off the boatman's pleasures for nearly half a year, its melting in the spring and the first view of the rippling water of the river or lake, so long hidden from sight by a calm, still, glittering cover, brings to the mind of the veteran oarsman (even if long retired) thoughts of past prowess and pleasure, which make him yearn to again handle the feathered spruce against fiercely contending foemen.

I have seen boating in other countries than my own. My soul has been harrowed and my indignation roused on the blue Mediterranean by the Italian lubbers, who *tie* their oars to the tholepin and then *push* it from them, and I have seen Frenchmen boating—gallant fellows on land—gallant fellows everywhere for the matter of that—but not at home on water—resplendently dressed—vividly colored as to their garb and boat, and picturesque, if not scientific. And I have seen the Oxford Boat House and the crew, the London watermen and the Eton boys at "Searles', boat builder to her Majesty," the Amsterdam boat-houses, built on rafts, and the remembrance of all this stirs a fever in my aged blood, prompting me to gossip about some amateur wielders of the oar in the "Land of the Free and the Home of the Brave." There will be no method in my discourse, and I claim the privilege of skipping, like the young lamb upon the hill top, from Dan to Beersheba, if they boat at both those places.

Can anything be more full of pleasure than, on an October afternoon or a June morning, to take a stretch of a few miles up or down such a river as the Hudson in a light gig, with a coxswain possessed of a good tenor voice; when you have exercise, gentle excitement, music and fresh air combined? Yes, there's *one* thing more pleasant. Fill the stern of a barge with ladies, and go out upon the water on a full moonlit night. Comfortable boat-houses are as necessary for pleasant boating as comfortable houses are necessary for pleasant housekeeping, and truly the Christopher street houses in New York are not to be surpassed in that respect, though in outside looks the Philadelphia houses (of which more anon) bear off the palm from any that I have ever seen anywhere. And for oarsmen and boats the New York clubs can challenge competition from America. The Hudson Regatta association is powerful in numbers, in boats, in wealth and skill, and apparently is destined to continue to exercise a very powerful, beneficial influence on boating upon the grand old river whose name it bears.

Passing up the Hudson, going by the birthplace and *habitat* of the renowned Ward Brothers, we find at Poughkeepsie the Shatemuc Club, snugly ensconced in a very comfortable floating house, with a reverend president and chaplain combined, who annually goes his solitary way, rejoicing, in his single scull, on long journeys among strange people.

Floating houses are the only practicable ones, where freshets are annual and frequent, and so at Albany we find the boatmen all afloat. A constant struggle against natural obstacles is the lot of oarsmen in the capital of the Empire State. The water, their friend, is also their foe. In the fall they stow their boats in the second stories of the quay stores, and when the spring freshet comes they launch their frail barks out of the second story windows without any trouble. But the spring freshets are followed by those of summer and autumn, and the breaking up of the ice in March is always a dreaded event, endangering the boat-house every year. Steam tugs infest the harbor to an unlimited extent, and one of them literally went through a six oar, about dusk, a year or so ago.

Yet, at Albany, are the Pioneer Club (which must be one of the oldest organizations of the kind in the country) and the Mutual Club, its younger brother, in whose fine house, filled with modern boats, hang the champion gig whip of the Hudson Regatta Association.

Then comes Troy, and, shame to Troy be it said, that with superb natural advantages for rowing, Troy cannot and never could boast of a single first-class club. The river above the state dam is well known to the boating fraternity, because a state regatta was held there a year or two ago. It has the best racing course I know of, surpassing even the Schuylkill. And Troy does not lack spirit in the line of out-door sports; but somehow, the Trojan youth cleave to the land and avoid water—to row on at least. Let this be amended in future.

Let us take a long skip and alight in the Quaker City, on the Schuylkill's bank, near the Turtle rock. Do you see those free-stone fronts, stranger? Those are *boat-houses!* A contrast to Christopher street, outwardly, are they not? And look at the beautiful stream, tideless and tugless, is it not a lovely spot for a regatta? A New York man once said to us, "The Philadelphia boys have everything except oarsmen." This remark was, of course, not intended in its literal sense; but it is certain that, unless the Schuylkill navy has been supplied within two years with modern boats, it is decidedly behind the age in craft, and its stroke is ancient too.

A few years ago I stood on the Schuylkill's bank, during the two days' regatta of the Schuylkill navy, and wondered at the style of boats pulled. I saw a race between gunwale barges, in which *more* boats were pulled than in any other contest. They seem to be the favorite style of boat there; but in other places gunwale barges have been abolished, save for carrying ladies. I saw a shell race (*the* shell race, there being only *one* in two days) between a six oar and two or three four oars, and, on a straight river like the Schuylkill, they all actually carried coxswains in the year of our Lord 1867! The six allowed the fours time and was beaten without allowance. Altogether it seemed a burlesque. The winning boat was from 40 to 50 feet short and won from the superior pulling of the stroke, who, though miserably cramped for room, showed a style so modern that I saw, instantly, that he had learned to row somewhere out of the Schuylkill navy. His name was, I think, Law, a college boy—Harvard, I believe. His was the only decent stroke I saw, and a modern racing shell, steered by the bow oar, would, *two years* ago, have beaten the Schuylkill shells as easily as Dexter would a clam horse—and if the navy was so far behind *them* it probably hasn't caught up in a few years.

Then I went back to the Philadelphia House, with its balcony and band of music and its crowd of ladies, and I saw the boats return to the houses. Very pretty they were and well pulled, according to the old style of "arm stroke." And I mused much upon the fact that all this rusticity was because the Schuylkill navy never rowed outside of itself, and so, never having its rust rubbed off, it never brightened up. Its regattas are well ordered, entirely amateur and beautiful, but a club or a navy must come in contact with other clubs and navies to keep up in the progress of the age. Seclusion and isolation breed old fogyism—home-keeping youths have ever homely wits.

I wonder that canoes are not used in this country; not the Indian birch back canoe, but the Rob Roy style, about fifteen feet long and thirty inches broad. There is a canoe club at London, and there may be more in England, but we never heard of more than one canoe being built in America—Stephen Roberts built that one. For going with the stream they must be the perfection of comfort, because you face the way you are going, have a comfortable back to your seat to lean against and are not cramped and confined, as in a light rowing boat. Against swift currents they are not available, for the power of paddling is not nearly so great as that of rowing, but up a slow stream or down any stream they must be delightful. Who will organize a canoe club in the Hudson Regatta Association or the Schuylkill navy? The Philadelphia boys have just the place for canoeing.

Manifold are the perils of those who go down to the sea in cockle shells! A friend of mine was once pulling in a single shell up the river, when he rowed over the back of a sturgeon which some fishermen had caught and tied with a rope in a shallow spot. The sturgeon, not liking to have its back scratched with a curry comb ever so many feet long, gave a wallop and flirt with his tail, and up and away went boat and boatman! It was a small edition of the whale and the whale boat!

I remember at one of our club meetings the question of swimming was being discussed. It would seem as though no one could dispute the benefit and safety to a boatman of being able to swim. But a member of an original turn of mind stated and argued that it was very unsafe for a boatman to learn to swim, because, in case of an upset, a swimmer would go for the shore and probably be drowned before he reached it; whereas a man unable to swim would cling to the boat till rescued. Of course every one laughed at him, but within a week he was triumphantly vindicated. Our gig upset with seven men therein. Six could not swim and so got on the boat's bottom; the seventh man started for shore, was seized with a cramp and barely managed to struggle back to the boat before he sank. We immediately elected the advocate for non-swimming president of the club.

MEMBER OF CONGRESS.—A gentleman one day calling at the house of a wealthy member from New England, in Washington, had the following conversation with a diminutive "fifteenth amendment" that attended to the door:—"What's your name?" "Sambo, sah, am my Christian name." "Well, Sambo, is your master a Christian?" To which Sambo's indignant answer was:—"No, sah; mass' member ob Congress, sah!"

SUSANNAH.

WRITTEN FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER,

BY JOSEPH T. GRANT.

Susannah fair, with golden hair,
And beauteous, rosy face,
With ankle neat and tiny feet,
Was crossing o'er the lane.

Tripping along, a merry song
With joyful heart she sang;
From neighboring booth a handsome youth
Unto her presence sprang.

She, in affright, attempted flight—
He gently bid her stay;
His tender voice, O youth, rejoice,
Went to her heart straightway!

Quoth he:—"My love, my gentle dove,
Thou'st made my heart a very jar.
Dear darling sweet, thy charms complete
Do fill my heart with joy!

My love! my life, would'st be a wife,
In path of hymen led?"
She blushed and sighed, then soft replied:—
"Go home and seek yer head!"

BUFFALO, N. Y., April, 1870.

A GLANCE AT EUROPE.

WRITTEN FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER,

BY A TRAVELING SHOWMAN.

Sight-seeing in Italy.—No. 27.

TURIN AND VICINITY—THEATRE ROYAL—MONUMENTS TO ROYALTY—VICTOR EMANUEL PIAZZA—VALENTINO—PAVILIONS—ROYAL PALACE—SAN GIOVANNI CATHEDRAL—MUSEUM OF EGYPTIAN ANTIQUITIES.

Next day we were aroused early to witness one of the grandest sights in nature, the sun at early dawn gilding the snow-capped peaks of the Alps long before his presence was perceptible in the valley below. Soon the day burst forth in all its beauty, revealing to our gaze the poet's picture of the sunny skies of Italy. After a delightful ramble by the side of a mountain torrent, and visiting the ruins of an old fortress that is perched upon a rock overlooking the town, we returned to the hotel, where a substantial breakfast was waiting; after which we started on our journey from Susa to Turin, where we arrived in about an hour and a half. The railway runs through the picturesque valley of the river Dora, with sight or nine pretty little Italian villages on the route. About midway of the journey we came to a steep rock overhanging the road, on the extreme top of which is perched a convent. Soon after passing this the towers and steeples of Turin appear in view, and we enter that magnificent city. Turin is the capital of Piedmont and is a place of considerable importance, situated on the left bank of the river Po, near its confluence with the Dora, and is 750 feet above the level of the sea. The population numbers 200,000. Francis the First, in 1536, so damaged old Turin that its entire reconstruction became necessary, so that it is comparatively a modern city. The streets are wide, clean, well paved and cross each other at right angles, and some of the chief thoroughfares are provided with spacious arcades. Turin contains 110 churches and chapels, all of which are remarkable for their architecture and for the splendor of their ornaments. There is also a theatre, picture gallery, Egyptian museum, museum of natural history, city museum, gallery of the academy of fine arts, the royal palace, the royal armory, several very fine hotels and *cafés* and a number of gardens and places of resort and recreation. The principal square, or Piazza del Castello, is in the centre of the city; in the middle of it is the castle, in front of which is a marble statue erected by the Milanese to the Sardinian army.

On one side of the square is the Royal Palace, on the other is the Royal Theatre, or Opera House. Two of the principal streets commence at this square, one leading to the square of Statues on one side and the square of Victor Emanuel, and the piazza, or square of the city, on one side of which stands the palace of the municipality. In the middle are two bronze figures representing Count Verde over a fallen Saracen. On one side are marble statues of Prince Eugene and the Duke of Genoa, brother to the king. Under the portico of the palace are statues of the king and his brother. The Piazza di San Carlo is a large square, with arcades on two sides, and the churches of San Carlo and San Christiana at one end. In the middle is a theatrical figure in bronze, on horseback, in the act of sheathing his sword.

The square of Charles Albert has the post office on one side and a magnificent palace on the other. In the centre is a bronze equestrian statue of King Charles Albert. The square of Carignano, close to the last, has the palace of Carignano on one side and the palace of the Academy of Sciences on the other. Near this is a small square with an obelisk, erected to celebrate the abolition of the ecclesiastical courts.

We now come to the piazza of Victor Emanuel, facing the bridge over the Po, the handsomest street in Turin. Looking eastward from this spot we have in front, across the bridge, the church Gran Madre di Dio, on an eminence to the right stands the convent and church of the Capuchins. Behind the church is a royal palace, now used as a place of education for the daughters of military officers. On the left, in the distance, is the Sperza, with its church. Standing on the bridge and looking up the current, the pavilions of the Valentino palace are seen beyond the Suspension bridge. Crossing the bridge and ascending the hill, we reach the convent of the Capuchins, from the terrace of which a beautiful view of the city is obtained and it is a place of great resort for the citizens, as the sight from this spot is grand and imposing. Recrossing the bridge, we started to explore the royal palace, which is always open to strangers on showing their passport.

The palace stands on the north side of Castle square, and is the residence of King Victor Emanuel when that monarch visits Turin. At the entrance of the court are two statues of Castor and Pollux, with horses. On the landing of the grand staircase is an equestrian statue of Victor the First. Higher up are statues of dukes and other kings. The first hall is an immense guard room, and then succeeds a series of rooms magnificently decorated, the floors richly inlaid, the walls hung with rare and costly paintings and the furniture of the most costly description. Attached to the palace are two halls filled with arms. This is called the Royal Armory. The collection is a very fine one and includes specimens of several nations, but is richest in those of Italy. Many of the articles possess a historical interest. For example, the sword won by Napoleon at the battle of Marengo; the sabre of Charles the Fifth; the cuirass, sword and pistols of Prince Eugene, used by him at the battle of Turin, in 1706; an ancient sword handle and oval shield, firelocks, swords, spears and helmets. Some of the body armor is beautifully inlaid and otherwise ornamented. Another room contains the royal collection of coins and medals. It is particularly rich in Italian pieces, including a very complete series of those struck in the state of Sardinia. Upon the same story with the armory, with a collection of 40,000 printed volumes, and a large number of manuscripts and drawings by the old masters, engravings and autograph letters. Behind the palace is the royal garden, not very large, but beautifully laid out and finely shaded with trees. In one part of the garden is a collection of living animals, a sort of Zoological garden. From here we proceed to the castle, which occupies such a conspicuous position in the middle of the principal square, which consists of an old brick structure with two towers. Before the removal of the government to Florence the senators assembled here. At present the building is used as an astronomical observatory.

The Cathedral of San Giovanni is adjacent to the Royal Palace, and contains some curious relics. The principal one is the Holy Napkin, on which the Saviour's countenance was supposed to be miraculously impressed. This is preserved with pious care, but as St. Peter's at Rome and two churches in Florence lay claim to a similar relic, it is clear that the original has been wonderfully multiplied. The chapel where this is deposited is approached by a flight of steps on each side of the choir. It is in the form of a rotunda, lined with dark marble and having a cupola of singular construction. Here are the monuments of three kings of the House of Savoy, and a sitting marble figure of Queen Maria, wife of Victor Emanuel. There is a secret communication between this chapel and the Royal Palace.

Our next destination was the Museum of Egyptian Antiquities, which occupies two stories of the building belonging to the Academy of Arts and Sciences, the most valuable collection in Italy. On the ground floor of the building the larger objects are placed, such as statues of divinities, kings, sphynxes, sarcophagi, etc., the most interesting object being the pedestal of a table used in religious ceremonies, covered with hieroglyphics, and is the oldest relic in the collection, it being supposed to have been made 2,664 years before the birth of Christ. A sitting statue, in black basalt, of Thothmes the Third, 1,591 B. C.; a kneeling statue, in red granite, of Amenopes the Second, 1,565 B. C; a fine sarcophagus, of black basalt; a very fine statue of Sesostris, with miniature figures of his wife and daughter on the sides, 1,388 B. C. (this was sent to the great exhibition in London in 1852); a colossal statue, in red sandstone, of the second Osirtasen, whose reign the exodus of the Hebrews took place; the Egyptian Trinity, Osiris, Isis and Horus, three figures in one piece of red granite. In the other halls are Greek and Roman statues and busts, the following being the most remarkable:—A colossal bust of Juno, hollowed out so that the priest could get inside and "work the oracle;" black marble statue of Diana; a bust of Circe or Medea, with undeciphered characters on it; bronze bust of Agrippina, the mother of Nero; bust of young Caligula; statue of Minerva; decree of Hadrian engraved on a small plate of bronze; the eagle belonging to a Roman legion; a collection of silver ornaments and plate with bas reliefs; collection of bronze idols found in the island of Sardinia; Etruscan vases and Phœnician terra cotta; some fragments from the tomb of Gaston de Foix, &c. Proceeding up stairs, we find another series of Egyptian antiquities, comprising mummies and mummy cases (the hair in several instances excellently preserved); inscribed tablets, gold and other personal ornaments, seals, small bronzes, and articles illustrating the many local forms in which human superstition has exhibited itself. In the middle of one of the rooms is a bronze tablet with hieroglyphics, known as the Isiac table, of great antiquity and the subject of much dispute as to its origin. We next visit the Museum of Natural History, always open free to strangers, which contains a large zoological, mineralogical and geological collection; among them a number of fossils from South America, remarkable for their size and completeness. The next is the Academy of Fine Arts, with a fine collection of paintings among them, including several originals from the pencils of Rubens, Raffaelle, Romano, Titian and Da Vinci. The Museo Civico, open free to the public, contains a gallery of modern paintings by Italian artists, several rooms filled with a miscellaneous collection of models and coins, Venetian glass, carved ivory and wood, articles in stone, some framed autographs, a bust of Sappho by Canova, with the sculptor's receipt for 440 Roman scudi attached to it. The Jews have erected an immense synagogue in the Via Montebello, and it is one of the chief sights of Turin. La Consolata is a church with a curious planned interior, where is a much frequented altar dedicated to the Virgin. At one side are the kneeling statues of two queens of Sardinia, who both died in 1855, one being the wife of Victor Emanuel.

The walks around Turin are remarkably beautiful, and in its immediate neighborhood rises the chain of heights called Collina, on which are built superb and picturesque villas. Several small but elegant towns surround Turin within a radius of a few miles, all of which possess objects of interest, such as the royal palace of Stupisingi, one of the finest summer residences in Europe; the Superga, the most renowned spot in the vicinity of Turin, four and a half miles from the city, a hill 2,220 feet high, on the summit of which is a church dedicated to the Virgin. The form is that of a rotunda with a cupola; subterranean galleries have been formed to receive the tombs of the Kings of Sardinia. The chief object, however, for visiting the spot is the view it commands. In one direction is the plain of Piedmont, with the Po meandering across it; everywhere else the horizon is bounded by a vast chain of snowy Alps, with Mont Rosa on one side and Mont Blanc on the other. The hill is so steep that carriages cannot ascend it, so you have to go up on foot or on a donkey. There were many other places in and around Turin well worthy of a visit, but we had not the time to spare, so we gave them the "go by." The citizens of Turin are remarkably polite and obliging to strangers and will go far out of their way to do them a service; at least I found it so. The carriage drivers are attentive and obliging, and, as they have a rate of charges established by law, they dare not attempt to impose on a stranger. The landlords of the hotels and *cafés* are very reasonable in their charges and are not given to extortion. In fact, Turin is a very nice place to while away two or three days. The town has a very bustling, animated appearance in the day time, and at night the streets, promenades and gardens are full of pleasure seekers, while the places of amusement have their full share of patronage. From here we go to Alexandria and then to Genoa, which I will next describe.

MOSES. LA THORNE.

OUR GAME BAG.

Golden Gleanings—Merry Thoughts—Wise Proverbs—Fun and Sentiment.

CONUNDRUMS.

WHICH is the cleanest letter in the alphabet? H. Because you will always find it in the midst of washing.

WHEN does a bell know it is going to ring? When it is tolled (told).

WHEN is a leg of mutton like venison? When it's dear. When is it like a modern poet? When it's browning.

HOW can you get more than one hundred cents for a dollar? By investing in a bottle of perfume.

WHY is Fechter an exponent of woman's rights? Because he believes in *Le Clercq*.

"SAMBO, why am dat nigger down de hole ob de boat like a chicken in de egg?" "I gives um up." "'Cause he couldn't git out of it wasn't for de hatch!"

BREVITIES.

FIGURATIVELY SPEAKING.—The action of a dumb person.

THEY must hunger in frost that will not work in heat.

IF there be no faith in our words, of what use are they?

HONORS come from diligence; riches spring from economy.

THE gem cannot be polished but by friction, nor man perfected without adversity.

VICE stings us even in our pleasure, but virtue consoles us even in our pains.

SURELY some people must know themselves; they never think about anything else.

BETTER one's house too little one day than too big all the year after.

IF you had to have a "bile," where would you have it? On another fellow.

SOLILOQUY ON ENTERING THE PNEUMATIC CHAMBER.—To be or not to-be.

"I'M not so strong as I was," as the onion said after it was boiled.

FOND as Falstaff was of women, he never objected to their giving him the sack.

"THE TALE OF A STORY."—The tongue when it gives utterance to a falsehood.

IT has been found necessary in Nevada to extend the game laws so as to prohibit shooting Chinamen.

THE boy who undertook to ride a horse-radish, is now practicising on a saddle of mutton.

THE notes of a barrel organ should be the finest of all music, for they are ground.

A SPONTIVE DEFINITION.—A CENTAUR:—A man who has "walked himself off his legs" on a horse that has "eaten its head off."

THERE are two periods in the life of man, at which he is too wise to tell woman the exact truth; when he is in love and when he isn't.

THE COMPLEXION of a girl of the period differs from a railway season ticket—the one is and the other is not transferable.

WHEN a man says that his misdeeds have come home to him, you may generally take it for granted that it is because they find it a congenial home.

THE most bashful girl we ever knew was one who blushed when she was asked if she had not been courting sleep.

THE taste for sweets prevails in all of us long after childhood—nay, even in old age, every one wishes to be worth a plum.

A THOUGHTFUL observer is puzzled by finding that for a burlesque to be completely successful, it must have a breakdown.

"LET us remove temptation from the path of youth," as the frog said when he plunged into the water, upon seeing a boy take up a stone.

THE king of Siam is seventeen years old, and is simply known as Sombodi Phrt-Poramendz-Maha-Chu-alu-Korn. He has no other name.

MUSICAL AND MELANCHOLY.—Has the singular fact been remarked that all operas have exactly the same number of pieces, for they all have—a score?

ADVICE TO THOSE ABOUT TO GO TO LAW.—First ask yourself this question:—"Are you morally in the right?" If the answer is "No," go to law by all means, you'll be certain to win.

A SUBSCRIBER writes to an editor in the west:—"I don't want your paper any longer," to which the editor replied:—"I wouldn't make it any longer if you did; its present length suits me very well."

A DARKEY gives the following reason why the colored race is superior to the white race:—"All men are made of clay, and, like the meerschaum pipe, are more valuable when highly colored."

A YOUNG LADY in New Hampshire has just secured a position as school teacher upon the following certificate:—"This is to certify that Tamer Noyes stands on a medium with other girls of her age and sex, and for what I know is as good as folks in general."

MERRY MOMENTS.

A YOUNG LADY sent the following note to her music teacher not long ago:—"Dear Mrs. ——, I wish To Be excused from Taking a Lessin untill a Week from to Day, as We will Be Oo Bulizzy an I wont Have time to Praktes."

"WHAT A MAN he must have been who invented whist!" says Arthur Helps. "He was a man of genius, for he invented trumps, and saw that there were occasions when a small two or three in one suit would be superior to a king or queen in another suit. He was a man in human life, and good illustrations of it may be found every day.

JOSH BILLINGS' GENTLEMAN.—A bob-tail coat, a penny papur koller, a white cotton weskit, yaller trowsers without any cloth into the legs, shiny lether boots, pair of yaller gloves, and inside of 'em all a thing got up in imitation of a man, but as the kounterfeited say, poorly executed, and not kalkerated to deseve; Mastash in dispensabul, and branch unnecessary. Fine specimens on exhibition.

WHO MADE DE PALINGS?—A plantation darky who took to expounding the scriptures after the fashion of the creation of man: "My bredren, when de fust man Adam was made, he was made of wet clay, and set up agin de palings to dry." "Do you say," said one of the congregation, "dat Adam was made ob wet clay, and set up agin de palings to dry?" "Yes, sar, I do." "Who made de palings?" "Sit down, sar," said the preacher, sternly, "such questions as that would upset my system of theology."

A PLUCKY RESOLVE.—A story is told of two Vermont captains in the war, between whom was a generous rivalry, relating to their own gallantry and that of their companies. Both were dangerously wounded at the Wilderness. Captain B. was insensible for two days, but on the third opened his eyes and inquired if Captain W. was alive, and on being told that he was doing well, said, energetically, "Well, if W. can live, I'll be d—d if I die!" And he didn't.

HOW WE LIVE!—Here is a scene, reported from the Paris Correctional Court:—"Prisoner, what were you doing on the Boulevard?" "I was walking there." "How! at two o'clock in the morning?" "There is no article in the Code which says I may not walk on the Boulevard at two o'clock in the morning." "Where do you live?" "I prefer not to answer that on account of my creditors." "One question more—what do you do for a living?" "I sell second hand toothpicks."

A FLUSH.—A reverend lecturer, recently discoursing on the naughty habit of gambling, said:—"You take a hand of cards and commence playing; you bet 25 cents, the next man goes 50 cents better, the next 'sees' it and goes one dollar better, and so on to one hundred dollars." Before going further an old player, who had dropped in to hear what a preacher had to say about "keerds," made the remark, in tones a little too audible:—"By the Lord, old fellow, you must have had a 'flush!'"

AN EQUIVOCAL ANSWER.—A certain literary gentleman, wishing to be undisturbed one day, instructed his Irish servant to admit no one, and if any one inquired for him to give him an "equivocal answer." Night came, and the gentleman proceeded to interrogate Pat as to his callers. "Did any one call?" "Yis, sur, was gintleman." "What did he say?" "He axed was your honor in." "Well, what did you tell him?" "Sure, I gev him a quivvikle ansur jist." "How was that?" "I axed him was his grandmother a monkey!"

ANCIENT.—A cautious look around he stole,
His bags of chink he chunk,
And many a wicked smile he smole,
And many a wink he wunk.

MODERN.—He sneezed a snooze, and cried, "Who snoze?"
While yet his hand upon his nose
The real offender grimly squoze.

AN ACCOMPLISHED MAN.—The following advertisement, which appeared in a western paper, is a good index to the versatility and the retiring character of the American pruter:—

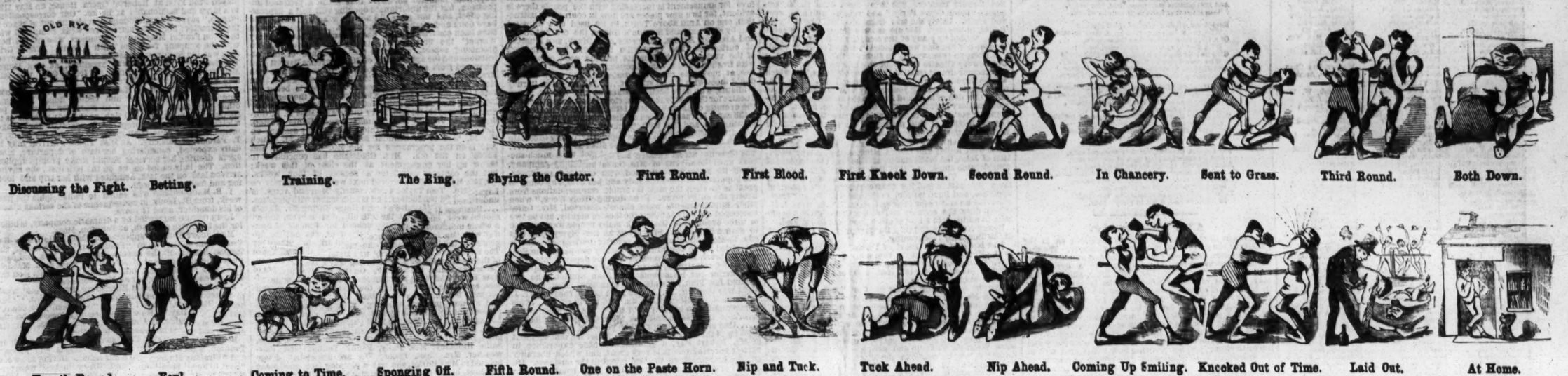
W

THE COMIC SIDE OF THE PRIZE RING.

REAL REPRESENTATION OF A PUGILISTIC CHAMPIONSHIP MATCH.

AS DESIGNED ON THE SPOT,

BY OUR DESIGNING ARTIST, "OUR JIM."



THE TURF.

AMERICAN TURF.

THE HORSE IN THE STABLE AND THE FIELD; BY "STONEHENGE."—This is one of the most valuable works on the subject published in this country. The author, Mr. J. H. Walsh, better known under his *nom de plume* of "Stonehenge," occupies a high rank among English writers on the horse, and this, the American edition, is enriched with copious notes and additions by Drs. McClure and Harvey, both recognized authorities in this country. It treats of the management of the horse in the stable and the field, in health and disease; and, also, contains an interesting and valuable essay on the American trotting horse, with detailed pedigrees of the most celebrated public performers. On the interesting subject of "In-and-in-Breeding," which is now engrossing the attention of our most practical and prominent breeders of racing and trotting stock, the author thus speaks:—"When any new breed of animals is first introduced, in-and-in breeding (by which is to be understood the pairing of relations within the degree of second cousins twice or more in succession) can scarcely be avoided; and hence when first the value of the Arab was generally recognized, the breeder of the race horse of those days could not well avoid having recourse to the plan. Thus we find in the early pages of the stud book constant instances of very close in-breeding, often carried to such an extent as to become incestuous. The result was our modern thoroughbred; but it does not follow that, because the plan answered in producing that celebrated kind of animal, it will be equally successful in keeping up the breed in its original perfection. * * * If the whole of the pedigrees to which I have called attention are attentively examined, the breeder can have no hesitation in coming to the conclusion that in-breeding, carried out once or twice, is not only not a bad practice, but is likely to be attended with good results." The book is published by Townsend & Adams, New York.

TROTTING ON THE FASHION COURSE, L. I.—A trotting match for $1,000, mile heats, best three in five, to wagons, which had been made to come off rain or shine, took place on the Fashion Course, L. I., on Tuesday, the 10th inst. The contending horses were John Murphy's grey gelding Pleasure Boy and Hiram Howe's grey mare Doldy. The day was most inauspicious, the rain falling heavily and rendering the track deep and heavy. Doldy had the call in the betting before the first heat, $50 to $25 being currently offered and taken by the friends of the gelding. After Pleasure Boy had won the first heat, which he did in 2:51, the same odds went begging on his winning the race, and a good deal of hedging business was done by those who had plunged on the mare at the beginning of the contest, and now turned round and invested on the gelding. They, however, caught it heavily, for Doldy won the second, third and fourth heats with comparative ease, and was awarded the race and money. Time 2:51, 2:43¼, 2:47, 2:56.

TROTTING ON THE UNION COURSE, L. I.—Notwithstanding the heavy rain on Wednesday, the 11th inst., the trotting match between John Rogers' grey stallion, John Davis, and L. S. Sammis' grey mare, Phœbe, mile heats, best three in five, to wagons, for $200, came off over the Union Course, L. I. It being understood that the race would take place, rain or shine, there was a good attendance, but the result caused a general feeling of disappointment. The mare broke soon after getting the word on the first heat, bolted, and the stallion, going along steadily, opened such a wide gap that he crossed the score before Phœbe reached the distance stand, and she was consequently shut out. Time, 3:03.

THE ENGLISH TURF.

The Chester Cup.

AN UNLOOKED FOR WINNER.—THE HOUSE OF COMMONS AND TURF REFORM.—RAISING THE WEIGHTS IN HANDICAP RACES.—THE CHARGE OF CRUELTY AGAINST A STEEPLE CHASE JOCKEY.

Rarely has the great race for the Chester Cup handicap, productive as it occasionally has been of surprises, been won by so complete an outsider as it was on the 10th inst. The double victory achieved by Mr. Graham's three year old colt Sabinus, in the City and Suburban Handicap and Great Metropolitan Stakes, caused a general rush upon him for the Chester event, for which he was very favorably weighted, notwithstanding his penalty for winning the two above named races, and although he subsequently sustained a defeat by Miss Shephard in the Newmarket Stakes, yet this exerted little influence on his position for the Roodee race. As little as 3 to 1 was taken about him before the race, while his stable companion Formosa had been also backed down to as low a price as 10 to 1; the actual winner, Our Mary Anne, being not even mentioned in the betting, and any price asked, from 50 to 100 to 1 would have been freely laid to any one desirous of backing her. To the astonishment of all, the race ran to a most exciting finish between the two cracks, Sabinus and Formosa, who, however, showed that no mistake had been made with them, for they ran second and third to the winner, who, a five year old, only carried 104lbs. We shall have full details of the race on the arrival of the mails.

Mr. Thomas Hughes, the author of "Tom Brown's School Days," and the member of Parliament for Frome, has given notice, in the House of Commons, of his intention of inquiring of the Home Secretary "whether, having regard to the great and growing scandals arising from the facilities given for betting in connection with horse racing, and the recent failure of the Jockey Club to deal with the subject, he (the Home Secretary) would be prepared to introduce any remedy for the evil." This is evidently the initiatory step to induce the government to interfere with the national sport of a free people. A few years ago he published in the *New York Tribune* a letter on the English turf and its patrons, characterising the national sport as a gigantic system of fraud. He is evidently acting in cooperation with Sir Joseph Hawley, the disappointed model turf reformer, who, failing to overawe the Jockey Club and compel them to grant him a committee to inquire into the state of the turf with a view to the abolition of play or pay betting, now carries out his threat that, if unsuccessful, he would appeal to the legislature to assist him in his measures for reforming the abuses on the turf. That there are evils existing in connection with racing—one of the greatest of which is excessive and reckless betting, happily designated as "plunging"—none are more conscious than the Jockey Club, and they have given notice of their intention of making inquiry into and dealing with the subject in its entirety at their next meeting, and, after mature deliberations, adopting the best measures for reforming the evils complained of.

The Earl of Coventry is determined to persevere in his exertions to raise the weight to be carried in handicap races, and will shortly bring before the Jockey Club a motion to the effect that the minimum weight shall be 84 lbs. in all handicaps. This measure will be gladly welcomed by the heavy-weight jockeys, whose professional engagements and incomes have been materially reduced in number and amount since two year old races were prohibited being run before the 1st of May. One noted heavy-weight jockey declares that, in consequence of the new rule, he has only had one mount since the racing season commenced at Lincoln, in February.

The prosecution commenced by the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals against George Holman for alleged cruel beating and ill-treating his horse, called the Doctor, in the Grand National Steeplechase, at Liverpool, this spring, resulted in his acquittal, and the mulcting of the society in $100 in addition to their own costs. It appeared, from the evidence before the Liverpool magistrates, that in "Hotspur's" report of the race, published in the London *Daily Telegraph*, he said that "the Doctor's sides were fairly ripped up," and the society, on the strength of this off-hand phrase in the sporting article, commenced the action in question against the jockey. "Hotspur" (Mr. Henry, first editor of the *Sporting Life*) was subpœned as a witness and compelled to leave Newmarket meeting to give evidence in Liverpool. He testified that the sporting phrase "being fairly ripped up" only signified that the finish was a very close and punishing one, and ought not to be construed literally. The magistrates, most of whom were hunting gentlemen, understood the merits of the case at once, and, after a very brief deliberation, dismissed the case. The trial created intense interest in Liverpool, and the issue was productive of immense satisfaction among the public.

Racing at Chester.

OUR MARY ANN WINS THE CUP.

The Chester race meeting was held last week. The cable furnishes us with the result of the several events, which are given below:

FIRST DAY, MAY 10.—The Grovsenor Stakes of 5 sovereigns each, with 100 added, the winner to be sold, if demanded, for 200 sovereigns, 1¼ miles, 13 subscribers, was won by J. Johnstone's b f Performer; Robespierre second, Sunlight third. The Chesterfield Stakes, 5 sovereigns each, with 100 added, for 3 years olds, 1,440 yards, 15 subscribers, was won by Capt. Atkin's ch. c. The Boy; Etruscan second, Nilsson third. The Palatine Stakes, one mile, 220 yards, the winner to be sold if demanded for 400 sovereigns, was won by Mr. Johnstone's br f Sweet Soand. The Belgrave Cup of 300 sovereigns (special), by subscription of sovereigns each, and 100 added, tasethree year olds and upward, three-quarters of a mile, 24 subscribers, was won by Mr. Ray's b c Green Riband.

SECOND DAY, MAY 11.—The Chester Cup, the Tradesmen's Plate of 200 sovereigns in specie, added to a handicap sweepstakes of 25 sovereigns each, 18 forfeit, and 50 sovereigns to second horse, two miles and a quarter (123 subscribers), was won by Mr. Golding's blk m Our Mary Ann, by Voltigeur, out of Garnish, five years old; Mr. Graham's ch m Formosa, by Buccaneer, out of Eller, five years old, second; J. G. Hessey's b g Sabinus, by Newminster, out of Vesta, three years old, third. The betting on the cup race was 100 to 30 against Sabinus, 9 to 2 against Muster, 7 to 1 against Cherie, and the odds so great against the winner as not to be quoted. The City Members' Plate of 60 sovereigns, 1,100 yards, was won by Mr. Payne's b c King of Clubs. The Dee Cup, 1,540 yards, was won by Disturbance; Eugene, second; Colt, third. The Stamford Plate, of 100 sovereigns, for two and three year olds, half a mile, was won by Mr. Goodwin's Thunderstorm, three years old; Talisman, second; Mulatto, third. The Beaufort Plate was won by Mr. Hodson's b f Rebecca; Honeydew, second.

THIRD DAY, May 12.—The Two Year Old Plate of 200 sovereigns, colts, 122lbs.; fillies, 119lbs.; entrance 3 sovereigns; 1,100 yards, (40 subscribers), was won by F. Mouncey's f Shannon; G. Jones' ch f Lady Athlolstone, by Blair Athol, out of Silkstone, second; Mr. Mortemer's b c Jack in the Box, by King John, out of Mazourka, third. The Cheshire Stakes of 200 sovereigns, added to a handicap sweepstakes of 15 sovereigns each, 10 forfeit: 1½ miles (50 subscribers), was won by Lord Anglesey's ch h President Lincoln, 4 yrs; J. Warrington's br m Lily, 5 yrs, second; Mr. Hodgman's br c Vestminster, 4 yrs, third. The 58th year of the Dee Stakes of 10 sovereigns each, with 100 sovereigns added, for three year olds, colts carrying 122lbs.; fillies, 118lbs.; second to receive 20 sovereigns; one mile and a quarter (18 subscribers), was won by Capt. Machell's b c Bonny Swell; Coutts, second; Muster, third. The Handicap for all ages was won by King of Clubs. A Plate of 50 sovereigns, for three years old and upward, three-quarters of a mile, was won by Cawdor.

THE RING.

A GOOD FIGHT IN MINNESOTA.

TOM WHEELER BEATS GEORGE COON

IN SEVENTY ROUNDS, 1 HOUR AND 45 MINUTES.

The soil of Minnesota, a short distance from Maukato, was the *locale* chosen for a milling match between a couple of young fellows named George Coon and Tom Wheeler, *alias* "Bridgeport Tom," who were at loggerheads with each other, and proposed to settle the dispute in the old fashioned way. By exercising commendable caution the principals, their seconds, backers and about two hundred and fifty spectators, succeeded in eluding the vigilance of the police, reaching the ground about 3 o'clock A. M. The ring was quickly erected, and Tom was the first to show up, though Coon followed immediately, both being well received. Wheeler was waited upon by Tom Norton and Coon by John Higgins. After some difficulty a somewhat noted character of that section, dubbed "Red Handed Mike," was chosen referee. The colors were then tied to the stake in front of the referee, Tom sporting a green foige and Coon a kerchief of red, white and blue. At 4 o'clock sharp the men shook hands and threw themselves into attitude for

THE FIGHT.

Round 1.—Some time was spent in sparring, each keeping his eye "peeled" for a chance to lead off advantageously. Tom finally opening the ball by sending out his left, which was cleverly put aside by Coon. More sparring, ending by Wheeler offering with his right, which failed to reach, when they clinched, and, after a prolonged and severe struggle Coon gained the first fall.

2. Both urged the fighting, giving and taking. Coon again clinched his opponent and threw him heavily.

3. Tom came up determined on mischief. After some light exchanges Tom let out with his left and caught Coon in the mouth, knocking him down.

4 to 6 were a repetition of the preceding one, Coon being knocked down as he came to the scratch.

7. This was hard and determinedly fought, Tom getting decidedly the worst. Coon drew the first blood, clinched and threw his opponent.

8. Bets were freely offered—two to one on Tom—but not taken. Both came up eagerly. Coon let fly his left, caught Tom on the left breast, following it up with the right. Tom clinched and fell to avoid punishment.

10. Went to work lively, giving and taking, clinched, and Tom thrown heavily.

11. Tom opened this round by planting his left on Coon's nose and knocked him down heavily. He bled fearfully out of both nose and mouth as he walked to his corner.

12. Coon fought for revenge, letting fly his right and left, each blow telling. Clinched, and Tom went down without a struggle.

13. Coon urged the fighting. He got in his right on Tom's right eye and the latter jumped back to avoid repetition; but Coon followed him up with a well delivered blow. Clinched, and Tom went down.

14. Tom's second advised him not to struggle for the fall, as his opponent was the best wrestler, but Tom followed up the means of winning for him the fight. Tom got in his right on Coon's stomach, knocking him down. The cry of foul was raised by the latter's second, but not allowed.

15 to 20. Short, and with about the same result as preceding rounds.

21. From this to the twenty-eighth round Coon received severe punishment, clinching, and each time throwing his opponent. The cry of "Police" was once raised, but it proved to be a false one.

29. Tom hit Coon in the ribs, raking the flesh and knocking him down.

31. Tom quick, but Coon slow and showing severe punishment, bleeding profusely from nose and eyes, and forehead puffed up. He received another severe blow on the nose, and was knocked down each successive round till the forty-fifth. From this to the fifty-eighth round nothing specially noticeable, excepting that Coon, badly cut and bleeding, fell at the slightest blow.

60. Coon rallied, and with a well directed blow sent his opponent staggering; latter returned a severe hit on the ear, ending the round.

61 to 65. Coon went down each time.

66. Desperately fought. One of Coon's eyes closed and the other nearly shut; face fearfully cut. From this to the sixty-ninth Coon was knocked down each time.

70 and last. Coon urged the fight, every inch closely contested, clinched, and as his opponent went down he dealt him a severe blow on the side, which was claimed as foul and decided the fight in favor of Tom. When the fight was over the latter approached his opponent and complimented his bravery. The colors were delivered over and the parties left the field, the fight lasting one hour and three-quarters. Tom was not badly injured, but his opponent was badly cut up and blinded in both eyes. He and his friends claim unfair treatment, saying that the prejudice of the crowd was against him, and express a desire to have it over again.

CARD FROM TOUHEY.—We were waited upon by Ed. Touhey on the 9th inst., who left the following card for publication, that he may be put right on the record:—

NEW YORK, May 9, 1870.

FRANK QUEEN.—DEAR SIR.—I had intended to settle my little affair between Mr. Kerrigan and myself to die out without my appearing in print, but justice to myself and those who repose confidence in me demand that I contradict the injurious statements which those who once professed to be my friends have circulated because they have suffered pecuniary loss—through no fault of mine, however. I will explain in a few words the reason why I was not on the ground selected for the fight. As the public are aware, I had three benefits previous to the day appointed for our meeting. Out of the receipts of the first of these I gave my principal backer, Mr. Murphy, $30 to put into the stakes, and the balance I paid to liquidate my training expenses, which it was his place to do. He also received from me in the neighborhood of 200 tickets for which I have never received one cent, though it is to be presumed that he disposed of the most of them. All that I received from the two other exhibitions was $36.28. I paid half of the amount agreed upon, $80, to Mr. Simonson, when I began training, and Mr. M. was to pay the other half, but I understand that he has not done so as yet. The day previous to the original fixture I desired to start for Milford, or some other point near Charles Island, but he would not allow me to do so; nor would he go to the expense of hiring a conveyance to take me to New Rochelle, but I was obliged to walk there through the rain and mud. Had I wished to evade fighting I could easily have done so then; but I was anxious, and, still believing that my backer would do right by me, I submitted to it. After the fizzle on this occasion I several times requested him to come to a settlement with me, to which he finally replied (thinking, I suppose, that the stakes would be given to Kerrigan) that he "had settled all he intended to with me." This opened my eyes, and after another day had been appointed I told him I must have a settlement if he expected me to fight. He would not give any satisfactory answer, and had he come to me the day before in time for me to have got to the Hook quietly, and had a night's rest before the fight, I should have gone; but he did not come near me until the night before, when I, indignant at the manner in which I had been treated, refused to go at all. This is a correct statement of the facts of the case, and I am willing to leave the public to judge whether I did right or wrong. As to the reports in circulation of my having sold the fight, I most emphatically deny them, for I never did anything of that kind in my life. I have not received but $36.28 from the two benefits above mentioned—no one else has ever given me a dollar. I can be backed against Kerrigan for $1,000 a side, he to weigh 150 lbs. and I to be confined to 127 lbs., to fight in Canada or Virginia, and if he wishes to make a match let him appoint a time to meet at your office and I will be on hand and ready to put up.

Yours respectfully, ED. TOUHEY.

BUCKETTS OF THEIR MUSCLE.—A correspondent informs us that the inhabitants of Springfield, O., were excited on the 9th inst. over the news of a prize fight which took place in the suburbs on that date. The contest was between Professor Knott and Amos Deffenbach, the former a teacher of dancing and boxing, while the latter runs a saloon by the name of "Bowery." There had been a difficulty between the parties, and they decided to settle the affair by a fight, according to the rules of the P. R., for a purse of $200. Both went through a course of training. They met in a grove at 9 A. M. Knott was seconded by Sam McKnight, and Deffenbach by Peter Finch. John Isham was chosen referee. After fighting twenty minutes Knott was knocked out of time. He was badly used up, while there was not a scratch on Deffenbach. Both parties were arrested and are awaiting trial.

WHO IS HE?—A correspondent writes to us from Pittsburgh, stating that "Barney Crassin, the Scottish champion," had arrived there. It will puzzle many of our readers to imagine who the illustrious (?) Barney is.

BASE BALL.

THE FOREST CITY CLUB.

On May 10th, the Forest City Club, of Cleveland, opened the ball in a match game with the strong nine of the Resolute Club, of the same city, and, after a lively contest, came off the victors, as will be seen by the appended score:

Forest City.	O.	R.	In.	Resolute.	O.	R.	In.
White, c.	2	6	9	A. P. Burwell, 2d b.	3	2	1
Ward, s s.	3	5	5	Grannis, c f.	1	3	3
Pratt, p.	1	5	7	Atkinson, r f.	3	1	1
Sutton, 3d b.	2	5	3	Elliott, s s.	2	2	2
Carleton, 1st b.	2	5	3	Platt, p.	4	2	3
Allison, c f.	4	2	2	Bishop, 3d b.	4	1	1
Kimball, 2d b.	4	3	3	Todd, l f.	2	0	1
Heubel, l f.	3	1	1	Andrews, 1st b.	3	2	0
Smith, r f.	3	2	6	A. S. Burwell, c.	3	2	1
Totals.	27	31	44	Totals.	27	14	13

Innings.	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	
Forest City.	6	2	4	7	1	8	1	0	2	—31
Resolute.	0	1	0	1	2	1	7	1	1	—14

Base play—Put out by Ward, 2; Sutton, 1; Carlton, 2; Kimball, 3—8. A. P. Burwell, 2; Elliott, 1; Andrews, 7; A. S. Burwell, 1—13. Fly catches—White, 3; Ward, 1; Pratt, 1; Carleton, 2; Allison, 2; Kimball, 3; Heubel, 1; Smith, 1—14. Grannis, 1; Atkinson, 5; Andrews, 2—8. Foul bound catches—White, 3; Bishop, 1; A. S. Burwell, 6. Catches on strikes—White, 2; A. P. Burwell, 1. Out on foul balls—Forest City, 8; Resolute, 6. Umpire—Mr. E. S. Parker. Scorers—Messrs. Will E. Chapman and S. J. Bryant. Time of game—Two hours and ten minutes.

On May 12th they took a trip to Cincinnati and played a splendid fielding game with the Red Stockings. We give the score of the innings:—

	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	
Red Stockings	1	0	1	0	1	9	0	0	0	—12
Forest City	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	— 2

Allison, catcher of the Red Stockings, had his right thumb split by a ball in the seventh innings, and his place was taken by Atwater. The former will not probably be disabled many days.

THE KANSAS CHAMPIONSHIP.

The first game of a series for the championship of Kansas was played at Lawrence on the 4th inst. between the Kaw Valley Club, of that place, and the Nasbys, of Ottawa. The former has held the silver ball for several years and thought they had a "certainty" this time, but, as the appended score attests, they were "taken in and done for." During the greater part of the play there was evidently little sympathy for the strangers, for when the Kaws made a good play they were invariably cheered, while the Nasbys' superior skill drew forth disapprobation from the friends of the Kaws. Four consecutive times did the Kaws change their pitcher to get rid of the evidently superior batting of the Nasbys', but without avail. The score:—

Nasby.	O.	R.	Kaw Valley.	O.	R.
Sears, 1st b.	2	5	Lefevre, c.	4	2
Roller, l f.	3	4	Lane, p.	2	4
Dewolf, c.	3	4	Griffin, 1st b.	5	0
Alban, 3d b.	2	5	Haskell, 2d b.	4	3
Mitchum, r f.	3	3	Gilbert, 3d b.	2	4
Dunn, p.	1	5	Beach, s s.	3	5
Easterly, 1st b.	5	1	Longfellow, l f.	2	3
Crosby, c.	3	3	Cosley, c f.	2	4
Franklin, s s.	3	1	Horton, r f.	3	2
Total.	28		Total.		28

Umpire—M. Newmark, of the Kaw Valley.

GAME BETWEEN STUDENTS.

The young men who are storing their minds with useful knowledge at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass., are not unmindful of their physical well being, so conducive to health and longevity, but bestow due attention upon those pursuits calculated to develop the muscles, bring the rosebate hue of robust health to the cheek, impart grace and elasticity to the step and buoyancy to the spirits. Ball tossing is one of their favorite recreations and they enter with zest into its practice whenever leisure will permit. A close game, and one in which was vested much interest, took place there on the 4th inst., between Pennsylvania and All New England nines, the score of which was as below:—

Pennsylvania.	O.	R.	New England.	O.	R.
Gibbons, 3d b.	3	6	R. Reid, c.	2	6
C. Fleming, c f.	3	7	Morse, p.	2	6
Wirgin, 1st b.	2	7	Bixby, 2d b.	3	5
G. Fleming, r f.	1	8	Reid, 1st b.	4	3
Patton, c.	1	6	Moody, r f.	4	2
Hammond, 2d b.	3	5	Williams, c f.	2	5
McClintock, p.	3	3	Smith, l f.	2	5
Nevin, l f.	4	5	Gardner, 3d b.	4	5
Fine, s s.	5	4	Neven, s s.	4	4
Total.	47		Total.		43

Umpire—S. P. Wickes.

A NOVEL GAME.

The "students" of Earlham College, Richmond, Ind., had quite a novelty in the ball line on the 7th inst. The Eureka boys encountered the Upper Ten nine, the former giving the U. T.'s quite an advantage, they playing with one hand and using but one hand to catch and bat; still they were too much for the Tens, as the score will show. On the part of the Unrekas, Nicholson at left played splendidly, capturing some three long flies. The score:—

Eureka.	O.	R.	Upper Ten.	O.	R.
Pickering, c.	1	6	Hibble, c.	3	3
Bals, 1st b.	2	5	Stephens, p.	2	3
Hubbard, s s.	1	5	Moore, s s.	3	3
Bixby, p.	1	5	Richmond, 1st b.	2	3
Parker, 2d b.	3	4	Kibbey, 2d b.	3	1
Nicholson, l f.	3	3	Cammack, 3d b.	5	2
Todhunter, 3d b.	4	3	Wiggins, c f.	3	3
Johnson, r f.	5	3	Wellman, r f.	3	3
Fletcher, r f.	3	3	Anthony, r f.	1	2
Total.	23		Total.		19

Innings.	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	
Eureka	3	2	12	3	3	1	4	3	1	—32
Upper Ten	2	1	1	2	1	1	0	0	2	—10

Flies caught—Pickering, 4; Bals, 3; Hubbard, 1; Bixby, 1; Parker, 1; Nicholson, 3; Todhunter, 1—15; Hibble, 1; Richmond, 1; Cammock, 1; Anthony, 2—5. Umpire—Geo. N. Hartley, of Hawk Eye. Scorers—Messrs. Ladd and Julian. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes.

ECKFORD vs. NISKY.

One of the best games ever played at Bethlehem, Pa., came off on May 7th between the Eckford (formerly Jake Betz) and Nisky Clubs. We present the score:—

Eckford.	O.	R.	Nisky.	O.	R.
Sheridan, c f.	5	2	Bland, 2d b.	4	3
Murty, l f.	6	1	Packer, r f.	1	5
Schweinitz, s s.	0	6	Penn, c.	2	4
Morehead, 2d b.	2	4	Hammond, 3d b.	4	4
Reinike, 3d b.	2	5	Clapp, s s.	3	4
Holland, c.	3	3	S. Yohe, p.	1	5
Mellew, p.	5	3	Prisell, 1st b.	2	4
Dunn, r f.	5	3	Lockhar, c f.	2	4
McKinnen	0	5	G. Yohe, l f.	5	3
Total.	30		Total.		29

Umpire—J. Kemever. Scorers—Bremer and White. Time of game—Two hours and thirty minutes.

ON THE PACIFIC SLOPE.

The opening game of a home-and-home match for a prize bat and the city championship took place at Sacramento, Cal., on April 30th, the competing clubs being the Capitals and Sacramentos. We subjoin the score:—

Sacramento.	O.	R.	Capital.	O.	R.
Gordon, c.	3	5	Gregory, c.	2	2
Magian, p.	3	4	Duel, 2d b.	1	4
Carlisle, s s.	3	4	F. Patton, c f.	1	4
Guthrie, 1st b.	3	5	Kendal, p.	4	1
Fearn, 2d b.	2	6	R. Patton, r f.	4	2
Harkins, 3d b.	1	6	Hatch, s s.	4	1
Butler, l f.	3	5	Hammond, 3d b.	4	1
Devine, r f.	3	3	Hubbard, 1st b.	2	4
Davis, c f.	5	1	Hamilton, l f.	3	1
Total.	34		Total.		30

Time of game—Two hours and thirty minutes.

THE GAME IN CINCINNATI.

The following is the score of a match played in Cincinnati on May 7th between the Alaska and Oriental clubs of that city:—

Alaska.	O.	R.	In.	Oriental.	O.	R.	In.
Riley.	3	3	4	Wunder.	4	3	3
Wieman.	3	3	5	Brock.	3	3	1
Lee.	3	4	4	Benion.	3	3	1
Lassell.	3	4	5	Joseph.	3	1	0
Foynis.	3	4	6	Hartley.	3	1	0
Jones.	3	4	3	Johnson.	3	2	0
Hart.	3	4	3	Durham.	4	3	3
Romes.	3	4	3	Morgan.	4	3	3
Davis.	3	4	3	Patton.	3	1	0
Totals.	27	35	36	Totals.	27	25	16

Innings.	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	
Alaska	3	4	3	7	7	3	2	3	4	—36
Oriental	4	3	2	3	3	2	3	4	1	—25

Umpire—Mr. Gaylor, of Clipper Base Ball Club. Scorer—Mr. John Smith.

THE UNION BASE BALL GROUNDS, BOSTON.—For the benefit of the fraternity throughout the country, but more particularly those clubs proposing to visit Boston this season, we desire to state that these grounds, partially graded last year, are now being put in fine order, thoroughly graded and turfed, a new and higher fence, and more width secured. There are seats for 5,000 people and plenty of standing room, also a substantial club house. They have enclosed five acres of land, which are accessible from the heart of the city by horse cars running to and from them every two minutes, and taking thirty minutes only to make a trip. Hammond, the cricketer, is in charge.

THE RED STOCKING RECEPTION GAME.

The occasion of the return of the "Red Stockings" from their southern tour was marked by a reception on their grounds on May 6th, the feature of which was a match between mixed nines, the score of which we append:—

Brainard's Side.	O.	R.	In.	H. Wright's Side.	O.	R.	In.
G. Wright, s s.	2	5	6	Willard, c.	5	0	0
Blair, 1 f.	3	3	2	Gould, 1st b.	2	3	2
Allison, c.	4	2	5	Black, l f.	2	3	2
Johnson, 2d b.	4	2	3	Bunch, 2d b.	3	3	2
Leonard, 3d b.	1	7	4	H. Wright, s s.	1	3	3
Outcalt, c f.	3	4	1	Holmes, c f.	3	2	2
Brainard, p.	1	5	5	Sweasy, 2d b.	3	2	1
McVey, 1st b.	2	5	4	Atwater, p.	3	2	2
Hall, r f.	4	3	1	McGrew, r f.	4	1	0
Totals.	24	37	31	Totals.	24	19	14

Innings.	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	
Brainard's.	16	1	0	1	3	4	11	1	—37	
Wright's.	2	0	0	2	4	2	8	1	—19	

Umpire—Mr. Draper. Scorer—Mr. Bascom. Brainard's Side—Flies caught, 6; fouls caught, 6; put out on bases, 9. Wright's Side—Flies caught, 6; fouls caught, 5; put out on bases, 8. Time of game—2 hours and 30 minutes.

The bad weather prevented a full attendance.

ALERT vs. NAMELESS.

On Thursday, the 12th inst., a very interesting game was played at Seton Hall College between the Alerts of that place and the Nameless Club of Brooklyn, which resulted in a victory for the Alerts. The score:—

Alert.	O.	R.	Nameless.	O.	R.
St. Lawrence, c.	3	3	Bunn, c f.	5	1
Carnans, s s.	3	5	Jones, s s.	3	3
"Pob," 2d b.	3	5	Kelly, p.	3	1
Parsell, 3d b.	1	7	Harmon, l f.	3	2
Benoit, p.	3	5	Pierson, 3d b.	3	3
Plunkett, 1st b.	5	3	Hill, 3d b.	3	1
Keogh, l f.	4	4	Roberts, r f.	3	3
McCabe, r f.	6	2	Pirnie, 2d b.	2	3
Dowd, c f.	3	3	Hart, 1st b.	5	1
Total.	42		Total.		16

Umpire—Mr Briggs, Alert Base Ball Club. Scorers—Messrs. Lee and White.

THE FOREST CITY, OF ROCKFORD, ILL.

This first class western club have arranged the following programme for their eastern trip:—

Wednesday, May, 18th—Independent, Dundas, Canada.
Thursday, May 19th—Maple Leaf, Hamilton, Canada.
Friday, May 20th—Niagaras, Buffalo, N. Y.
Saturday, May 21st—Ontarios, Oswego, N. Y.
Monday, May 23d—Unions, Lansingburgh, N. Y.
Tuesday, May 24th—Old Elm, Pittsfield, Mass.
Thursday, May 26th—Atlantics, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Friday, May 27th—Unions, Morrisania, N. Y.
Saturday, May 28th—Star, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Monday, May 30th—Mutuals, New York city.
Wednesday, June 1st—Athletics, Philadelphia, Pa.
Thursday, June 2d.—Keystone, Philadelphia, Pa.
Friday, June 3d—Maryland, Baltimore, Md.
Saturday, June 4th—Pastime, Baltimore, Md.
Monday, June 6th—National, Washington, D. C.
Tuesday, June 7th—Olympic, Washington, D. C.
Wednesday, June 8th—Jefferson, Washington, D. C.
Saturday, June 11th—Wheeling, Wheeling, Va.
Monday, June 13th—Forest City, Cleveland, O.
Thursday, June 16th—Chicago, Chicago, Ill.

The secretary informs us that many other clubs have written to him to make games, but says it will be impossible to make any further engagements and reach home in time to fill others already entered into. This notice will be sufficient answer to the many clubs that have written.

BASE BALL AT BALLSTON SPA.—At a meeting of the Sans Souci Club, of Ballston Spa, held Monday evening, 9th inst., the following officers were elected:—President, Ed. F. Grose; First Vice President, Gideon Anderson; Second Vice President, Thomas Padgham; Secretary, Millard Noxon; Treasurer, J. W. S. Barrett; Captain First Nine, J. S. Radley; Captain Second Nine, Chas. Connors; Directors, J. F. Barnes, A. B. Cole, John Barron, R. S. Nevels. The Sans Souci Club are champions of Saratoga county, and will place their strongest nine in the field this season. They will have an enclosed ground, and are intending to show some of their best playing during the season. The club contains several good players, who only require practice to be able to compete with the best junior clubs in the state.

HARVARD CLUB.—The Secretary of the Harvard Club informs us that they have in view a trip to the west and south during the month of July. They expect to leave Cambridge about the 1st of that month, meeting the Yale nine at New Haven on the 4th, thence to Albany and Troy, and through central New York, stopping at Utica, Syracuse, Rochester and Buffalo. From the latter place, by way of Cleveland to Chicago; thence to Indianapolis, Cincinnati, Portsmouth, Wheeling, Pittsburgh, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, and stopping at New York. Not knowing the address of the secretaries of many of the clubs at the above mentioned places, the Harvards would be pleased to hear from them as soon as possible. Communications should be addressed to James B. Wells, Secretary, Cambridge, Mass.

ATHLETIC CLUB, OF SYRACUSE.—The Athletic Club, of Syracuse, N. Y., was organized on May 2d, with the following officers:—O. G. Lumbard,

THEATRICAL RECORD.

Movements, Business, and Incidents of the Theatrical, Circus, Musical and Minstrel Profession.

Clipper Post Office.

☞ A STAMPED ENVELOPE, plainly addressed, must be enclosed for each and every letter sent for. Where there are two or more persons of like name in the profession, the line of business followed by the party addressed should be given, in order to prevent mistakes.

LADIES' LIST.

Agra, Zaluma
Bryant, Jennie
Booth, Josie
Brevoort, Kate
Bastion, Marie (2)
Burton, Clara
Crone, Miss
Clair, Emma (3)
Coraforth, Annie,
Durand, Rose
Edstrome, Mrs. F.
Fish, Marion
Geraldine, Mlle.
Granelle, Addie
Gregory, Gertrude
Germon, Effie
Howitt, Mary
Heathcote, Miss
Howitt, Belle
Hudson, Leo
Jamison, Carrie
Keene, Lucy
Meyer, Sophie
Moore, Carrie A.
Macarie, Mad.
Price, Jennie W.
Pike, Mollie
Post, Mrs. E. M.
Richmond, Ada,
Smith, Annie (2)
Sharp, Emily L.
Sudlow, Bessie
Sangalli, Rita
Sanyeah, Mad.
St. Clair, Sallie
Tiffany, Annie W.
Thompson, Lydia
Taylor, Miss M.
Vane, Alice (2)
Worrell, Mrs. Wm.
Wells, Minnie
Warren, Effie
Wray, Ada
Warner, Mrs. Chas.
Yeamons, Annie

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

Arden, Jno. W.
Ames, C. T.
Arlington, W. (3)
Anderson, Albert
Allen, Johnny
Armstrong, G. F.
Amateur,
Albaugh, J. W. (4)
Abrahams, F. (4)
Allen, Johnny
Blumenschein, Philip
Brown & Sandiord,
Barnum, Hy.
Buchanan, McKean (3)
Barnard, James O.
Baiher, Geo. A.
Bensley, Jas.
Brennans,
Bronte, C. E.
Bidaux, Gustave
Burton, Clarence
Boulard, J. M.
Carner, J. W.
Cummings, J. H.
Castle, Chas.
Camp, W. A.
Clarke, Kit
Connwell's Stereopticon,
Carley Frank
Carrera Family,
Clark, Phil. A. (2)
Casper, Albert S.
Carland, Andy
Converse, F. B.
Carleton, Wm.
Cutler, George
Coldield, Jno. J.
Duffy, Edward R.
Deufer, John (5)
Dowland, Edwin
Delano, Jeppe
Delion, E. R.
Dunn, Jno.
Derfis,
D., John
Dow, Hiram
DeSosia, Al.
Dana's Stereopticon,
Dupont, Edward
Durand, Geo.
Dowling, Joe J.
Emerson, Billy (2)
Emerson, Fred.
Eckman, Rud
Eldridge, J. Prescott
Eades, Harry
Edwards, Welsh
Ferris, Jack
Forsecone, J. K. (2)
Flandred, P. E. (2)
Firth, Edwin (2)
Grady, G. G.
Golick, Jas. T.
Gilbert, F. F.
Gaylord, Joe
Gurr, Harry
Holtum, Herr
Hall, Frank
Hartel, J. E.
Hoffman, Albert
Hogan, J.
Holzer, Nat
Howell, Jim
Hall, J. Clinton
Hamall, Hugh (2)
Heil
Holden, Edward
Hawkins, John Jay
Holtum, John
Hogan & Hughes,
Hapgood, H. B.
Hastings, Ait. H.
Hall, Geo. L.
Howell, Jim
Hannan, Richard
Irwin, Selden (2)
Jones, Albert
Jones, Arnold
Keeble, Walter
Kendall, H. A.
Kenney, C. D.
La Grove, W. A.
Lavake, Will
Lang, Joe (2)
Leni, Edwin B.
Lazelle, Fred.
Lauri, E.
Leon de Leon,
Leonard, J. A.
Mayne, W. W.
McEvoy, Chas.
Morrison, J.
Mace, James (2)
Marshall, H. A.
McBride, John
Mellars, Arthur
Mathews, F. W.
Murphy, Con T.
Mink, Theodore
Mayo, Frank
Merwin, J. C.
MacEvoy, Frank
Morgan, W. C.
Newton, Edwin
Newcomb, W. W. (2)
Nugent, J. E.
Norton, Joseph
Novelty (2)
O'Harra, Frank
Ough, W. A.
Ough'on, Wm A
O'Neil, Jas. (3)
Pentalnger, Thos.
Parsse, S. D.
Quigley, Myron P.
Quinton, Jas. J.
Ravel, Belvil
Robinson, Justin
Robinson, Harry
Rogers, Neil
Rhine, Chas.
Rampone, J.
Riley, Jas.
Rouse, Wm. A.
Roberts, Tom G.
Righton,
Rubini, Sig.
Rivers, Frank
Shay, Charley
Stickney, Willie
Shelly, Jno. F.
Simmons & Slocum(6)
Snyder, Adam (2)
Smith, Prof. H.
Sackett, Eddie
Sherman, C. P.
Schopfer, Jacob
Sharpley, Sam
Smythe, Dr.
Showers, Andy
Sherry, Jas. F.
Slocum, Chas. T.
Springer, Andy
Stanzelle, Louis F.
Trewalla, Jno. H.
Warhurst, Thos.
West, Silas
Whitlock, Geo. H.
Walker, Jos. M.
Williams, Wm. H.
Withers, Wm.
Ward, Jas. W.
White, Charley
Wallace, W. Stuart
Warner, Neil
Williams, James
Weightman, Chas.
Yates, Ben

Introductory Overture.

MONDAY, May 16, 1870.

THREE EVENTS during the past week gave New Yorkers something to talk about, and these were, first, and most important, the Mace and Allen fight; second, the *finale* of the McFarland-Richardson tragedy; and third, the convention of the Female Suffrage Association. The only drawback to a *full* enjoyment of each and all of these was the fact that they all came to pass on one day, Tuesday, 10th inst. Had they been spread over the week, with a couple of days between, the excitable population of this city might have "wallowed" in each event with greater gusto, and their delight would have been prolonged. As it is, we have much to be thankful for; no people are blessed with more sensations, of an exciting nature, than the free and independent residents of this island of Manhattan. We feel indebted to Messrs. Mace and Allen for the enjoyment we experienced in learning how beautifully blue they painted each other's eyes; how scientifically they cut and bled each other; with what artistic skill they handled the dexter fin, or delicately insinuated the mauly in close conjunction with the other's manly proboscis; yes, gentlemen of the ring, we are under a deep sense of gratitude "for what these two have been to each other," as brother Frothingham has so wisely said, and shall look for a continuance of the same blessings in time to come. Of the McFarland tragedy we have little to say—we certainly should be thankful that the innocent jury have been discharged and made free men again; that the verdict gave pleasure to an appreciative audience was evident from the enthusiasm of the assemblage, and the disposition evinced by sundry of the fair sex present to embrace the prisoner. Neither was the women's suffrage convention without its good points, in so far as it enabled several of the dear creatures to get rid of a quantity of surplus steam, and thus prevent them from going on a private bust; the convention is a sort of safety valve, and may be set down as an annual necessary evil.....For the enlightenment of our broken Dutch readers, we sent our German critic to the Fifth Avenue Theatre a few evenings ago to witness the last dying throes and hear the confession of "Frou-Frou," whose lease of life is fast drawing to a close. Here is what the critical Dutchman says about it:—

DOT FROW FROW.

She vas a liddle gal mid much eyes und hair, und much-a-friv-leasniss what you call dot. She vas always dripping around mid a light heard, und vas always vearing a sig dress, so dot drain could russel, so she coot keep dot name, Frow Frow. Bimeby she gits marrid do a quied young feller, (who vas much dought of by Frow Frow's sister). Bud marrid life is do shdill for her, und she always goes to balls und barties und brize fights, und leaves her husband home do mind der baby und make der meals. She neglects eferydings, und don'd efen vash de vinders, so her husband gits Frow Frow's sister der bosishon of butler, dot she can reckulate der household affairs. Dis make Frow Frow jealous, und she makes hafe it, und der husband voodent hafe it different, so, by jinks, she goes off mid a goot lookin feller to East New York. Den de husband gits de sefen years idch, un he almost dies, und he valks out to East New York, to see de odder woman. Don't a good scene. He is so veak from dot idch, dot he can hardly shdood up, und he shdaggers first rade. He dalks heavy, und goes out und "gits away" mid der goot lookin feller. In der last scene, she returns in a dying manner. I do no vas de matter of her. Perhaps she caught dot idch from him. Vell, dot Frow looks very sigk indeed, und blendy of vite shtuff on her sheegs, und black dress midout boobs. She pips out de sofdest sords und vimpers. I was Chonah, und in vone hog I sighs a leedle tid, reds forgiven, says dot's all's right, und makes some sarcasmness about her being always Frow Frow, und frivolousness, und careless, und dot she can'd do anyding serious. Bud she shows dem dot she can on account she dies, vich dot is serious enuff, I bast you, ain'd it?

.....Talking about yarns, Thackeray used to tell a good story at dinner, when he was in this country, and one of them was this:—A dinner giver in London was bragging of the age of the wine he was serving to his guests. "You have never tasted *older* wine, I guess, than that Madeira." "I beg your pardon," was the reply, "but I can prove to you that I have. When Noah paid off the ark my ancestor bought his *sea-stock*, and it has been handed down to my father. There may, perhaps, be three bottles or so left".....There's a blind man who "follows his profession" on one of the large thoroughfares, who excites a deal interest. He is called "Blind Man." "Our Jim," who is very observing when he's not off color, says that "that blinde man has more e's than eyes." Jim gets off these little squibs with perfect ease.....Being in a very happy frame of mind, we will now offer you some happy thoughts from our diary, after Burnand's "Happy Thoughts":—"No. 1.—Walked out the other day—saw a rag-picker—he looked so extremely miserable, dirty and unattractive that immediately occurred this sensible "happy thought:" never be a rag-picker. 2.—Got home very tight the other night. Wife, not being used to see us so, was very much frightened. How can we prevent her from becoming frightened, should it occur again! She, certainly, wouldn't be frightened were she used to it. "Happy thought"—get tight every night and she'll get used to it. 3.—Reading so many murder cases, etc., we think it rather dangerous to go around much in crowd, with signs of danger, wonder which is safest time to leave? "Happy thought"—leave as soon as you hear some one say:—"Well, I don't think you will." These are all the *happy* thoughts we have at present.....In the columns of the CLIPPER you'll find a deal of fun, and to give you a synopsis these few lines we have begun; we'll take the news theatrical and the *dramatic* per second, and how what line of biz. they're in and how they do the play:—"Hamlet," when played at Edwin Booth's, the stamps unto him nets; there's were the "Lady of Lyons" found "A New Way to Pay Old Debts." And next there's Charley Fechter, 'bout whom the papers gas; *he's* dropped the "Melancholy Dane" for the drama of "Ruy Blas." "The Wizard Skiff" was "Lost at Sea," with Robertson in the "Caste;" and Jefferson from his twenty years' sleep is waking up at last. 'Tis said that Dale's "Frou Frou" gal is pretty hard to beat, but then the critics all do say "good plays are *such* a treat." Tim "Toodles" he got on a spree with "Everybody's Friend," and from the south we learn that Lingard's got the "Grecian bend." Of burlesque we have something new, and by the way a treat, since Mrs. Oates, in Olympic's halls, gives us fun that can't be beat. There's the troupe of Thompson, too, still warbling their odd rhymes,—in Chicago they lost not their name by the Storey of "Hard *Times*." And there's the Chapman sisters, too, in burlesque and in farce—to beat them there's few traveling—at least they're very scarce. Fair Elise, too, in playing "Nip" knows it is her best Holt: and then the circuses, too, are out, with many a smart, young colt. Nor can we Sophie Worrell pass, nor leave her in the cold; she's now a Worrell'd in herself, at least so we've been told. And there's the minstrel companies have hauled in some "Hard Cash," the Frisco boys by serving up their dish of hasty "Hash;" but when at Kelly & Leon's we thought it quite a shame, that Purdy had each night to climb the frightful "Ladder of Fame." "Daniel in the Bryant's Den" to please you will nightly try, and Daniel and Dave Reed, you know, are "Red Hot" on "shoo Fly." Our space is small, as you will see, or more to you we'd say, about the plays in general, and the actors of the day.....A theatrical manager, who served a collegiate apprenticeship, and went through all the professorships of the great schools of learning, told us the other day that *high-falutin* was not, as has been generally supposed, an American western phrase. He says it had its origin in a prolonged debate in Cambridge, England, upon the arguments of Newton's *Principia*. A pompous advocate of his system, wordy and windy, said in conclusion:—"Let us have a vote, fellows, upon our great master; I seek to sway no one from his honest faith, but while I live I shall go *high for Newton!!!* And this is the true origin of *high-falutin*, for the term became a nickname for the speaker, and a general by-word in the University.....We will wind up this highly interesting department of our invaluable paper," by presenting to your notice a few

HINTS FOR PLAYWRIGHTS IN GENERAL.

'Twere sad if true, as has been often hinted,
That in this far spread land of golden dreams,
On which fair freedom's sun so long has glinted,
We've for our drama no original themes;
But then no fact too stubborn for this age is,
As every one that gropes in history knows,
And many a topic buried in its pages,
Drest for the stage, might blossom as the rose.

For brilliant genius there's a topic worthy
In vaporish myths of Nicaragua's realm,
And on our sea coast, where the Norse man swarthy,
In times historic, turned his venturous helm.
In those old fanes of Copan, where huge forests
Arch over temples, statues, idols fallen,
And hieroglyphs, in mud obscured and morassed,
Echo mankind notes to each other callin',
There, and in Mexico's famed teocalli,
On which long ages gone were captives slaughtered,
And in old Montezuma's fated rally
'Gainst Signor Cortes, who his favor courted,
Are subjects which, in brilliancy, freakon
Are not than Thalaba or Cyrus fainter,
And eke for scenic hints bedimes is crack on,
Ideas to satisfy the best scene painter.

Ah! and there's Leon, too, that gay old buffer
Who went across the Mississippi for gold,
But was a fee than his proud self much tougher
And owned he had by money sharps been sold;
Not to take note of Gama and Pizarro,
Who crossed at Darien in an early day,
Or Morgan, that bold, buccaneering tar-oh,
Who leveled every town that wouldn't pay.
Columbus—Christo!—whom we moderns swear by,
Comes in as Godsend to the author's needs,
And Raleigh, whom the Indians got a scare by,
And scenes that grow up around like weeds.
The Pilgrims too, those antiquated heroes
Who went to Plymouth in a fishing smack,
And for opinions sake proscribed, like Neros,
'Gan into other folks their tests to whack.

Revive the witches, original spirit rappers
Who, in old Salem, soared up on their brooms,
Of all our faith in fairy lore the uppers,
With dust of ages on their several tombs;
Give us bold Captain Kydd, that sing'lar pirate
Who robbed that he might get at gold to bury,
And did soak down (may his ghost not be traie'd)
Enough to reach from here to Charon's ferry.

Take Hendrick Hudson and Von Geesen-Goosen,
Who "fit" the Indians (see Wash Irving's story),
About the time of Rip Van Winkle's snoozin',
And went to Hades in a blaze of glory.
Take Doctor Kane, who scorned the Arctic regions;
Take Washington, and, for an offset, Burr—
But, bold! ideas present themselves in legions,
And emulation this must serve to stir.

The Indians, pastoral, but they were red men,
And we are white; but then of old, 'tis said,
Adam was red, though we are better bred men,
And Shakespeare's Moor and Othello are bled.
Into the lives around us, if we look,
There's quite enough to stimulate the "pole"
In Nature's lore, if not in Folly's book.

City Summary.

MANAGER BUTLER has no cause to complain as to the paucity of the patrons of the Theatre Comique. The programme offered is extremely diversified and numbers many pleasing entertainers. Little Corinne is a lively little singer, whose singing always finds favor, and the same may be said of Jennie Kimball, who is very pleasing in sero-comic songs. Master Barney did a jig and appeared as the Wife in "Matrimonial Blessings." Annie Hindle playing the husband, who comes home full of spirits. It is a laughable act and pleased the audience. C. A. Booth, the velocipede rider, made his American *debut* at this house on the 9th. He is an expert with the bicycle and gives a performance that is novel. He does fancy and intricate riding, and his showing how a beginner acts on the velocipede is quite laughable. He received a number of pretty severe falls. In the burlesque Clodoche Quadrille, Add Ryman and J. C. Stewart created an immense deal of fun and laughter. W. B. Harrison with his extemporaneous singing pleases and the *ballet* is one of the principal features of the performance.

GEORGE LEA, who is residing in the country, retired from the show business, was in this city the past week.

CHARLEY F. WILD died in this city on the 11th inst., of consumption, aged 32 years. He was well known to many professionals and patrons of Wallack's Theatre, as the assistant door keeper of that establishment, attending to the outside business. He was an affable gentleman, and liked by all who knew him.

MESSRS. GALLOWAY AND WALDRON, of the Alleghanians Vocalists and Swiss Bell Ringers, returned to New York last week from a successful tour west. They are to greatly augment their singing department by a double quartet for their next tour.

GEORGE CORE, that most excellent versatile performer, met with quite an affliction on the 9th inst., the right side of his face becoming paralyzed. He was unable to appear at the Theatre Comique during the past week. The doctor gives him hope of a speedy recovery.

JENNY BENSON, the cloggist and Irish song and dance artist, has been secured for the Bella Union, San Francisco, Cal., and leaves by the overland route on the 23d inst.

WILLIAM CARLETON has returned to this city from his traveling tour.

TONY PASTOR presents such attractions at his Opera House, in the Bowery, that the *habitues* of that popular establishment have no cause for complaint on the score of diversity, for the programme is full of variety. Tony delights his audience with his selection of comic songs, while Nelse Seymour and Frank Kerns, as well as the various members of the company, render their acts with a vigor and force that is pleasing. Hattie Snow is very clever with her serio-comic singing, and Charles Howard's "Happy Uncle John" is received with shouts of laughter and applause. Prof. Sylvester, aided by Angelique Schott, give a pleasing performance of magic. John A. Poole's drama of "The Orphan Boy of the Bowery" was the afterpiece the past week, with George Thompson and T. G. Riggs in the principal characters.

LOUISA MOORE AND C. WYNDHAM, of Wallack's Theatre, are preparing for a brief traveling tour, with the military drama of "The Lancers," in which they have been so successful at Wallack's the past week. As a military drama it is not only a handsomely produced affair, so far as the costumes are concerned, but it is a most excellent acting piece.

THE PERFORMING MEMBERS of the Philharmonic Society of this city divide about $130 apiece for their season's work, which includes six concerts, with eighteen public and about twelve private rehearsals.

"THE FORTY THIEVES" has been altered and touched up by C. Ware, and will be played by the Lydia Thompson Troupe before they close their present engagement at Niblo's Garden, which is May 28th. This troupe, we are now told, *will* leave for California as soon as they close here, opening in San Francisco at Barrett and McCullough's Theatre early in June. F. S. Chanfrau's time having been postponed in order to bring in the Thompson Troupe.

THE QUARTET of the Bryant's Minstrels, consisting of Russell, Grier, Brandisi and Rockefeller, take a benefit at their hall on Thursday evening, the 19th inst., the particulars of which are set forth in an advertisement in another column. The quartet is composed of some of the best singers in the profession, and their efforts have been duly appreciated by the patrons of the Bryants' Minstrels during the past season.

"FROU-FROU" sees its last representation, for the present, at the Fifth Avenue Theatre, on the 23d inst., which evening has been set apart for the benefit of D. H. Harkins, the stage manager. George Holland's benefit is announced for this evening, the 16th. The one hundredth performance of this play takes place on the 20th. On the 24th will be given the first representation of "The Good Natured Man."

FLORENCE TEMPLE, a lady known in the profession as an equestrian actress, having performed "Mazeppa" in several cities, died in this city on Sunday, the 8th inst., and was buried in Evergreen Cemetery.

COL. T. A. BROWN'S connection with this paper will cease on and after Monday, May 30th, as he intends to enter the dramatic agency business, at No. 643 Broadway, on the 1st of June, as may be seen by his card among our business advertisements. In view of his retirement from journalism, a number of gentlemen have tendered him a testimonial, which is to take the form of a complimentary benefit, to be given at the Academy of Music on the afternoon and evening of Tuesday, May 31st. From the advertisement of the same, in another column, it will be seen that, in the way of performers, a very large number have volunteered their services, and, if all appear whose names are mentioned, the entertainments offered ought to attract large audiences. The afternoon performance will consist of minstrelsy, in which a large number of prominent delineators will take part. The evening's programme will include farce, burlesque, variety, etc. For the correspondence between the gentlemen who have tendered the benefit and the *beneficiaire*, as well as for the names of the performers, the reader's attention is directed to the advertisement referred to.

MRS. DAVID REED presented her husband, on March 20th, with a bouncing female child.

BELLE HOWITT has been engaged to perform with the Lydia Thompson Troupe, commencing on the 30th of this month. Miss Howitt, we understand, has been secured to play Miss Markham's business.

IF, as has been reported, Mrs. Scott Siddons was paid five hundred dollars for reading "A Midsummer Night's Dream," at the first Philharmonic concert, this season, we are not surprised that the proposition to elect her an honorary member was declined.

MRS. OATES' burlesque company being announced to open at the Olympic, this evening, the CLIPPER will "have a chiel among them takin' notes."

THE KIRALFY TROUPE OF HUNGARIAN DANCERS opened at the Tammany on the 9th inst. The troupe consists of eight *coryphees*, who are graceful and clever dancers. Mlle. Hanlon is the *premier*, and Mons. Imre and Bobby Kiraly are the male dancers. They are well known to the regular theatre-goers of this city, having fulfilled an engagement at the Olympic Theatre a few months ago in the pantomime of "Hickory Diccory Dock." The three principals are easy, graceful and quick, and their dancing elicits considerable applause. They have made a sensation at the Tammany, having been called out and their dance repeated every evening during the past week. Adell Palma, called "the Man Serpent," made his bow in this city at this establishment on the 9th, and at once created a favorable impression. As a contortionist, many persons consider him the best that we have ever had here, accomplishing many seeming impossibilities with the greatest ease. Mlle. Irma, the statue performer, is very good. She gives ten representations, which appeared to please the audience. Jenny Engle, one of the best vocalists in the variety business, has a great selection of songs; she makes a good appearance, and understands how to please her auditors. She was *encored* from four to five times each evening the past week. Billy Athcroft does "My Father Sould Charcoal" in clever style."

AT THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC the Brignoli Opera Troupe open this evening for a season of Italian Opera. The company includes Kellogg, Gazzaniga, Brignoli and several other leading artists, who are familiar to our metropolitan audiences. The operas to be produced this week are "Il Trovatore" on the 16th, "Martha" on the 17th, and "Lucia di Lammermoor" on the 20th. On Thursday they warble at the Brooklyn Academy.

JOHN S. CLARKE appeared at Booth's Theatre on the 9th inst., and during the week in "The School of Reform" and the farce of "Among the Breakers." The latter, a new piece by John Brougham, is described as a "farcical comedy," in which Mr. Clarke appears as Babington Jones. It is a cleverly written affair and was well received by the audience. Mr. C. plays the role of a groom, who is permitted by his master to take a holiday, dress up in private clothes and represent himself as a gentleman. He soon finds himself in rather an unpleasant situation, for he becomes his master's rival for a young lady's hand. He finds himself in difficulty all the time, owing to the position in which he is placed, but at the end everything comes out all right. This week Mr. Clarke appears in "Fox vs. Goose" and "Lost Ashore."

THE "LANCERS"—a new military drama—was produced at Wallack's Theatre on the 9th inst., and held the audience throughout the week to a succession of fair audiences. Victor (Charles Wyndham) is the son of a gentleman who, in a rash moment, enlists as a private in the Third Regiment, under the name of Jolicoeur. One day, during the review, he chances to fall in with a young lady whom he mistakes for a peasant. Having disobeyed orders of his superiors, he is ordered under arrest, but is strongly advised by a friend (Eugene) to disguise himself and visit a ball at a house which proves to be the residence of the sister of the colonel commanding Victor's regiment. There he meets his little peasant, Estelle Duvernay (Louisa Moore). Victor and the Colonel meet, and quite a scene follows, during which they have a fight with swords. Victor is wounded. As Victor is about to be court-martialed he receives his discharge, and the piece ends happily. Charles Fisher as the Colonel, Wyndham as Victor and Louisa Moore as Estelle, were very good indeed. Mr. Stoddart as the drunken Trumpter had a role to which he did full justice, but, unfortunately for him, he gave a double *entendre*, considered as insulting the audience, and he was hissed in a manner that must have made him feel pretty keenly his unfortunate position. The "Lancers" is a pretty good acting military drama, although portions of it are familiar to us. The costumes were very handsome.

MR. CORBYN, father of Sherry Corbyn, and one of the firm of Parravicini and Corbyn, dramatic agents of London, Eng., arrived here on the 10th inst.

THE SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS brought their season to a rather abrupt termination on the 14th inst. It is the intention of the managers to keep the hall closed until about the 16th of September.

THE "TWELVE TEMPTATIONS," at the Grand Opera House, is doing the best business in this city, the house being more crowded and the receipts the largest every evening. We are told that it is the intention of the management to run this spectacle up to the 20th of September. The matinees on Saturday are largely attended, and the spectacle is, without doubt, taken on the whole, equal to anything witnessed in this country for a long time. A *ballet* troupe from Vienna is said to have been secured for this piece and will shortly appear.

MRS. ALBERT G. ENOS—*nee* Lizzie Howard—died in this city on the 6th inst., aged 18 years. The deceased was a member of the profession for the past five years. First appeared at Barnum's Museum in the "Christian Martyrs," and afterwards was with the Bunting Family at the New Bowery Theatre. She then joined John E. McDonough's "Black Crook Party," and traveled with him west and south. Lately she was engaged at the Grand Opera House, in this city. Her disease was dropsy. Her funeral was attended by many of the company of the Grand Opera House; her remains were placed in a vault at Greenwood.

A DECIDED SENSATION is in store for the patrons of the Old Bowery Theatre this evening, consisting of a military spectacular drama entitled the "Lion of Numa," in which will be introduced a cage of performing lions. Miss Minnie Wells is the daring young lady who is announced to enter this den of lions and show to the audience her complete mastery over these wild beasts of the forest. The manager states that considerable expense has attended the production of this piece, and its representation be well worth the patronage of all.

JOHNNY HART met with considerable success the past week with Kelley and Leon's Minstrels by his representation of Jake, the black statue, and he was the recipient of considerable applause. It is decidedly one of his best performances. The additions to this company met with favor the past week, the quartet receiving well merited applause, and Dave Wilson, on the end with Johnny Hart, receiving an *encore* for their end songs. This week J. H. O'Neil does the essence and James Clarke gives a banjo solo, in addition to a host of other good acts announced.

BOBBY NEWCOMB and Cool Burgess put in an appearance at the Tammany this evening.

THE *Ballet of Pearl of Tokay*" will be presented by the Kiralfy Troupe at the Tammany next week.

W. R. FLOYD, of the Varieties Theatre, New Orleans, arrived in this city on the 16th inst., and his address will be found in another column.

THE "FIELD OF THE CLOTH OF GOLD" was revived at Wood's Museum on the 9th inst., and is kept on the bills for the current week. It has been gotten up by Manager Wood in an elaborate style so far as the scenery and the general appointments are concerned, while the acting is commendable. Olivia Rand looks quite handsome as Earl Darnley, and acts with considerable spirit. Mrs. Edward Wright's make-up and acting of the *role* of Queen Katherine was laughable in the extreme. Alice Harrison was engaged expressly for the *role* of Lady Constance and was successful in looking well and giving a satisfactory performance of the *role*. M. W. Leffingwell as Francis, and Louis Mestayer as Henry, appeared to advantage and made all that was possible out of their respective characters. The burlesque is replete with puns and songs, set to the most popular airs of the day, and each performance during the past week was witnessed by delighted audiences.

THE COMPLIMENTARY BENEFIT to Olivia and Rosa Rand, at Wood's Museum on the 13th inst., was a great success.

MRS. JAMES A. OATES' BURLESQUE TROUPE commence a season at the Olympic Theatre this evening, presenting one of "The Fair One With the Blonde Wig." This will be Mrs. Oates' first appearance in this city, and the *role* of Graceful is her opening character. She will be supported by a selection of clever performers. During the performance of this burlesque, A. M. Hernandez, a most versatile artist, and Prof. M. O'Reardon, another good performer, appear.

MR. FECHTER continues his performances at the French Theatre. The "Corsican Brothers" is in active preparation.

BRYANT'S MINSTRELS are in the last week but two of their present season, at their hall in this city, as they are preparing for a traveling tour of about three months, intending to re-open here early in September. Their present season has been one of the most successful they have had in a long time. "Shoo Fly" reaches its two hundred and twelfth representation this evening.

DAVID WAMBOLD re-appeared with the San Francisco Minstrels on the 9th inst., after an absence of about three months. His reception was a most cordial one, and his singing in the first part received a hearty *encore*. Mr. Wambold's respite from the active duties of his profession has no doubt recuperated his health considerably, and given him a longer lease of life, for he is looking better than we have seen him for a long time, but is not in good voice, and should have held off and not appeared again this season, for it was very evident that he required a much longer rest. It was not the intention of this company to have closed before the 28th inst., but owing to the sudden withdrawal of several members of the troupe to accept of summer engagements with other companies, the managers were compelled to terminate their season at less than a week's notice. Johnny Runnett, the treasurer, had a crowded house for his benefit on the 13th.

A. S. PARKES, the business manager of Wood's Museum, takes a benefit there on the 27th inst.

FRANK AIKEN, the young dramatist and actor, opens at Wood's Museum on the 23d inst., with his local sensational drama of "Life in New York."

CARLOTTA PATTI sails for Rio Janiero on the 23d inst.

DAN BRYANT takes a benefit at the Academy of Music on June 2d, when he will appear as Handy Andy.

RUFUS SOMERBY was in this city on the 13th inst.

MRS. SCOTT SIDDONS sails for Europe on the 19th inst., to return in October.

W. J. FLORENCE did not sail for Europe the past week, as stated by several of our contemporaries. He departs by the Scotia on the 18th inst. He is still suffering with a very bad throat.

CHARLEY PARSLOE, Sr., continues very ill in this city.

Dramatic.

MARIETTA RAVEL plays in Mansfield, O., May 16th, 17th, and 18th, and will appear in Galion 19th, 20th and 21st, Marion 23d, 24th and 25th. The *Detroit Post* speaks as follows of the lady:—"YOUNG MEN'S HALL.—Mlle. Marietta Ravel as the star, appeared last evening in the favorite military drama of the "French Spy," before a large audience. Mlle. Ravel has won an excellent reputation by her impersonation of the leading character of this drama, and gave excellent satisfaction last evening. Her pantomime is natural and expressive, and her countenance indicates the various emotions of the mind with great fidelity. She was twice called before the curtain by the enthusiastic audience. Her support was generally good; that of Mr. Roys and Mr. Balfour, as Col. DeCourcey and Mahomed, especially so. The former, as the enthusiastic, patriotic soldier, and the latter was particularly good in the broad-sword combat with Mlle. Ravel, which, by the way, was one of the best exhibitions of the kind ever given in this city."

ALEX. FITZGERALD, leading and character actor, closes his engagement at the National Theatre, Washington, D. C., on the 24th inst., after which date he will be at liberty.

MRS. H. P. GRATTAN closed her engagement with Maggie Mitchell on the 14th. Her address is in another column.

DAVIS & CO., dramatic agents, Cincinnati, O., continue to attend to the wants of managers and the profession. See their advertisement.

A NEW PLAY, entitled "Twenty Years Dead, or the Twins of London," by Chas. Foster, is advertised by Messrs. Cunningham and Symons.

THE NATIONAL THEATRE, Albany, N. Y., will be completed by May 31st, when it will be opened for the summer season. A leading man is wanted for the company.

TOM CHEHAN, clown, pantomimist and comedian, advertises that he can be engaged.

BOSTON ITEMS IN BRIEF.—"The Angel of Midnight" was produced for the first time this season at the Museum, on the 9th inst., and was continued throughout the week to large audiences.....Lotta has played throughout the week to very good audiences at the Boston Theatre, in "Fire Fly," in which play the little comedienne has ample opportunities to exhibit her varied talents. Lotta is the life and soul of the evening, and is really a first-rate actress. On the 16th, the "Little Detective" and "An Object of Interest," were to be presented, and on Wednesday afternoon, the 18th, an extra *matinee* will be given for the benefit of the musical director of the establishment, Napier Lothian. Lotta, Stuart Robson, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Paul, Chas. Koppits and other celebrities have proffered their assistance..... At Selwyn's, "My Lady Clara" was revived during the past week, and attracted good houses, though not large ones. On May 13th the complimentary benefit tendered to Mrs. Thomas Barry took place. The house was crowded and the fair *beneficiaire* had the pleasure of pocketing $1,220. Owing to the illness of Kitty Blanchard, "Fernande" has once more been postponed—this time indefinitely.....And on May 16th Elise Holt was to commence a short engagement, opening as Darnley in the "Field of the Cloth of Gold." The season at this establishment will close on May 28th.....Mrs. Buchanan, wife of McKean Buchanan, died in that city on the 7th.....The Adelphi has had Elise Holt, Harry Wall, C. T. Parsloe, Jr., the Rosalie sisters, Lew Simmons, R. N. Slocum, Prof. O'Reardon, Gus Heugler, G. W. Jester, Dr. L. Morris, Thos. Sully, R. V. Ferguson, and the regular Adelphi *ballet*.....At the Howard, Mamie's "Mazulme" has been the attraction, together with Gus Williams, Sheridan and Mack, Gussy Grayton, James Maas, Cool Burgess, J. W. McAndrews, Eva Brent, the Andalusian Dancers, etc."

B. MACAULEY'S DRAMATIC COMPANY, with Rachel Johnson as the star open for a short season at the Opera House, Detroit, Mich., on May 16th. "Rosedale" is the opening piece to be followed by "Frow-Frow" and other novelties.

BIDDLE'S COMPANY opened in Oshkosh, Wis., on the 9th.

THE SANGALLI BALLET TROUPE appear in Chicago, at the Crosby Opera House, with Geo. Deagle's Company, in place of the Moriacchi troupe.

AMY STONE opened in Jackson, Mich., on the 9th, for the week.

BURTON'S OPERA HOUSE, Syracuse, N. Y., was opened for the first time on the 9th inst., with a dramatic company, Maggie Mitchell being the star. The "Pearl of Savoy" was presented.

LITTLE NELL commenced an engagement in St. Louis, Mo., on the 9th inst., at DeBar's Opera House. Under date of the 13th inst., our correspondent "Mound City" says:—"So far she has been playing to with brilliant success, and each evening this theatre is filled with large audiences. On the 9th, the "Little Treasure" was produced, in which Little Nell assumed the *role* of Gertrude, and at once became a favorite. She is of the Lotta pattern, although not having her dashing, *piquant* style. She was honored with a call before the curtain. The evening's entertainment concluded with the farce "She Would Be An Actress," in which Little Nell displayed considerable talent. Her impersonations of Florence Nightingale, where she introduces her drum and banjo solo, were excellent. During the performance she sang "The Wearing of the Green," "Love Among the Roses," and several other popular songs. As a vocalist Little Nell is a success. She is the possessor of a sweet, musical voice, there is nothing about pertaining to harshness in its tones, and it falls upon the ear of the listener like the tinkling of so many little silver bells. She was rapturously *encored* for her singing, which seemed to have quite an effect on the audience. G. D. Chaplin, the stage manager and leading man at this theatre, leaves at the end of the season for Chicago, where he plays in the same capacity at the Crosby Opera House. A new drama will be produced, and Little Nell is engaged, and will appear next season. The rest of the company will remain the same, with the exception of Miss M. A. Pennoyer, leading lady, who retires from the stage. Next (this) week Hackett opens in 'Falstaff.' The dramatic season of this establishment closes on or about the 1st of June.....The Olympic, with Mr. and Mrs. Watkins as stars, are succeeding in drawing fair audiences. On the 9th the Irish drama of 'Trodden Down' constituted the bill. Mr. Watkins as Fergus McCarthy and Mrs. Watkins as Black Desmond were well received by the audience in their respective roles. The support by the company was very good."

"THE CURFEW BOY," an operetta in four acts, written by Prof. A. Arthur, of Burlington, Iowa, was brought out for the first time in that city on the 6th.

THE LEICESTER COMBINATION—Emelie, Bertie and Claire Leicester can be secured for the fall and winter season, for the legitimate and sensational drama. For full particulars as to their business, see their card in another column.

PHILADELPHIA, heretofore, has not made rapid advancement in the way of amusements, three theatres being about as many as the city could support, with now and then an extra attraction thrown in; but she is coming into line at last, and bids fair to rank high in her love of is door as well as out door recreations. The season just drawing to a close was quite lively, more places of amusement being open than at any other time, we believe. Of theatres we may name the Chestnut, Arch, Walnut, American, and Academy of Music; in addition to these were Dupres and Benedict's and Carncross and Dixey's Minstrels; a circus Benedict's and Carncross and Dixey's Minstrels; a circus establishment; variety entertainments, concerts, panoramas, and exhibitions of almost every character; and all of these establishments did exceedingly well. Give many of these establishments did exceedingly well. Give many of these establishments did exceedingly well. Give Philadelphia variety and good entertainments, and she will patronise them, but a very long run cannot be guaranteed even the best of plays, because the population of that city is not cosmopolitan, as that of New York, and therefore a few weeks suffice to satisfy the residents. That love for amusement is increasing with the people there is evident, for two new places are now in course of construction, one on Arch above Tenth, to be used as a minstrel hall by Simmons and Slocum's troupe, the other at Seventh and Arch, for Messrs. Carncross and Dixey, as a museum of curiosities, and vaudeville theatre. Let managers of the various establishments provide good companies, with fresh attractions and a constant succession of novelties, at moderate rates of admission, and they will no doubt meet with liberal support.....Mr. and Mrs. Barney Williams, who have been the stars at the Walnut Street Theatre for the past four weeks, closed their engagement on the evening of Saturday, May 14th. The new "Not Guilty;" is the card. It was produced on this house some three or four months ago, and met with much success, but had to be withdrawn [illegible] which had to be filled at the time.....

The Chestnut Street Theatre has not met with much success, only until the advent of

sic, on Sixth street, Fifth Avenue. Singer was added to the company last night, and Minnie Baker was billed, but went to the Academy of Music. The great trick Clog of Collyer and his Dog is and the fun astonishing. Between the acts Harris have been two of the best in the evening. The farce of the "Irish Baron" constitutes the wind-up, with George C. Davenport as Barney O'Toole and Minnie Mortimer as Sarah, supported by G. C. Boyden, Johnny Weaver, Ida Morton, Lulu Wharton and others.....The Academy of Music, on Sixth street, is running a very good company, with Charley Sullivan and Johnny Nichols on the ends, and Professor Henri, the balancer, in the middle. Lottie Edmonds, in her singing and dancing, is immensely popular, and Lon Rainford, Minnie Clark and Bonnie Emerson are each good in their line. Minnie Baker, song and dance lady, appeared last night, and Nettie Raymond, vocalist, commences Monday. Minnie Warner has quit. Lew Brimmer, banjoist, is to have a complimentary ben. here on Monday, and will probably remain at this hall.

JOHNNY THOMPSON'S PARLOR MUSIC HALL, Memphis, Tenn, leads the van, being in the foreground, notwithstanding the two competitors in the triangular duel for patronage use every effort and put forth their best licks. So writes a correspondent, who adds:—"George C. Thompson and Kitty Davenport are underlined, and several notabilities are now in process of negotiation. May Clifton is a feature among the attractions, and Lizzie Wheelan is another of the *coryphées*, also Fanny Vere. Every evening concludes with the *can-can*. Johnny Thompson is going to Little Rock to put up a building, where his patrons will have an opportunity of seeing the sights and hearing the melodious voices to advantage.....Broom's Opera House continues to have good business. Every thing goes like clock work since Eugene Gorman has taken the stage management. Susie Starr is one of the best dancers that has appeared at any variety show in this city. W. Smith, comedian, has been added to the company. Hurley and Mart have made their double song and dance popular. Charley Brown has a song and dance worth mentioning, and James E. Carton manages to keep up his end with his accustomed ability.....Jimmy Schoales is running the Varieties Theatre, where Broom had his start, and where Forrest, Eliza Logan and other celebrities once made the scenes ring with the legitimate. Schoales is an old citizen, and is doing a good business."

JOSH HART severed his connection with the Howard Athenæum, Boston, on the 9th inst., having disposed of all his interest in that establishment to Rich and Trowbridge, for which, we are told, he was paid $14,000 cash.

THE ALHAMBRA, Virginia City, Nevada, under the management of Less Blackburn, is reported to be doing well, with the following company:—Lulu Howard, Tommy Faron, Harry Spriggs, Amanda Lee, Ida Wallace, Theo. Jackson, Billy Courtright, Lucy Hall, Lizzie Hudson, W. Childs, Ida May, Miss Zadie Zalma, Ned Buckley and others.

VARIETY TALENT is wanted for Billy Turner's Opera House, Parker's Landing, Pa.

JNO. M. BURKE, Irish comedian, pantomimist and dancer, closes his engagement with the tableaux of Erin on May 21st, after which date he can be engaged. His address is care of this office.

TALENT of every description is wanted for the Theatre Comique, East Saginaw, Mich., and for the New Music Hall, Bay City. Address as per advertisement.

JOSH HART commences his season at the Arch Street Theatre, Philadelphia, on the 30th of June. He intends to present a large and well-trained troupe of artists in almost every department of variety amusements.

THE WAHALLA TROUPE of gymnasts were the attraction at the Front Street Theatre Comique, Baltimore, the past week. Our correspondent, "Don Juan," says:—"The jugglery feats of Prof. Heinrich Schmidt are good. The same may be said of the aerial trapeze feats of Schmidt's pupils in catching—Miss Heinrich, Klein and Johannsen's new and beautiful tableaux have been represented during this week, and the Prismatic Fountains of endless variety in color are resplendently beautiful and elicit the warmest praise. C. A. Gardner, Dutch comedian, has re-appeared. May Henning appears nightly in her fancy dance, and also Frank Christie in her skipping-rope dance. Another new *ballet* by Sig. Baptistan called 'Le Lampe Marveilloux' is gay in dress and evolutions, and the 'Shoo Fly' *ballet* remains the sensation. The sketch of the 'Virginia Mummy,' with Dick Parker as 'Ginger Blue,' appears to please our country cousins, but not more so than Parker's banjo eccentricities. J. S. Edwards is, as ever, deservedly popular in his character songs and changes. The drama entitled the 'Smugglers of the Abbey' concludes the evening's entertainment."

THE NEW ALHAMBRA, late Metropolitan Hall, Indianapolis, Ind., was announced to open on the 16th inst., under the management of H. J. Sargent, with the following company:—Carrie Avery, M'lle D'Acosta, Gussie Lamereaux, Mary Gifford, Emma Lloyd, Annie Florence, Minnie Adams, Carrie Ames, Ada Star, Nellie Brown, Addie Bowers, Mollie Howe, Annie Fountain, Emma Hovey, Oscar Willis, Johnny Pierce, Charley Gardner, Johnny Weaver, Master Charley, Al De Costa, Peter Long, William Strong and Harry Morrison. The orchestra will be under the direction of Prof. Voght.

A FIRST CLASS BANJO LADY is wanted for the Occidental Burlesque Company. Address E. E. Fisher, as per advertisement.

PEDANTO, an English trapezist and ceiling walker, who has recently arrived, advertises that he can be engaged through his agents, Lowell and Simmonds.

PRINCE SADI D'JALMA, the man serpent, will be at liberty after July 11th, when he can be engaged through his agent, Harry Montague.

Negro Minstrelsy.

MANAGER HOOLEY is entertaining the citizens of Brooklyn with a first class minstrel show at his Opera House. We paid a visit to this hall on the evening of the 11th, and notwithstanding the weather was quite stormy, there was a good attendance. In the first part of the evening's performance Archy Hughes and Billy Rice occupied the ends and kept the audience in the liveliest humor by their comic singing and funny gags. Archy has been a great favorite in Brooklyn for a long time, and still holds his own, while Billy Rice comes in for his share of applause. Cool White, an old favorite, occupied the middle. Charles Henry, the tenor, so long in this city with Wood's Minstrels, sang the ballad of "Why Do I Dream?" in a pleasing manner, as did J. Cook, another good singer, "The Little Brown Cot on the Hill." The quartet is very good with this band. The olio commenced with the "Punch and Judy" show by Dairey and Collins, and afforded considerable fun for the audience. Cooper and Fields did a clog dance and a double song and dance in capital style, and a walk around terminated the performance.

EMERSON'S MINSTRELS commenced an engagement at the Memphis Theatre, May 9th. The company opens at the Academy of Music, New Orleans, May 16th, for a season of two weeks. A cornet player is wanted.

A FIRST CLASS MINSTREL TROUPE is wanted to share business on July 4th. Address G. W. Stevenson, as per advertisement.

DUPREZ AND BENEDICT'S MINSTRELS had two of the most crowded audiences in Newark, N. J., on the 9th and 10th inst., that have been seen in that city in a long time. We are told that the first night's receipts amounted to $643.75. This party will be in Lowell, Mass., on the 25th inst.

PRESENTATION.—Billy Rice, of Hooley's Minstrels, Brooklyn, took a benefit in that city on the 13th inst., when he was presented with a set of ebony bones, with solid gold caps, bearing the inscription, "Presented to Billy Rice, of Hooley's, by his friends. Brooklyn, May 13, 1870." The presentation was made during the first part of the evening entertainment by Mr. Cool White, in behalf of the company and the attaches of the house, to which Mr. Rice responded in a neat speech.

JOHN MULLIGAN and James Gaynor appear this week with Hooley's Minstrels in Brooklyn. The historical panorama of "The Progress of America" is revived, and a burlesque on the Mace and Allen fight is given.

KELLY AND LEON'S MINSTRELS open at Wall's Opera House, Washington, D. C., on the 16th inst. The company is well and favorably known in Washington, and a good run of business will, probably, attend the engagement. Mr. Chas. Melville, the agent, has extensively billed the city.

OLD DU CROW'S MINSTRELS, of Peoria, Ill., showed at Chillicothe, Ill., on the 10th inst., to a large house.

DAN SNIDER'S MINSTRELS were at Jacksonville, Ill., on May 11th. It is the intention of the manager to reorganize his company this week.

BUCKLEY'S SERENADERS appear in Albany, N. Y., on the 18th inst.

MANNING'S MINSTRELS open for a season of six weeks at Wood's Theatre, Cincinnati, on Monday, May 30th.....Bryant's Minstrels open at Pike's Music Hall, in the same city, for one week, commencing Monday, July 18th.

SAUL SEBTREW advertises several new banjo songs for sale.

BARNETT AND SANDFORD'S MINSTRELS, composed mostly of home talent, gave a performance at Rahway, N. J., on the 7th inst.

ARLINGTON'S MINSTRELS will perform in Omaha on the 21st, 23d and 24th inst.

THE "GEM CITY" MINSTRELS, of Quincy, Ill., gave a performance in that city on the 11th inst.

DUPREZ AND BENEDICT'S MINSTRELS appeared in New Haven, Conn., on the 13th and 14th inst., showing to large houses both nights. Our correspondent says:—"Manager Duprez has one of the largest and most talented troupes travelling. Lew Benedict is an old time favorite, as is Charlie Reynolds; in fact, the whole company is good. Hughey Dougherty, Charlie Gleason, Charlie Reynolds and Lew Benedict appear on the ends in the first part, making a four-in-hand team hard to beat. The vocal part is good, while the instrumental *corps* are very pleasing."

ALLEN AND PETTINGELL'S MINSTRELS played to two good houses in Rochester, N. Y., May 13th and 14th.

MANNING'S MINSTRELS commenced the past week at the Dearborn Theatre, Chicago, says our correspondent "Amusement," "with an attractive programme, embracing a new first part and two fun provoking sketches entitled, 'Rooms To Let' and the 'Portrait Painter.' 'Shoo Fly' was given by Hart and Colton. A new accession to the troupe has been made in the person of S. H. Ryhs, who is a pleasing ballad singer. This troupe have tendered Mr. Manning a benefit."

Circuses.

LENT'S NEW YORK CIRCUS is billed for Portsmouth, N. H., May 20th, and Saco and Portland, Me., 21st to 24th.

ANDY SPRINGER has contracted over the Hannibal and St. Joe R. R. for James Robinson and Co.'s Circus.

STONE AND MURRAY'S CIRCUS is announced at Portsmouth, N. H., for June 15th.

MANAGERS are referred to the advertisement of Jas. Martin & Son, manufacturers of show canvas, bunting, flags, etc.

ANDY SHAWENA, juggler, joined Robinson's Circus at Elmira, N. Y., on the 12th inst.

E. STOWE, having been organizing a circus company at Wauseon, Ohio, for several weeks, gave his first show on the 7th at that place. Among his performers are the Perry family—E. D. Perry, the four-horse rider, Little Minnie and the baby Julia. Billy La Rue left the Metropolitan Circus at Toledo, and joined Stowe's party. Alex. A. Nichols is with the party as clown, and Frank Stowe leads the band. Robert Bates is advance agent, and Wm. Powers candy butcher. They start for a tour through Michigan.

THE JAMES T. JOHNSON & CO'S CIRCUS was to open the season on May 14th at Galesburg, Ill. The route ahead will be Maquon, 16th; Elmwood, 17th; Farmington, 18th; Canton, 19th; Cuba, 20th; and Lewiston, 21st. C. W. Kidder has been engaged as advance agent.

YANKEE ROBINSON'S CIRCUS AND MENAGERIE have been in Troy, Albany, Coeymans, and Coxsackie, the home of "Pete Jenkins," at which place the "Jenkins" family visited the show, including Hattie and the baby. The Yankee finished the past week at Saugerties and Rhinebeck. On the 16th the show was to be at Hyde Park. The Yankee leaves Poughkeepsie out in the cold, as he will not submit to the high license demanded by the authorities. We are told that the business has been very good so far.

JAMES ROBINSON'S CIRCUS will be in Mount Sterling, Ill., on the 17th; Quincy, 18th; Palmyra, Mo., 19th, and Hannibal 20th.

E. CHARLEY AMES, with his New Orleans menagerie and circus, displayed his canvas in Memphis, Tenn., on the 5th, 6th and 7th. He had a good show but did not make much money, owing to the immense license.

STONE AND MURRAY'S CIRCUS AND MENAGERIES had two fine houses at Waverly, N. Y., on the 9th inst.

STONE AND MURRAY'S CIRCUS is billed for Taunton, Mass., the 18th; East Abington, 23d; Quincy, 24th; Natick, 25th; Marlboro', 26th; Roxbury, 27th; South Boston, 28th; Cambridgeport, 30th; Charlestown, 31st; East Boston, June 1st; Chelsea, 2d; Stoneham, 3d; Lynn, 4th; Gloucester, 6th; Salem, 7th; Lowell, 8th; Nashua, N. H., 9th; Manchester, Mass., 10th; Haverhill, 11th; Lawrence, 13th; Amesbury Mills, 14th; Portsmouth, N. H., 15th; Dover, 16th; thence Saco, Me., Portland, and principal towns in New England.

FREEON'S CIRCUS exhibits in New Haven, Conn., on the 17th inst.

JOHN W. ROBINSON'S Circus will be in Rock Island, Ill., on the 17th; Davenport, 18th, and go thence north into Wisconsin and Minnesota.

A LADY, to ride a *manage* act and other talent is wanted for a circus by J. S. W., who advertises.

FROM PETTSBURGH, Pa., we have received the following circus news in the Keystone State, dated May 13th:—Gardner & Forepaugh's Circus exhibited at Titusville, Pa., on the 11th inst., and was to show at Jamestown on the 18th, followed by Older's on the 21st.... O'Brien's Menagerie and Circus route is Williamsport, 14th; Lock Haven, 16th; Bellefonte, 17th; Philipsburg, 18th; Clearfield, 19th; Luthersburg, 20th; Brookville, 21st; Clarion, 23d, and Franklin 24th.....Dr. Thayer's Circus is to be at Mercy Pa., on the 24th; Sharon, 25th; Mercer, 26th, and Youngstown, 27th.....Campbell and O'Brien's Circus is billed for Connellsville, 16th; Brownsville, 20th; Chairsville, 21st; Mayneeburg, 23d, and Washington, 24th.....G. G. Grady & Co's Circus shows at Bedford, 14th; Woodbury, 19th; Hollidaysburg, 20th, and Altoona, 21st.....Van Amburgh's Circus and Menagerie was at Tyrone City on the 13th; Altoona, 14th, and Hollidaysburg, 16th.

FOREPAUGH'S MENAGERIE will be in Three Rivers, Mich., on the 27th inst.

JOHNNY C. MURPHY joined C. W. Noyes' Circus at Natchez, Miss., on the 17th inst.

Miscellaneous.

THE EAGLE OPERA HALL, Marshall, Mich., has just been finished; it is tastefully decorated, will seat about twelve hundred persons, and is suitably furnished for dramatic and other entertainments. Parties desiring to rent this hall are referred to the advertisement elsewhere.

W. H. FOX gave a recitation of "Manfred" at the Opera House, Springfield, Mass., on May 11th. His rendition of Manfred is pronounced one of the strongest intellectual studies ever attempted. Without scenic accessory, in a gentleman's dress suit of black, with a table and a chair, Mr. Pope presents a drama in which he is the sole actor, and presents it with an intensity that holds the hearer and beholder breathless and sympathetic.

ARNOLD JONES, advance agent, can be addressed as per advertisement.

DR. WIETING has commenced to redt his hall in Syracuse, N. Y.

OLIVE LOGAN delivers her lecture, "Girls," as follows:—St. Joseph, Mo., May 24th; Atchison, Kan., 25th; Fort Scott, Kan., 27th, and Jefferson City, Mo., 31st.

NASBY will lecture at St. Louis about June 12th, before the Woman's Suffrage Association of Missouri.

THE ROBERT NICKLE AND TAYLOR COMBINATION is billed ahead as follows:—Guelph, Canada, 14th and 16th; Fergus, 17th and 18th; Walkerton, 19th and 20th, and Goebrich, 21st.

HARRY LESLIE, the tight rope artist was at the German Schutzen Festival, Charleston, S. C., the past week. On the 25th inst., he is to walk from mast to mast, on the walls of Fort Sumter, Charleston harbor.

OLIVE LOGAN lectured in Canton, Ill., May 6th, to a large audience, but before her departure from the town she was taken ill, and has been lying sick at the residence of Jas. K. Magie, of the Canton *Register*.

GEORGE JENKS, bill poster, Quincy, Ill., publishes his card in another column.

MARTINO, illusionist and ventriloquist, advertises that he can be engaged for a few weeks during the summer season.

AGENTS and managers requiring a guide, will do well to consult the advertisement of the Traveler's Publishing Company in another column. They have just issued their Amusement Directory and Traveler's Guide, which seems to be an extensive work, calculated to meet the wants of show folks.

A YOUNG MAN advertises that he can be engaged as cashier or usher in a city theatre.

HARRY MACARTHY was in Springfield, Ill., on the 10th inst.

THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC, Indianapolis, Ind., is advertised to rent or let on sharing terms.

A POSITION AS AGENT or treasurer is wanted by C. H. H., who advertises.

SAM LANG is requested, through a card elsewhere, to communicate with his father.

A BUSINESS AGENT, who is acquainted with Western New York, advertises that he can be engaged.

SKINNER'S NEW HALL, Little Falls, N. Y., will seat about nine hundred persons, and has scenery, etc. Parties wishing to rent the hall are referred to the proprietor's card among the advertisements.

MILLER'S HALL, Murfresboro, Tenn., has a stage, dressing rooms, scenery, &c., and will seat about one thousand persons. See the proprietor's card in another column.

FRAZER'S HALL, Lawrence, Kansas, is advertised to rent. It is lighted with gas and will seat about six hundred persons.

FORBES, the illusionist, is traveling through Connecticut, taking in the towns in the Naugatuck valley this week.

MONS. PRICE performed in Wanseon, Ohio, on May 7th, and is to make a tour of Michigan.

CHARLEY SHAY does not start out again before the regular fall season.

THE LEWIS BROTHERS, magicians, were to open in Des Moines, Iowa, on the 12th, for three nights, and go thence to Council Bluffs and Omaha.

MR. AND MRS. HOWARD PAUL gave one of their entertainments at the Temple, Portsmouth, N. H., 10th inst., to a full house.

SANDS' OCTOPLAXARA TROUPE are showing along the Eastern Railroad in New Hampshire and Maine.

NEW HALLS have been lately comple'ed at Greenfield, Ind., Richmond, Dublin, and at Connersville.

MCKENNY AND GILL'S "Tableaux of Erin" is in the third week of its stay at Baltimore. John M. Burke appears in the *role* of Dublin Dan.

ALF. BURNETT opened in San Francisco, Cal., in Platt's Hall, on the 10th inst.

A CANNON BALL PERFORMER is wanted. See Milo C. Skinner's advertisement.

HEYWOOD AND CHIRISKI'S COMBINATION will be in Oswego, N. Y., 16th and 17th, and goes thence to Auburn and Canandaigua.

SAM SHARPLEY'S "Silver Show" is billed for the 16th and 17th at Taunton, Mass.

SATUMA'S JAPANESE TROUPE, lately in California, opened in Omaha on the 12th inst., for the balance of the week.

J. E. MURDOCH is to give a reading in Loveland, Ohio, on Tuesday, May 17.

MR. AND MRS. HOWARD PAUL give one of their entertainments in Rochester, N. Y., on May 17th, for the benefit of the agent and manager of Corinthian Hall—Richard T. Flemming.

A PANORAMA of California is advertised for sale by E. Fields.

BOOTH, the English velocipedist, who has recently arrived, publishes his card in the advertisement column to which we refer managers.

HERR HOLTUM, cannon ball performer, and Sallie Swift, female Athlete, can be addressed care of this office.

CARRIE AUGUSTA MOORE is engaged to perform skating and velocipede riding at six assemblies given by the Base Ball Club of Johnstown, Pa.

Amateur.

THE WHEATLEY DRAMATIC ASSOCIATION of Philadelphia failed on the 11th inst., for the first time since its organization, to give its weekly performance. The sad cause was the death of a prominent member, William B. Harmon, a talented amateur and a jovial companion. It was under Mr. Harmon's auspices that the "Grand Duchess" was produced so elaborately by this association, and his last stage appearance was in the character of Fritz in that opera. His death was communicated to the audience by the President of the Association, Mr. Vincent, in a neat and appropriate address, and the performance postponed for one week.

THE SHAKESPEARE CLUB of Cincinnati gave an entertainment in Clifton, a suburb of that city, on Friday evening, May 13th.....The Davenport Club of the same burgh is to give a public exhibition at Becker's Hall, May 30th, for the benefit of a depleted treasury.....The Murdoch Association, of Cincinnati, closed its season on the 12th, with "Everybody's Friend."

FOREIGN SHOW NEWS.

Dramatic.

THE LONDON THEATRES made some changes in their programmes for the week ending April 30th. Easter entertainments retain their popularity at the Lyceum, the Gaiety, the Olympic, the St. James, the New Royalty, Globe, Holborn, Vaudeville, Standard and Charing Cross, no change having occurred.....'Twist Axe and Crown" holds its own at the Queen's, and the Strand continues with unabated interest a programme in which the burlesque of "Sir George and a Dragon" constitutes the principal feature.....At the various outlying theatres, too, from the Alfred to the Grecian, and from Astley's to Highbury, the same success has attended the catering for Easter..... The French company continue their performance at the Princess' Theatre. A series of regular performances of comedy has begun, in which M. Lafont and Mad'lle Leonide Leblanc serve the principal parts. On April 25th, "Les Vieux Garçons" was produced, and is pronounced a clever and characteristic comedy by M. Sardou..... "Barwise's Book" is the title of Craven's new comedy produced at the Haymarket Theatre on April 25th, and which served for the *rentree* of E. A. Sothern in the *role*. The *Times* says that this piece is "more worthy of the author's reputation than some of the productions recently derived from the same source.....Miss M. Leslie, the versatile actress and singer, will shortly appear at the King's Cross Theatre.....Mr. Brittain Wright has been engaged for three years by Mr. Chatterton, of Drury Lane Theatre. .....A night of "sensation" was announced for the benefit of Mr. Jacobs, at the Britannia Theatre on May 4th. The first piece bears the startling title of "The Man in the Cloak; or, the Assassin of Paris and the Murder in the Lonely Field;" the second, "The Greek Girl of Genoa; or, The Vow of the Three Avengers;" and the third, "Alone in the Pirate's Lair."..... Robertson's new comedy entitled "M. P." was produced at the Prince of Wales Theatre on April 23d..... "The Enchanted Wood" is the title of a fairy extravaganza by H. J. Byron announced for production at the Adelphi Theatre on May 4th. *N. Y. Burmand's* new burlesque of "Sir George and the Dragon" is having considerable success at the Strand Theatre.....Piessy Mordaunt has met with much favor in "Frou Frou" at the Olympic Theatre.....Miss M. Oliver took her farewell benefit on May 1st at the Royalty Theatre.

NESTOR ROQUEPLAN, who died lately in Paris, was one of the curiosities of the French capital. He was manager successively of the Varietes, the Opera Comique and the Chatelet; he was an ex-editor of the *Figaro* and dramatic feuilletonist of *Le Constitutionnel*; he had a reputation as one of the wittiest of Parisian *hommes d'esprit*; he invented the expressive and untranslatable words *Parisine, Lorette* and *Petit Crevé*, and finally he possessed the most remarkable collection of warming pans in the world. He was born in 1804, but that was a great secret which never came out until he was dead.

H. TALBOT has arrived in England, after a profitable professional visit to Australia, and intends shortly to return to Melbourne and Sidney.

A NOVELTY is about to be produced at the Surrey Theatre, London—nothing less than a summer pantomime, shora, however, of Clown and Harlequin. The author, Mr. Hubert Jay Morice, has chosen as his subject Gay's "Beggar's Opera," and the title will be a "Drawing-room Perversion of The Beggar's Uproar." In the course of the piece we are to be introduced to the very Black Man, and, more than a hundred very pretty young ladies.

BARRY SULLIVAN was to open in Belfast on May 2d, for twelve nights.

ACCIDENT AT THE NORTHAMPTON THEATRE.—On April 21st, a serious accident happened to Miss Davis the principal dancer of the company. Miss Davis was dancing near the footlights, when the high heel of one of her boots caught, it is supposed, in some irregularity in the flooring, and she was thrown forward on the footlights, and her light dress was instantly in a blaze. Her struggles threw her over the orchestra into the pit, where some gentlemen instantly wrapped her in their coats and extinguished the fire, but not before she had been terribly burnt about the arms and body.

JAMES BRADE, late of the Amphitheatre, Liverpool, Eng., died on April 8th, aged 27 years.

$417,041.25 were received by the Paris theatres and concert rooms, during the month of March.

Musical.

VERNE, who has been starving in Paris for a time, has now returned to his villa at Passetie, intending to revisit Paris in the winter with the score of a comic opera to be then produced.

MADLLE. NILSSON was unable to sing at Paris on April 25th in consequence of a cold. Her benefit, the proceeds of which she generously makes over to the Dramatic Artists' Association, will take place at the Grand Opera. Amongst other attractions, Benedict's "Legend of St. Cecilia" will be performed. Madlle. Nilsson their visits London, where she will play until the end of the season. She afterwards goes to Sweden to see her family, and leaves Europe on Sept. 1st for the United States.

THE PARIS OPERA HOUSE narrowly escaped destruction a few days since, the little Beethoven Hall being burnt out, to the great loss of M. Nicolay, the prestidigitateur, who had been giving performances therein.

MADLLE. SESSI appeared at the Covent Garden Theatre, London, on April 23d, as Violetta in "La Traviata," which performance is said to have been good, but not remarkable; interesting, but not striking; pleasant to see, but not strong enough to attract. The Sunday Times says:—"It was Violetta looked at in a commonplace light; and depicted in a wholly conventional manner. But for a knowledge that the heroine was doomed to death, one could hardly have got up the necessary sympathy. Apart from this want of finished character—a defect which, in fact, is inseparable from her performance—Madlle. Sessi did well. She sang with pathetic taste, and, at times, very considerable expression." "Un Ballo" was announced to be given on April 26th, with Mario as the Duke, his first appearance in two years, but being too ill to sing, "Il Flauto Magico" was presented. "La Traviata" was repeated on April 28th, and "Medea" was sung on the 30th.

DRURY LANE THEATRE, London, is doing well with Italian Opera. "Faticletta" was repeated April 26th, with Madlle. Gl Murska as the poet's daughter. "Nozze di Figaro" was given on the 28th, followed on the 30th by Weber's "Abu Hassan," and Mozart's "L'Opadel Cairo."

AT A CONCERT lately given at St. Petersburg, the orchestra was composed of 600 trumpets, 50 drums and a chorus of 470 voices.

OFFENBACH'S "LA PRINCESSE DE TREBIZONDE" was performed one hundred and thirty-five times at the Bouffes Parisiennes, Paris, and brought nearly $80,000 to the treasury.

Variety Halls.

THE MUSIC HALLS of London, Eng., are all reported as doing well, with a host of talent. At the Alhambra, the Hanlon Brothers were announced to open on May 2d, in their performances.....A complimentary concert was given at the Royal on April 28th, to celebrate Mr. Sweasey's fourth anniversary of the proprietorship. The performance commenced with "Home and Mrs. Ambrey," their dnologue entertainment, in which the taming of a shrew is effectively shown. Henri Clark, Mrs. Phillips, with her "Shadows on the Wall," Guy Linton, Miss Garstone, Mr. Phillips and Harry Rickards appeared. The latter gentleman's "Not in these Boots" gave general satisfaction. Moe and Goodrich, the sisters, followed. Then came Miss Sherrington, who sang two songs. At this juncture Mr. Holland took the chair and was soon recognised. George Leybourne's singing was greatly admired. After which came the little wonder, Master Collard, the dwarf singer, who is about the height of Commodore Nutt. Mr. Sweasey was presented with a silver tea and coffee service.....The Philharmonic continues its holiday programme. A new aspirant for comic fame, J. Plumpton, has appeared and met with success..... *Ballet* constitutes one of the attractions presented at the South London Palace. Moe and Goodrich do a skating act at this hall.....Arthur Lloyd has reappeared at the Canterbury. Jesse Williams takes a benefit there on May 25th..... Poppey Wopsey and Emma, juvenile duettists, made their first appearance in London on May 2d.

Negro Minstrelsy.

C. B. HICKS, who left New York a few months ago with the Georgia Minstrels for a tour through Germany, concluded his season at Swansea, South Wales, late in April, and was to join Sam Hague's Georgia Minstrels on May 2d, also Aron Banks and Master Charley.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE,
Corner of Twenty-third street and Eighth avenue.
JAMES FISK, JR.....Proprietor.
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ONE HUNDREDTH
representation of the grand operatic and spectacular romance, the
TWELVE TEMPTATIONS,
embracing, in ONE monster entertainment,
OPERA, BALLET, DRAMA, PANTOMIME,
illustrated by the
FINEST BALLET ORGANIZATION.
ROZE—LUPO—ALBERTINA—BARETTA,
THE GREAT AJAX
AND SEVENTEEN BALLET TROUPE.
FINEST VOCAL TALENT,
NULLY PEIRIS—ANTONIA BARONI—
F. C. CLARK—J. N. KELLOGG,
Grand Double Chorus.
FINEST SCENIC EFFECTS.
MARSTON—DAYTON—DUFLOCQ, &c.
FINEST COSTUMES.
FOSTER, HAMILTON, MISS KNAPP.
FINEST MECHANICAL APPLIANCES.
WINNIE, WALLACE, VAN DE WERKEN.
FINEST ORCHESTRAL ACCOMPANIMENT
TISSINGTON and GRAND ORCHESTRA.
FINEST TRANSFORMATION SCENE.
The marvel of the age, and the
FINEST DRAMATIC PEOPLE IN THE WORLD.
Every night and Saturday matinee.
Seats secured ten days in advance at the box office; also at Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, and Erie Railway ticket office, corner Twenty-third street and Broadway. 7-14

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Lessee and Manager.....JARRETT & PALMER.
CONTINUED SUCCESS OF
THE LYDIA THOMPSON TROUPE.
THIRD WEEK OF THE SENSATION OF THE SEASON.
LYDIA THOMPSON.....as.....MOSQUITO.
LYDIA THOMPSON.....as.....MOSQUITO.
Last week of the burlesque,
LA SONNAMBULA,
LA SONNAMBULA,
DUMAS' DRAMA, DUMAS' DRAMA, DUMAS' DRAMA.
MOSQUITO, MOSQUITO, MOSQUITO,
MOSQUITO, MOSQUITO,
MOSQUITO, MOSQUITO,
MOSQUITO, MOSQUITO,
MOSQUITO,
AND
LA SONNAMBULA, LA SONNAMBULA, LA SONNAMBULA.
SATURDAY, MATINEE at 2.
A new burlesque by John Brougham, Esq., in preparation. 7-14

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
BRILLIANT RECEPTION AND COMPLETE SUCCESS
OF
MRS. J. A. OATES' BURLESQUE COMPANY,
in the Fairy Extravaganza adapted expressly for the troupe, entitled:—
THE FAIR ONE WITH THE BLONDE WIG,
presenting in their excellent performances choice selections from the
NEW SCENERY, NEW MUSIC, NEW COSTUMES, NEW EFFECTS.
GRAND OPERA
to the BROADEST BURLESQUE, the drolleries of which are never allowed to lapse into dullness for the lack of variety.
This troupe was organized in Chicago, February, 1869. Since then have played successful engagements in the
WEST and SOUTH.
MATINEES WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, AT 2.
Seats secured two weeks in advance. 7-14

BOOTH'S THEATRE,
Twenty-third street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues.
FIFTH WEEK
MONDAY AND EVERY EVENING DURING THE WEEK, and SATURDAY MATINEE, at 1½,
MR. JOHN S. CLARKE
will appear as YOUNG GOSLING, in the comedy, in three acts, by J. B. Stockton and the late Wm. Brough, entitled
FOX vs. GOOSE,
performed by him one hundred nights in London, and will also appear in the new comic drama, in two acts, by Frederic Hay, called
LOST ASHORE,
which will be performed for the first time on any stage. Both plays will be presented with
NEW AND APPROPRIATE SCENERY,
Properties, &c.
In active preparation, a ROMANTIC DRAMA.
Seats secured SIX DAYS IN ADVANCE, at the box office of the Theatre, or at its branch ticket office, at the Music store of C. H. Ditson & Co., 711 Broadway. 7-14

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Proprietor and Manager.....MR. LESTER WALLACK.
EVERY EVENING, AT 8 P. M.
AND
SATURDAY MATINEE AT 1¾ P. M.,
THE LANCERS.
NEW MUSIC,
SCENERY,
UNIFORMS,
AND APPOINTMENTS,
AND A
POWERFUL CAST.
SEVERAL PLAYS
which have not been presented for a number of years are now in ACTIVE PREPARATION,
with which
IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE PRESENT
ATTRACTIVE PERFORMANCES,
THE PRESENT SEASON
WILL CONCLUDE. 7-14

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LAST WEEK BUT TWO OF THE SEASON.
Triumphant Success. Over 210th night of
SHOO FLY. SHOO FLY.
Re-appearance of the pleasing Tenor,
WILLIAM DWYER,
THE GREAT VOCAL QUINTET.
Grier, Russell, Brandini, Norman, Rocsteller, Les Miserables.
.....A NIGHT IN THE BRYANT'S DEN.....
7-14 HAMLET. DAN BRYANT. HAMLET.

THEATRE COMIQUE,
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BUTLER AND GILMORE.....Managers and Proprietors.
MOST REMARKABLE TRIUMPH!
THE BIJOU OF THE METROPOLIS!!
patronized by fashionable multitudes, to witness the Comic and Trick Pantomime,
PIT-I-PAT,
and nightly received with the most hilarious demonstrations of delight.
PIT-I-PAT. ABBOTT. PIT-I-PAT.
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Pronounced by the Press and the Public to be the best pantomime ever produced.
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KELLY & LEON'S. MR. DAVE WILSON.
KELLY & LEON'S. MR. JOHN HART as JAKE, and
KELLY & LEON'S. MR. EDWIN KELLY as the STATUE, in
KELLY & LEON'S. THE BLACK STATUE,
KELLY & LEON'S. THE BLACK STATUE,
KELLY & LEON'S. THE BLACK STATUE.
KELLY & LEON'S. MR. J. H. O'NEIL in his original
KELLY & LEON'S. QUINTESSENCE OF OLE VIRGINNY.
KELLY & LEON'S. THE UNBLEACHED BLONDES.
KELLY & LEON'S. JAMES BIRD.
KELLY & LEON'S. The most Laughable Negro Farce EVER PLAYED,
KELLY & LEON'S. THE BLACK STATUE,
KELLY & LEON'S. with HART as JAKE.
KELLY & LEON'S. 7-11

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MONDAY, May 16th, and all the week, with an Extra Matinee Saturday, at 2 o'clock. Extraordinary arrival. New novelty and new specialty. First appearance in New York of
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For the proper production of this extraordinary novelty an entirely new spectacular drama, founded on facts connected with the exploration of Central Africa, written by MR. J. MOLOSKY for MISS WELLS, which will be presented with all the adjuncts of new scenery, superb mountings, banners and native war implements. Also, A DEN or CAGE, occupying the FULL COMPASS OF THE STAGE, in which MISS WELLS will exhibit her astonishing prowess over the brute creation, by the subjugation of the MONARCHS OF THE FOREST. The spectacle will be preceded by a drama and conclude with a farce. FRIDAY EVENING, BENEFIT OF MISS MINNIE WELLS. 7-14

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IN SECOND SIGHT.
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TWENTY STARS APPEAR.
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IL TROVATORE.
Miss KELLOGG, first time as LEONORA.
Mme. GAZZANIGA, first time as AZUCENA.
Sig. PETRILLI, Sig. FOSSATI and
Sig. BRIGNOLI in his great role of MANRICO.
FULL CHORUS AND GRAND ORCHESTRA.
TUESDAY, MAY 17, MARTHA.
First appearance this season in New York of
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First appearance in Opera of Miss CLARA PERI.
FRIDAY, MAY 20, LUCIA DI LAMMERMOOR.
SATURDAY, ONLY GRAND GALA MATINEE.
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THE ALHAMBRA PALACE, NEW YORK.
HOWARD ATHENÆUM, BOSTON.
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TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS.
THE LARGEST VARIETY TALENT IN THE WORLD.
FIRST CLASS ARTISTS IN ALL BRANCHES OF THE BUSINESS
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POPULATION 8,000.
Terms reasonable. Time unlimited. Address
S. H. MILLER,
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THE UNDERSIGNED
respectfully informs the members of the Theatrical Profession that he has relinquished the lease and management of the
ST. CHARLES THEATRE, NEW ORLEANS.
CHARLES POPE,
7-31* Indianapolis, May 11th.

ARNOLD JONES,
formerly agent for MACALLISTER, please address J. W. STOCKBRIDGE, Manager Mitonkan Tableaux, Ft. Wayne, Ind. 7-11*

PERSONAL.
Any information of Mr. Sam. Lang, who left Cotehele, Calstock, Cornwall, England, would be thankfully received by his aged father. Address Mr. SAM. LANG, in care of Geo. Wm. Toll, 5 Mile House, Clayton Road, Chaltenham, St. Louis Co., Mo. 7-11*3t

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Agent or Treasurer by a reliable and sober man. Address
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TO SHARE "BUS," JULY 4th.
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The best repertoire of any Stars traveling. Address
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TO RENT by the night, week or month. Combinations and troupes on shares, if desired. W. H. LEAKE & J. B. DICKSON.
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HORSE TRAPPINGS of the late Florence Temple for sale. Apply at 101 Bleecker street, to ADDIE GRINNELL. 7-4t*

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Many thanks. Express to care of CLIPPER office, soon as convenient, and oblige CHAS. T. SLOCUM. 7-1t*

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LITTLE FALLS, N. Y.
Just finished. Beautifully Frescoed. Will seat 900. [New Scenery, &c. Don't know what your rates are.
7-7t* Address H. A. SKINNER, Little Falls, N. Y.

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THE ORIGINAL WORLD-RENOWNED
BRYANTS' MINSTRELS,
FROM BRYANTS' OPERA HOUSE, NEW YORK.
THE OLDEST MINSTREL TROUPE IN EXISTENCE.
Organized 1857.
This Excelsior Troupe consists of the following popular artists, UNDER THE PERSONAL SUPERVISION
of the famous comedian,
MR. DAN BRYANT,
who will positively appear at each performance with
THOSE GREAT BURLESQUE ARTISTS,
Messrs. UNSWORTH and EUGENE.
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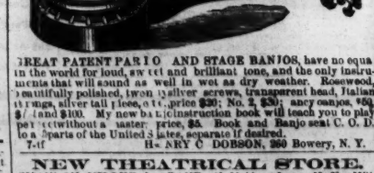

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